



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

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## Part B.—Notifications by Government.

### CONTENTS.

	PAGE		PAGE
Public Department .. .. .	990	Sanitation Department .. .. .	970
General Department .. .. .	991	Sanitary Department .. .. .	971
Education Department .. .. .	992	Public Works Department .. .. .	972
Finance Department .. .. .	993	Land in Public Domain .. .. .	973
Police Department .. .. .	994		

### PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE

No. 108.—Cable

See for details

No. 411.—Under sections 9 and 56 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Governor in Council sanctions the issue of a license to the Rev. Theodore Sathnam of the Missouri Evangelical Lutheran Mission, residing at Nagorell, South Travancore, to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the Native State of Travancore as separate Christian subjects of His Majesty and in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

#### VOLUNTEERS.

##### TRANSFERS.

*Obtained, August 4, 1910.*

**MADRAS VOLUNTEER ENGINE.**

No. 412.—Lieutenant-Colonel William Lavigne Eklund, to the Supernumerary List with effect from the 1st June 1910.

*Obtained, August 5, 1910.*

**MADRAS ARTILLERY VOLUNTEERS.**

No. 413.—Captains John Alexander Mackenzie and Arthur Montague Brigstocke, to the Supernumerary List, with effect from the 21st July 1910.

*Obtained, August 15, 1910.*

**CALCUTTA VOLUNTEER ENGINE.**

No. 414.—Captain Bradford Charles Scott of the 1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifle, is transferred to the Supernumerary List of the South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle.

**MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MALAYA RAILWAY ENGINE.**

*(First Battalion.)*

No. 415.—Captain and Honorary Major Walter Sangster, to the Supernumerary List with effect from the 19th July 1910.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Obtained, August 5, 1910.*

No. 416.—The following notifications of the Government of India are published:—

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

##### EMIGRATION.

July 1910.

*Overland, August 15, 1910.*

No. 427.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished:—

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

*Siaka, 14<sup>th</sup> 22nd July 1910.*

RETIREMENTS.

British Medical Service.

No. 635.—Colonel Walter Gavin King, D.L., M.B., Indian Medical Service, Madras, has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 25th May 1910.

UNOFFICIAL COMR.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND REINSTATEMENTS.

*Major Fabianus Syles.*

No. 643.—Army Department Notification No. 474, dated the 3rd June 1910, is cancelled.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

RESIGNATION.

*Siaka, 14<sup>th</sup> 22nd July 1910.*

No. 1123.—Captain E. R. Christopherson, R.N., L.M.S., is appointed to be Assistant to the Director of the Central Research Institute, Kanari.

No. 1230.—Captain W. E. Patton, R.N., L.M.S., is confirmed in the Scientific Department, with effect from the 1st July 1910.

W. S. MEYER,  
Chief Secretary.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

No. 524.—M.R. By Rajaram Chakrasen Rao Aravul, Registrar of Assurances, Madras District, privilege leave for one month from date of retirement under article 263 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 525.—M.R. By Chakrat Ramaswami Menon Aravul, Registrar of Assurances, North Malabar District, privilege leave for two months from 2nd August 1910, under article 263 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 526.—The Hon'ble Mr. Donald William Gordon Cross, Inspector-General of Police, privilege leave for one month from or after 1st September 1910, under article 263 of the Civil Service Regulations.

APPOINTMENTS.

*Overland, August 5, 1910.*

No. 527.—Mr. William Chandler, Superintendent, Criminal Investigation Department, Madras, directed to be placed on leave or until further order.

Overland.

*First offer from 11th June 1910.*

- Mr. William Ernest Jansz to be Superintendent, Second Grade.  
 Mr. Terry Preston Swelling to be Superintendent, Third Grade.  
 Mr. Henry Francis Thomas Phillips to be Superintendent, Fourth Grade.  
 Mr. Bernard Swire to be Superintendent, Fifth Grade.  
 (The last two provisions are without prejudice to the acting appointments held by the officers.)  
 Mr. William Henry Pitt to be Assistant Superintendent, First Grade.

#### INVESTIGATOR OF POWERS

*Dacca, August 5, 1909.*

No. 392.—Under section 195 of the Madras Estates Land Act, 1898 (I of 1900), and section 136 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the undersigned officer shall, in cases in which an appeal is allowed under the Madras Estates Land Act, 1898 (I of 1900), take down the evidence with him on a bench in the English language:—

M.R.E. Jayanti Ramayya Pillai to be Special Deputy Collector, in the district of Bellary.

No. 393.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undersigned officers are appointed to be Magistrates of the Second class, and under section 27 they are invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule in powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class except the power to pass orders as to first offences under section 402:—

M.R.E. T. Govindarajulu Krishnamoorthy Nayudu, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Bangalore, in the district of Bellary.

*Dacca, August 10, 1910.*

M.R.E. Mageswara Venkateswami, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Pilawa, in the district of Cuddalore.

*Dacca, August 9, 1910.*

No. 394.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undersigned person to be a Special Magistrate for the term specified opposite to his name with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in notification No. 205, dated 24th May 1909, and in notification No. 321, published in the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 1st September 1909, as amended by notification No. 79, dated 25th February 1908:—

Saravaram Iyengar A. Subb—Cuddalore, in the district of Guajan.

*Dacca, August 11, 1909.*

No. 395.—Under the provisions of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer on Mr. Thomas Arthur Bassett, Special Magistrate, Cochin, all the powers conferred under the Code on a Magistrate of the First class for the trial of offences punishable under sections 371, 380, 385, 388, 321, 379 and 386, Indian Penal Code, and under the Town Nuisances Act, 1859, committed within the limits of the town and port of Cochin in the district of Malabar.

No. 396.—Under section 128 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the undersigned officers shall, in cases in which an appeal is allowed, take down the evidence with their own hand in the English language:—

M.R.E. S. Subrahmaniam Alpar Anjural, Acting Subordinate Judge, Tuticorin, in the district of Travancore.

*Dacca, August 15, 1910.*

M.R.E. T. T.

Muzil of Krishnagiri,



*Delivered, August 14, 1910.*

No. 548.—Whereas the petitioners mentioned below concern matters which, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, bear a tendency to bring the Government into hatred and contempt and to incite to rebellion and to therefore at the request described in Section 1, sub-section (1) of the Indian Press Act, 1908, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 13, sub-section (1) of the said Act, that all copies of the said publications are forfeited to His Majesty:—

(1) A leaflet headed "Rande Moleben" entitled a message to the People of India and signed by Bhikshu Ramdas Chavla

(2) The Indian Martyrs, Victims of British Cruelty—a Post Card issued by "The Free Hindustani," Publication Committee, New York City.

*Delivered, August 16, 1910.*

No. 549.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

#### HOME DEPARTMENT.

##### Passes.

*Under the Indian Arms Act.*

No. 445A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 37 and 37 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1906, namely:—

1. Rule 3 shall be renumbered 2 (1) and the following shall be inserted thereunder, namely:—

"(2) The exemptions specified in Schedule I are conferred subject to the condition that they shall not be deemed to render lawful the import of arms or ammunition through the medium of the Post Office."

2. For sub-rule (1) (c) of Rule 8 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(c) of any arms or ammunition into British India through the medium of the Post Office."

3. These amendments shall take effect from the 1st October 1910.

*Delivered, August 20, 1910.*

No. 545.—Under the provisions of section 8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st day of October 1910, the present Salem sub-division of the Salem District, consisting of the Salem and Alur taluks, shall be reconstituted as follows:—

*Name of sub-division*—Salem.

*Area comprised*—The Berampal taluk of Salem as reconstituted in notifications Nos. 355 (2), 359 and 360 published on pages 761 and 765 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 5th July 1909; and the Berampal taluk of Alur.

No. 546.—Under the provisions of section 8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st day of October 1910, a new sub-division of the Salem District called the Sankarabudhi sub-division shall be formed consisting of the Trenchingudi taluk as reconstituted and the Berampal taluk of Omalur as formed in notification Nos. 359 and 360, respectively, published on pages 764 and 765 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 5th July 1910.

No. 547.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Statutory Sub-Magistrate, Omalur, is, by virtue of his office, appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class, and, under section 37 of the Code, the Governor in Council orders on him; by virtue of his office, all the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code as powers conferable by the Government on a Magistrate of that class.

No. 548.—Under section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, and with effect from the 1st day of October 1910, the Government order upon the Tahsildar of the Omalur taluk, by virtue of his office, all the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class, as well as all the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the Code as powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class, except the powers of taking cognizance of cases under section 131 and of committing for trial under section 206 of the said Code.

No. 548.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from 1st day of October 1910, the jurisdictions of the Sub-Magistrates noted below shall to the local areas noted against them:—

	Local areas.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Salem town.	The Municipal town of Salem.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Ranapur.	Ranapur division of the Salem taluk.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Yercaud.	Yercaud division of the Salem taluk.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Salem ..	Salem taluk, excluding Ranapur and Yercaud divisions and the Municipal town of Salem.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Alur ..	Alur taluk.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Nimsakki.	Nimsakki taluk excluding Ponnandi Division.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Ponnandi.	Ponnandi division of the Nimsakki taluk.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Tiruchengode.	Tiruchengode taluk including Sankaridurg division.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Sankaridurg.	Sankaridurg division of the Tiruchengode taluk.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Tirupattur.	Tirupattur taluk including Vaniyambudi division.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Vaniyambudi.	Vaniyambudi division of the Tirupattur taluk.
Tahsildar-Magistrate, Uttaraingudi ..	Uttaraingudi taluk including Haver Division.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Haver.	Haver division of the Uttaraingudi taluk.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Hosur ..	Hosur taluk including Denkanikota division.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Denkanikota.	Denkanikota division of the Hosur taluk.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Krishnangudi.	Krishnangudi taluk.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Dhanuapuri.	Dhanuapuri taluk including Pannagaram Division.
Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Pannagaram.	Pannagaram division of the Dhanuapuri taluk.
Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Oranur ..	Oranur taluk.

# ACQUISITION OF LAND.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 7 acois, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the making of a well at Seltur's Battery for the use of the police; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Divisional Officer, Wynand, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Divisional Officer, Wynand, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

## SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, used or proposed to be used.	Name of owner or occupier.	Extent of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Malabar Street, Wynand taluk, Dhanuapuri village.

Qty. No. 146 ..	Jointly, Government and Talukdar (Seltur's Battery)	North, east and south, 5. No. 102, and, 5. No. 114.	1000 7
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W. S. MEYER,  
Chief Secretary.

# ECCLIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

## APPOINTMENTS.

*Obituary, August 2, 1910.*

No. 51.—The Rev. Francis Faulkner Hall, Chaplain of Colliery, to act as Chaplain of St. Thomas' Mount with Palayam, during the absence of the Rev. E. Hall on furlough leave, or until further orders.

No. 52.—The Rev. Hugh Jones, M.A., to be Chaplain of Colliery with charge of Cannanore.

No. 53.—Mr. Richard Harrington Martin of the South Indian Railway, Limited, to be a Lay Minister of St. James's Church, Villaparam, vice Mr. P. E. Wolfe, who has left the station.

*Obituary, August 15, 1910.*

No. 54.—The Rev. John Brown, M.A., B.D., Acting Parochial Chaplain, Church of Scotland, and Extra Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Madras, to act as Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Secunderabad.

No. 55.—The Rev. James Gibson Philip, Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Secunderabad, to act as Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Bangalore.

No. 56.—The Rev. James Donald Mitchell, M.A., B.D., Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Bangalore, to act as Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Madras.

The foregoing appointments to take effect from or after 1st September 1910.

*Obituary, August 15, 1910.*

No. 57.—The Rev. Henry Hocking, M.A., is admitted as a Junior Chaplain on the Madras Ecclesiastical Establishment with effect from the 15th March 1910.

W. S. MEYER,  
Chief Secretary.

# MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Obituary, August 16, 1910.*

No. 41.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

### MERCHANT SHIPPING.

*Revised, the 15th July 1910.*

No. 1254-I.—The following Order in Council, dated the 11th June 1910, relating to Dutch ships is published for general information:

At the Court at St. James's,

The 11th day of June 1910.

PRESENT:

## THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

Whereas by section 415 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, it is enacted that where the Board of Trade certify that the Laws and Regulations for the time being in force in any foreign country and relating to seafaring and seafarer loading are equally efficient with the provisions of that Act relating thereto, His Majesty in Council may direct that on proof of a ship of that country having complied with those laws and regulations, she shall not, when in a port of the United Kingdom, be liable to detention for non-compliance with the said provisions of that Act, nor shall there arise any liability to any fine or penalty which would otherwise arise for non-compliance with those provisions:

And whereas by section 1 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, provision is made for applying to foreign ships when in ports in the United Kingdom certain sections of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, which relate to loading, without prejudice to any direction of His Majesty in Council, given under the said section 415 of the last-mentioned Act.

And whereas the Board of Trade have certified that certain statutory regulations which have been passed by the Government of the Netherlands relating to seafaring, so far as regards the equipment of vessels to ships belonging to the Netherlands as well after the 1st January 1909, are of substance in British merchant ships:



**NEW TENDERON.** His Majesty is Comd[er] both Fleet that on proof that ships belonging to the Netherlands have complied with the aforesaid regulations of the Government of the Netherlands, such ships shall not, when in ports of the United Kingdom, be liable to detention for non-compliance with the provisions of the Merchant Shipping Acts relating to manroving, nor shall there arise any liability in any line or penalty which would otherwise arise for non-compliance with those provisions.

Admiral Fisher.  
W. S. MEYER,  
Chief Secretary.

# POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

## TRANSFERS OF SERVICES.

Calcutta, August 23, 1910.

No. 13.—Under article 155 (3) (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, the services of Frank Sander Sander, Charge, Superintendent of Police of the Madras Police Establishment, are transferred to "Foreign Service" for employment as Superintendent of Police, Trincomalee, for a period of three years, with effect from the 31st August 1910.

## NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, August 16, 1910.

No. 14.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

## MEMORANDUMS.

Secy, 16th July 1910.

No. 1404-G.—The following rules regarding the submission or withholding by Local Governments or Administrations and by Officers of the Political Department of the Government of India, of petitions, memorials and other papers of the same class, relating to matters affecting persons or places under their political charge, when such petitions or other papers are addressed to the Government of India, to His Majesty the King-Emperor of India, or to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India, are published for general information:—

## 1.—MEMORIALS, ETC., ADDRESSED TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

1. Every memorial must be submitted to the Political Officer of the State, within whose jurisdiction the subject-matter has arisen, accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against and by a letter requesting its transmittal to the authority to which it is addressed.

2. Memorials may be transmitted either in manuscript or in print, but must, with all accompanying documents, be properly authenticated by the signature of the memorialist or each sheet.

3. Subject to the exceptions hereinafter mentioned, every memorial received which conforms to the above rules, should be forwarded by the Political Officer through the usual official channel, with a concise statement of material facts, and, unless there be special reasons to the contrary, an expression of opinion.

4. Memorials, together with their accompanying documents, should be in English. If the accompanying documents must necessarily be forwarded in the vernacular, an English translation should be appended, which should be attested by the signature of the memorialist or each sheet.

**NOTE.**—The transmitting officer should examine such translations and, if they are found to be incorrect or faulty, return the fact in writing on the memorial.

5. Every memorial should be accompanied by copies of all the orders passed in the case by the authorities who have dealt with the case.

6. Local Governments, Administrations, and Political Officers in direct subordination to the Foreign Department of the Government of India are vested with discretionary power to withhold memorials addressed to the Government of India in the following cases:—

- (1) When the memorial is illegible or unintelligible.
- (2) When the memorial contains language which, in the opinion of the authority who would submit it, is abusive, disrespectful, or improper.
- (3) When a previous petition of a previous petition of some other party has been disposed of by the Government in a manner which shows that the memorialist has no new facts or circumstances which afford grounds for a reconsideration of the case.
- (4) When the memorial relates to a matter which is within the competence of the Local Government, Administration, or Political Officer to dispose of, and no application has previously been made to such Government, Administration, or Political Officer for redress.
- (5) When the memorial is an appeal preferred more than six months after the date on which the memorialist was informed of the order against which he appeals, provided that the Local Government, Administration or Political Officer so the case may be, may, at his or her discretion, extend the period to twelve months, if the delay will facilitate a settlement of the dispute, or other good cause is shown.
- (6) When the memorial relates to matters in which the memorialist is not personally interested.

7. Provided they do not contravene the conditions specified in the preceding section, memorials which are appeals against orders passed by Local Governments, Administrations and Political Officers in direct subordination to the Foreign Department of the Government of India, in the exercise of political control is sometimes not included in British India, shall be forwarded, except in the following cases in which a discretionary power to withhold the memorials may be exercised:—

\* (1) When the order appealed against has been passed by the Local Government, Administration, or Political Officer as a recognised Court of Appeal in regard to a judgment or order of any Court of civil or criminal jurisdiction established or authorized by the Governor General in Council in such territories.

(2) When the order appealed against is a mere refusal to exercise political control in regard to a judgment or order of any special Court established by the Governor General in Council in such territories from which Court there is, by its constitution, no appeal, though a general political control over it is declared or intended to exist.

(3) When the order appealed against is a mere refusal to interfere in a matter of purely internal policy, with the sanction or order of the Ruler of a Native State, of which the transaction is a subject, provided that the State is one in which it is not customary for the British Government to intervene in matters of internal policy, and that the matter complained of does not disclose a state of anarchy so gross that the Paramount Power would be called upon to interfere.

N.B.—This rule applies to a temporary Administration established in a Native State by the Governor General in Council when the temporary Administration is appointed to exercise the same powers and occupy the same position as the Native Administration which it supersedes.

8. Memorials from persons, in such territories which are not covered by these rules, may be treated under the general rules of the Home Department when they are applicable.

9. The following special rules apply to the case of appeals against the orders of the Government of Bombay:—

(1) In the following cases the decision of the Local Government shall ordinarily be considered as final, and no appeal shall lie to the Government of India, on an appeal to the Secretary of State for India, only being admissible with the permission of the Local Government, which should be previously obtained:—

(a) *Girsa* cases in States of classes I to IV in Kutchiwar, which would have been tried by the *Boysabanki* Court when it existed, but are now tried by the States' *Hajir* Courts from whose decision an appeal lies to the Agency and to the Local Government.

(b) *Girsa* cases in States below class IV in which the decision of the Agent to the Governor, Kutchiwar, is at present final under the rules sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 4841, dated the 15th November 1906, subject to the general political control of the Local Government.

(c) *Cach Isdera* Court cases.

(2) Memorials who desire to appeal against the orders of the Government of Bombay in political matters shall have the option of submitting such appeals either to the Government of India or to the Secretary of State and such appeals shall be forwarded subject to the provisions of Rules 6 and 7. This rule shall not apply to:—

(a) appeals in *Girsa* cases or to those which are specially covered by any of the foregoing rules;

(b) memorials of the class specially covered in Rule IV of the Rules published with Home Department notification No. 149 (Police), dated the 10th January 1905;

(c) memorials which involve questions affecting the status, dignity or powers of a Ruling Chief or his relations with the Paramount Power (including questions of succession or adoption) and with other Chiefs.

II.—MEMORIALS, ETC., ADDRESSED TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING-EMPEROR OF INDIA, OR TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA.

1. Every memorial must be submitted to the Political Officer of the State within whose jurisdiction the subject matter has arisen, accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against and by a letter requesting its transmission to the authority to which it is addressed.

2. Memorials may be transmitted either in manuscript or in print, but must, with all accompanying documents, be properly authenticated by the signature of the memorialist on such sheet.

3. Subject to the exceptions hereinafter mentioned, every memorial received which conforms to the above rules should be forwarded by the Political Officer through the usual official channel with a concise statement of material facts, and, unless there be special reasons to the contrary, an expression of opinion.

4. Memorials, together with their accompanying documents, should be in English. If the accompanying documents must necessarily be forwarded in the vernacular, an English translation should be appended, which should be attested by the signature of the memorialist on such sheet.

N.B.—The transmitting officer should examine such translations, and if they are found to be incorrect or faulty, rectify the fact in writing on the memorial.

5. Every memorial should be accompanied by copies of all the orders passed in the case by the authorities who have dealt with it in India.

6. Local Governments, Administrations, and Political Officers in direct subordination to the Foreign Department of the Government of India, are vested with discretionary power to withhold memorials addressed to His Majesty or to the Secretary of State in the following cases:—

(1) Where the memorial is illegible or unintelligible.

\* *Form No. 7 (1) of Section I and II.*—Memorials which are practically appeals for money to public men be transmitted. But this transmission will not affect the Government in regard to special memorials addressed to Lord Curzon by Agents to the Governor-General. See the Home Department Memorandum No. 35-1440-13, dated the 14th October 1904, as modified by Foreign Department Circular No. 4061, B, dated the 20th August 1905.

† *Id.*, points from Government circulars about 'sums', pensions, etc.

(3) When the memorial contains language which, in the opinion of the authority who would otherwise forward it, is defamatory, disrespectful, or improper.

(4) When a previous petition of the memorialist (which term includes a memorial submitted by the memorialist in answer to a previous petition of same date) has been disposed of by the Secretary of State, and the petition discloses no new facts or circumstances which afford grounds for a reconsideration of the case.

(5) When the memorialist has not personally appeared to the Government of India, (or the Government of Madras or Bombay, as the case may be), and removed the decision of the Governor General (or Governor) in Council upon it.

(6) When the memorial is an appeal preferred more than six months after the date on which the memorialist was referred of the order against which he appeals, provided that the Local Government, Administration, or Political Officer, in the case may be, may, at that or his discretion, extend the period to twelve months, if the delay will facilitate a settlement of the dispute, or other good cause is shown.

(7) When the memorial refers to matters in which the memorialist is not personally interested.

7. Provided they do not contravene the conditions specified in the preceding section, memorials which are appeals against orders passed by the Governor General in Council (or Governor in Council) in Madras or Bombay, or the may may be, in the exercise of political control in territories not included in British India, shall be forwarded, except in the following cases, in which a discretionary power to withhold the memorials may be exercised—

\* (1) When the order appealed against has been passed by the Government of India, Madras or Bombay (as the case may be), as a recognized Court of Appeal in regard to a judgment or order of any Court of civil or criminal jurisdiction established or continued by the Governor General in Council in such territories.

(2) When the order appealed against is a mere refusal to exercise political control in regard to a judgment or order of any special Court established by the Governor General in Council in such territories, from which court there is, by its constitution, an appeal, though a general political control over it is desired or understood to exist.

(3) When the order appealed against is a mere refusal to interfere in a matter of purely internal policy with the action or orders of the Ruler of a Native State, of which the memorialist is a subject; provided that the State is one in which it is not necessary for the British Government to intervene in matters of internal policy, and that the action complained of does not disclose a state of affairs so gross that the Paramount Power would be called upon to interfere.

N.B.—This rule applies to a temporary Administration established in a Native State by the Governor General in Council when the temporary Administration is appointed to exercise the same powers and enjoy the same position as the Native Administration which it supersedes.

8. Memorials from persons in such territories which are not covered by these rules may be treated under the memorial rules of the Home Department when they are applicable.

9. The following special rules apply to the case of appeals against the orders of the Government of Bombay:—

(1) In the following cases the decision of the Local Government shall, subject to the consideration of the Secretary of State for India, only being admissible with the sanction of the Local Government, which should be previously obtained:—

(a) Cases arise in States of classes I to IV in Kutchistan, which would have been tried by the Rajputana Courts when it existed, but are now tried by the States Ruler Courts from whose decision an appeal lies to the Agency and to the Local Government.

(b) Cases arise in States below class IV in which the decision of the Agent in the Governor, Kutchistan, is at present final under the rules contained in Government Resolution No. 2511, dated the 15th November 1926, subject to the general political control of the Local Government.

(c) Cases before the Court of Appeal.

(2) Memorialists who desire to appeal against the orders of the Government of Bombay in political cases shall have the option of addressing such appeals either to the Government of India or to the Secretary of State and such appeal shall be forwarded subject to the provisions of Rules 6 and 7. When in the exercise of this option an appeal has been presented to the Government of India, no further appeal shall lie to the Secretary of State. This rule shall not apply to—

(a) appeals in cases arising in those which are specially covered by any of the foregoing rules;

(b) memorials of the class specially reserved in Rule IV of the Rules published with Home Department notification No. 146 (Public), dated the 13th January 1935;

(c) memorials which involve questions affecting the status, dignity or person of a Ruler Chief or his relations with the Paramount Power (including questions of succession or adoption) and with other Chiefs.

\* New to Feb 7 (1) of Section I and IV—Memorials which are specially appeals for money or justice and be treated as such. But these cases shall not be treated as such if the decision is agreed to appeal severally to the Local Government and Administration by the Home Department. Section 25, 26—1935 dated the 14th October 1935, as amended by the 25th October 1935, as amended by the 25th October 1935.

† S.F., published in Government Gazette (which should be read, printed, etc.)

III.—List of memorials to the Secretary of State and of petitions to the Government of India which hold under the discretionary powers conferred by the above rules will be forwarded quarterly to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

IV.—When a petition or memorial is withheld, the writer should be informed of the fact and of the reasons for withholding it.

W. S. MEYER,  
Chief Secretary

## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

### RESIGNATION.

*Governor, August 14, 1910.*

No. 25.—The Hon'ble the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble Mr. Manmath Krishna Rao of his office of Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Port St. George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Governor, August 15, 1910.*

No. 27.—Whereas a vacancy has occurred among the Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Port St. George by the acceptance on the 14th August 1910 of the resignation of the Hon'ble Mr. Manmath Krishna Rao, who was elected by the Municipal Councils and District and Taluk Boards in the districts of South Canara and Malabar (including Anjengo and Tangasseri).

#### Part I.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of Regulation XV of the Regulations framed by the Governor General in Council for the convenience and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Port St. George, the Governor hereby calls upon the Municipal Councils and the District and Taluk Boards in the districts of South Canara and Malabar (including Anjengo and Tangasseri) to elect in accordance with the said Regulations another person within one month from the date of this notification.

#### Part II.

Under Rule 1 of Schedule III to the said Regulations, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Collector of Malabar to be Returning Officer and the Deputy Tahsildars other than those at taluk head-quarters in the said districts to be Assessing Officers.

#### Part III.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the rules in Schedule III, the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the date, time and places for the various stages of the election as follows:—

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| (1) Amendment of nomination papers ..                      | Monday, 26th August 1910, between 12 noon and 3 p.m. at the office of the Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars other than those at taluk head-quarters in the districts of South Canara and Malabar (including Anjengo and Tangasseri).    |
| (2) Delivery of nomination papers ..                       | Saturday, 3rd September 1910, between 12 noon and 3 p.m. at the office of the Collector of Malabar.  |
| (3) Recording of votes and attendance of voting papers. .. | Monday, 12th September 1910, between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. at the office of the Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars other than those at taluk head-quarters in the districts of South Canara and Malabar (including Anjengo and Tangasseri). |
| (4) Counting of votes .. ..                                | Friday, 16th September 1910, between 12 noon and 3 p.m. at the office of the Collector of Malabar.   |

#### Part IV.

Under Rule 9 (3) of Schedule III, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, if more candidates than one are nominated, the Returning Officer shall forthwith publish their names in the South Canara and Malabar District Gazette and shall also cause copies thereof to be posted at the office of the Collector, District Divisional Officers, Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars of those districts, except those of Deputy Tahsildars at taluk head-quarters.

Oatmanand, August 14, 1918.

No. 38.—The Council of the Governor of Port St. George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations will meet at the Receiving Hall, Government House, Malacca, at 12 noon on Tuesday the 20th day of November 1918.

L. N. WYMER,  
As. Secretary to Government

## REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

### LEAVE.

Oatmanand, August 10, 1918.

No. 420.—Under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. J. T. Leroy, Treasury Deputy Collector, Malacca, is granted privilege leave for two months and three days with effect from 19th July 1918 in lieu of the privilege leave for one month already granted by the Board of Revenue.

Oatmanand, August 12, 1918.

No. 421.—Under article 341 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. C. M. Hodgson, Deputy Commissioner of Forests, is granted furlough on medical certificate for two months with effect from the 2th July 1918.

### APPOINTMENT OF A DEPUTY COLLECTOR.

Oatmanand, August 7, 1918.

No. 422.—M.R.Ry. V K. Krishna Aiyar Avergal, Tahsildar, Salem District, to act as Deputy Collector, Seremban District.

### POSTINGS OF DEPUTY COLLECTORS.

No. 423.—M.R.Ry. V K. Krishna Aiyar Avergal, to General duty, Oatmanand.

Oatmanand, August 22, 1918.

No. 424.—M.R.Ry. Malacca Revenue District Nayadla Gnan, from General duty, Oatmanand, to Special duty, Malacca—vide G.O. No. 2080 M., dated 23rd July 1918.

[Note.—This circular notification No. 284 dated 19th July 1918, published at page 945 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 29th July 1918, posting him to Special duty, Oatmanand.]

### NOTIFICATIONS.

Oatmanand, August 1, 1918.

No. 425.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare under the provisions of Section 4 of the Malacca Forest Act (V of 1905), 1945 A to be proposed to subdivide the areas, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below, "reserved forests" under the said Act:—

#### SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Number.	Name of Bush.	Boundaries.
Amboyna.	Channarayana.	164.	Khadaper extension.	South—Starting from the north-east corner of survey No. 113 of Malacca District along the surveyed boundary of Kadupatti reserved forest up to the straight line at the north-west corner of survey No. 113 of Tigayam District. East—Thence the west side of survey Nos. 113, 114 and 115 of Tigayam District to the south-west corner of the last-mentioned field. (Survey No. 98 of Malacca District reserved). Thence the surveyed western boundary of Kadupatti reserved forest No. 7 at the south-west corner of survey No. 4 of Seremban District. South—Thence a straight line to the north-east corner of survey No. 3 of the same village. West—Thence along the surveyed eastern and northern boundaries of Seremban District reserved forest to the creek on the village boundary between Malacca District and Tigayam District. Thence a straight line to the creek No. 41 of Seremban District, thence a straight line to the starting point.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is further pleased, under clause (c) of the said section, to appoint the Revenue Divisional-officer, Perak District, for the time being to be the Forest Department officer, who shall acquire into and delineate the boundaries, nature and extent of any rights claimed

by, or alleged to exist in favor of, any person in excess and comprised within such limits, or to any forest produce of such kind and to deal with the same as prescribed in Chapter II of the said Act; and the District Forest-officer, Amritsar, for the time being, to retired on behalf of Government, during the absence.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is further pleased, under the authority vested in him by section 24 of the said Act, to appoint the Gilman of Annapolis, for the term being, to be the officer of the Revenue Department, who shall have appeals from the orders of the Forest Settlement Board under sections 11, 12 and 13 of the said Act.

*Delaware*, August 10, 1910.

No. 408.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare, under the provisions of section 4 of the *Railways Act* (No. 17 of 1895), that it is proposed to consolidate the area, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below, a reserved for it under the said *Act*—

[illegible]

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is further pleased, under clause (c) of the said petition, in appoint Mr. J. C. Nicholson, formerly Noyeda Gato, Forest Settlements Officer, Parishlands estate, for the time being, to be Forest Settlements Officer, who shall appoint into and determine the boundaries, nature and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in respect of land comprised within such estates or in any forest products of such land, and to deal with the same as provided in Chapter II of the said Act, and the Manager, Parishlands estate, for the time being, to attend on behalf of the estate during the exercise.

3. The Secretary to the Governor in Council be further pleased, under the authority vested in him by section 18 of the said Act, to appoint the Collector of Guzerat, for the time being, to be the officer of the Revenue Department, who shall hear appeals from the orders of the Forest Commissioners under sections 11, 12 and 13 of the said Act.

Reviewed, August 8, 1918.

Sec. 427.—Hindry section 18 of the Madras Municipality Act II of 1904, 1905, a money rate shall be levied at the rate of one pice in the rupee on the annual rate value of all assessed lands comprised within the limits of the proprietary estate of Maudslayi in the Glendal district.

*Calcutta, August 1, 1915.*

No. 458.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 215, clause (13), of the Madras Estate Land Act, I of 1906, and section 7 of the Madras General Clauses Act, I of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council proposes to make the following rule. The draft rule is now published for general information and notice is hereby given that it will be taken into consideration on the expiry of two months from the date of this notification. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person, with respect to the draft rule before the aforesaid date will receive consideration.

*Draft Rule.*

Every landholder applying to the Collector for the sale of a ryot's holding under section 114 of the Act shall, as far as possible, specify in his application every immovable subject to which the holding is liable to be sold. The cost of ascertaining registered encumbrances created before the passing of the Act shall be included in the cost of the sale.

*Calcutta, August 4, 1915.*

No. 418.—The following amendment will be made in the Distillery and Warehouse Rules published in Notification No. 454, dated 29th October 1908, on pages 1148 to 1155 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I, dated 10th November 1908, as amended by Notification No. 107, dated 25th February 1910:—

*For Rule 58, substitute the following:—*

(1) An allowance will be made for the loss in transit by leakage and evaporation of spirits transported by land, under bond, or duty free for Government purposes, within the Presidency up to the maximum amounts shown below:—

	Per cent.
For a journey of not greater duration than two days .. .. .	2
For a journey of duration exceeding two, but not exceeding five days .. .. .	5
For a journey of duration exceeding five, but not exceeding ten days .. .. .	4
For a journey of duration exceeding ten, but not exceeding fifteen days .. .. .	5
For a journey of duration exceeding fifteen days .. .. .	7½

The time actually consumed in transit should alone be taken into account in calculating the duration of journey the day of issue and of receipt not counting.

(2) Similarly in the case of spirits exported by land, under bond, or duty free for Government purposes to other Provinces, an allowance will be made up to the maximum amounts shown below:—

	Per cent.
For a distance not exceeding 100 miles .. .. .	5
For a distance exceeding 100, but not exceeding 200 miles .. .. .	7½
For a distance exceeding 200, but not exceeding 1,000 miles .. .. .	10
For a distance exceeding 1,000 miles .. .. .	15

(3) If the report of the officer by whom a consignment of spirits transported or exported by land, under bond, or duty free has been gauged and proved on arrival at its destination should show that wastage to a greater extent than the above has occurred, the distiller or the warehouse keeper shall pay duty at the tariff rate, for the time being in force, on so much of the deficiency as is in excess of the above allowance. Provided that, if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, that such deficiency has been caused by accident or other unavoidable cause, the duty levied on such deficiency shall be refunded. The Commissioner's decision shall be final.

(4) The allowance to be made under this rule will be determined by deducting from the quantity of spirits despatched from the distillery or warehouse, the quantity received at the place of destination, both quantities being stated in terms of London Proof gallons, and will be calculated on the quantity contained in such case or other receipt or complied in a consignment.

*Calcutta, August 10, 1915.*

No. 420.—The following resolution of the Government of India is republished:—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

*Commerce.*

*With effect 15th August 1915.*

No. 8924.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 19 of the Cin Cin Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing, by sea or by land, into British India, of any cinematograph film of the Johnson-Johnson fight.

No. 423.—The following resolution of the Government of India is republished:—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

*General.*

*With effect 25th July 1915.*

No. 133-248.

SPECIAL CENSUS SCHEDULE FOR PERSONS WITHIN THE MANN, FACTORIES, ETC.

RESOLUTION.—The general and household schedules mentioned for adoption throughout British India at the Census of 1911 were published with the Home Department Circulars Nos. 60—61 (Census), dated the 21st March 1910. Before the date of their publication, the Census Commissioner for India

represented that the present tables of occupations, while they would indicate the main functional distribution of the people, distinguishing workers from dependents, and would give indication of occupations combined with agriculture, and of occupation by caste, would furnish very meagre information regarding industries and, in particular, no reliable information regarding recent industrial developments. He pointed out that an attempt was made in 1901 to distinguish between workers in factories and those engaged in home industries, and also to distinguish, in the case of factories, between "owners, managers and supervisory staff" and "operators," but that the returns in the schedules were far too vague to permit of accurate information on those points being obtained. He therefore recommended that, in addition to the general and household schedules, a special schedule should be provided for persons working in mines, factories, etc. His proposal has been generally approved by the Local Governments and Administrations and the Government of India have decided to prescribe in consultation with the mining crosses, in addition to the general and household schedule, a special industry schedule in the form appended to this resolution, to be filled in by the owners or managers of factories, mills, etc., in which at least twenty persons are employed.

2. A list of the industries, with reference to which the Government of India think it desirable that information should be compiled in the form of the special schedule, is annexed to this resolution. Local Governments are, however, at liberty to include in the list any other industries for which they desire to have statistics.

3. The examples given below question 1 in the schedule should be chosen locally with reference to the circumstances in each province.

Form (Tahsil, etc.), or Town	
Special Census Schedule to be filled in by the Owners, Agents or Managers of Mines, Factories, Works, Mills, etc., in which at least 20 persons are employed.	
1. Description of mine, factory, works or mill, etc. (Please state clearly what the nature of the factory, etc., is, e.g., Jute Press, Jute Mill, Woollen Cotton Weaving Establishment, etc.)	1. _____
2. Name and state (or nationality, in the case of Europeans) of owner. If a Company, state the name under which it is registered.	2. _____
3. Name and state (or nationality) of Manager.	3. _____
4. Number of persons engaged in direction, supervision and clerical work (i.e., Assistant Managers, superintending engineers, engineers, clerks, etc.)	4. (a) EUROPEANS AND ASIATICS— Males _____ Females _____ (b) INDIGENES— Males _____ Females _____
5. Number of skilled workmen (i.e., persons who require to be specially trained before they can do the work on which they are employed).	5. (a) EUROPEANS AND ASIATICS— Males _____ Females _____ (b) INDIGENES— Males _____ Females _____
6. Number of unskilled labourers (i.e., ordinary coolies, hand-labour and menials employed in the mine, works, etc.)	6. (a) OVER 14 YEARS OF AGE— Males _____ Females _____ (b) UNDER 14 YEARS OF AGE— Males _____ Females _____
7. Is any mechanical power employed? If so, state whether water, steam, oil, etc.	7. _____
8. Is the sale of your trade on the 15th March 1911 better or slacker than usual?	8. _____

(N.B.—In answering use one only of the following phrases, and no other—

- (1) Much better than usual.
- (2) Better than usual.
- (3) Unchanged better than usual.
- (4) Same.
- (5) Somewhat slacker than usual.
- (6) Slacker than usual.
- (7) Much slacker than usual.)

#### LIST OF INDUSTRIES.

##### Division of Vegetable Food.

Tea, coffee, macehwa and indigo plantations. Breweries. Flour, oil and rice mills. Bakeries. Pulp and paper factories. Dairy farms. Fish-curing works.

##### Division of Drivels, Confectionery and Stimulants.

Breweries. Distilleries. Assorted water, spirit, ice and tobacco factories. Water works.

##### Light, Fuel and Energy.

Gas and electric light works. Match factories. Petroleum refineries. Oil mills. Cellulose. Sugar presses.

##### Building Materials.

Brick and tile factories. Stone, marble and cement works.

##### Food and Drink.

Railway, tramway and coach-building factories. Soapworks.

##### Engineering and Machinery.

Paper mills. Printing presses. Muscovy-lifting factories.





*Notified, August 8, 1910.*

No. 421.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

CUSTOMS.

*India, the 20th July 1910.*

No. 4285-41.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing, by sea, or by land, into British India, of any copy of the booklet entitled *British India* by M. K. Gandhi of Johannesburg, South Africa.

*Notified, August 13, 1910.*

No. 432.—Under section 11, clauses (c) and (d) of the Sea Customs Act, VIII of 1878, and in modification of the Notification No. 48, dated 18th January 1910, published at pages 94–103 of the *Port St. George Gazette*, Part I, dated 22nd January 1910, so far as it relates to wharf No. 8 at the port of Calcutta, His Excellency the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to appoint the wharves, wharf No. 9 to be a wharf for the landing and shipment of goods in the extent shown in column 5 of the annexed schedule:—

Name of port.	Number of wharf.	Name of owner.	Limits of wharf.	Particulars of classes of goods to be dealt with.	The manner of dealing with them.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Calcutta	8	Goverment	The wharves adjoining from a point opposite to the first western gate of the premises demarcated belonging to Messrs. Anderson & Co., to the Kallahar and thence up the river to a point 50 yards north of it.	Hand-to-bottle liquors, various kinds, including, but not including, rice, poultry, meats, eggs and condensed milk.	Loading and Shipping.

No. 433.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 11, clauses (c) and (d) of the Sea Customs Act, His Excellency the Governor of Madras in Council is pleased to appoint the place described below as a wharf for the shipment of fish measures at the port of Madras:—

Name of port.	Number of wharf.	Name of owner.	Limits of the wharf.	Particulars of classes of goods to be dealt with.	The manner of dealing with them.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Madras	4	Owned by Government.	The southern bank of the Madras River from the jet to the stone pier marking the southern limit of the port.	Fish measures.	Loading and Shipping.

REVENUE.

*Notified, August 11, 1910.*

The paragraph 2 of the order, dated 18th July 1909, notified at page 805 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 18th July 1909, as amended by order published at page 845 of Part I of the *Gazette*, dated 24th July 1910, read:—

"2. The Collector of Madras will discharge in respect of the Zamindar and his property the duties imposed upon a Collector by the said Act."

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

*Notified, August 8, 1910.*

Under section 4, Act 2 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 11-41 acres, to the same or little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for extension of village school; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Districtal Officer, Madras, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the site is available in the Districtal Office, Madras, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, open or previously, with survey or planish number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Killeshader, Killeshader, North Mpon village.</i>			
Day, named, No. 48	Edith Bouchard's Field, etc.	North No. 48; east, No. 47; south, No. 46-48-1 and 48-1; west, No. 47 and 48.	47 0 0
Do. No. 49	Do. do.	North, No. 49; east, No. 48; south, No. 48-1; west, No. 49.	2 00
Total ..			49 00

Gateland, August 10, 1910.

Under section 8, Act 1 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 49 acres, be the same a free mine or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for laying a water-line from Christenedig to Durand, and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Deputy Collector, Mankapur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Collector, Mankapur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, open or previously, with survey or planish number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Killeshader, Mankapur taluk, Kaleswari village.</i>			
Keystone, dry, 3. 50	Kalicharan ..	North, No. 1; east, No. 2; south, No. 10, 20 and 40; west, No. 41.	4000
Do. No. 2-4	Atul Thakurji ..	North, No. 5-1; east, No. 3 and 4; south, No. 1-3; west, No. 3-2.	18
Do. No. 3-5	Naiphethe Varada ..	North, No. 4-1; east, No. 10; south, No. 1-4; west, No. 1.	10
Do. No. 5-2	Thanna Kishore ..	North, No. 2-1; east, No. 3; south, No. 1-3; west, No. 2.	10
Total ..			42

A. G. CARDEN,  
Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Gateland, August 12, 1910.

Under articles 252, 264 and 261 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. Arthur Edwin Adams, Assistant Engineer, is granted, with effect from the 15th June 1910, continued leave for one year and twenty-one days, viz., privilege leave for one month, and twenty-one days and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period.

The privilege leave for one month granted to him in the Public Works Department notification published in Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 26th May 1910, is cancelled.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Mr. Austin Gibbs McCall, Assistant Engineer, has been granted by the Secretary of State for India furlough on medical certificate for three months in extension of the privilege leave sanctioned in the Public Works Department notification published in Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 2nd August 1910.

Mr. Albert Stevenson Louis, Executive Engineer, has been granted by the Secretary of State for India extension of furlough on medical certificate for one month.

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Mr. Albert Stevenson Louis, Executive Engineer, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty.

F. J. WILSON,  
Secretary to Government, P.W.D.

## NUMERICALITY

October 2, August 15, 1940

Under section 45 (1) of Act I of 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the acquisition of 12 acres of land in Survey No. 71-B in Thammampatti village, Madurai taluk, Madurai district, required for the construction of the sub-station officer's quarters at Chittampam; notified on page 467 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 9th July 1907.

C. A. SMITH

*Joint Surg. to Genl., P. M. D., American Board*

## ACQUISITION OF LANDS

Received April 12, 1958

*Taken notice* that, Act 1 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council, hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 15 acres be the same a little more or less as needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the surplus needs of the Silver Bank; and, under sections 2 and 7 of the same Act, the Honorable Divisional Officer, Chingpet, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

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Description of land, and dry, bog, or pasture, with amount or percentage meadow	Name of owner or lessee.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Tended to be taken up.
<i>Olympus district, Yakutatville Indian, Nezahum village</i>			
Wet, S. No 448	Eusebio Mendez of Mel- pach.	North, S. No. 448 and 449 wet and mead, above land; wet, portion of S. No. 449, Tene- maga Gualala.	40
Do.	Don Francisco Sandoz of Melpach.	North, portion of S. No. 448 of Tene- maga Gualala (wet, portion of S. No. 448 of Tene- maga Gualala, south, above land; wet, por- tion of S. No. 448, Tene- maga Gualala.	20
Total ..			10

Under section 8, Art. 1 of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council, hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 23 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for excavating a landing channel to supply the harbor, situate No. 3, Cayman Islands, and that section 5 and 6 of the same Art. the Revenue Department Officer, (Thames), is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chinnago, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

## Screening for...

Description of land, with or without survey or to be surveyed.	Name of owner or company.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
(b)			
Ganges railway, Chitwan sub-division, Feiky ranges.			
Sect. 1, Feiky, vol. B No. 1200.	Thakpala, Barwal, Vams Dulab, Vamsa, Vashyap- pala and Thak Chaudhri, off of Saurathapala.	North, a portion of S. No. 1180, east, S. No. 1182, south, S. Nos. 1215 and 1216, west, S. No. 1261.	1000
Do. No 1261.	Pandi Choudhary of Nandipala, Barwal of Panch.	North, a portion of S. No. 1161, east, S. No. 1262, south, S. No. 1218, west, S. Nos. 1214 and 1261.	100
Do. No 1275.	Thakpala Gaddhara and Thak- pala of Manupali, Barwal of Panch.	North, S. No. 1168, east, S. No. 1261, south, S. No. 1270, north, a portion of S. No. 1267, west, S. No. 1212.	100
Total.			1200

Under section 6, Act 1 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 2 aana, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for erecting a tributary at 37 miles 49 fathoms of Thidapali channel, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Deputy Collector, Coimbatore Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

5. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Collector, Coimbatore Division, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or partially sown, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Coimbatore district, Changanassery taluk, Ponnathipalayam village.			
Wet, P. No. 1420 ..	Vinayachandran Pillai, Ponnathipalayam Taluk.	North, No. 1420, east, eastern limit of P. No. 1419; south, No. 1419, west, No. 1420.	0.0000
Do No. 1420 E ..		North, No. 1420, east, eastern limit of P. No. 1419; south, No. 1420, west, No. 1420.	0
Do No. 1420 A ..	Government Gardens ..	North, No. 1420; south, No. 1420, north, No. 1419, west, No. 1420.	0
Ponnathipalayam, P. No. 1420 ..		North, No. 1420; south, No. 1420, north, Thidapali channel; west, No. 1420.	0
		Total ..	0

Coimbatore, August 11, 1910.

Under section 6, Act 1 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 24 aana, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a field channel; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar of Nellore is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Nellore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or partially sown, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Nellore district, Nellore taluk, Mayyilapalayam village.			
Wet, No. 421 ..	Thyagaraj Rao, Nellore.	North, No. 421 C, east, No. 421; south, No. 421 A, west, No. 421.	0.0000

Under section 6, Act 1 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 15 aana, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Kurnool big tank bund, Kurnool taluk, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kurnool, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

5. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the said Revenue Divisional Officer, Kurnool, and is available for inspection at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or partially sown, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Kurnool district, Kurnool taluk, Kurnool village.			
Dry, old B. No. 412 A, now included in B. No. 412, land ..	Thyagaraj Rao, Kurnool.	North and east, No. 412; south, No. 412; west, No. 412.	0.0000

Colombian, August 22, 1903.

Under section 6, Act 1 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 43 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing Valdivia saltworks; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Divisional Officer, Tumbuk division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2 A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Collector, Tumbuk division, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

## SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or permanent, with survey or parcel number	Name of owner or occupier	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up	Amount to be taken up.
Central district, Tumbuk taluk, Tumbuk village.			
Dist. Sect. dry, S. No 173 A.	Thomas Pichavelli, Thomas Vannavelli, Thomas Vithavavelli, Anna Kammavelli and Guyan Vannavelli.	North, No 172, east, No 173 B; south, No 169 D; west, No 175 A.	498-00
Dist. Reserve wet, A. No 171 A.	Do.	North, No 172; east, No 173 B; south, No 169 D; west, No 175 A.	04
Do. No 170 ..	Do.	North and east, No 171 A; south, No 169 D; west, No 176.	00
Do. No 181 B.	Belle Kothayya ..	North, No 171 A; east, No. 169 F; south, No 169 E; west, No 169 D.	00
Dist. Sect. dry, S. No 169 E.	Manojaya Goppya ..	North, No. 168 D; east, No. 169 F; south, No. 169 A; west, No. 169 E.	00
Do. No 168 A.	Kannan Chinnamma ..	North, No. 169 F; east, No. 166 E; south, No. 165-2 B; west, No. 166 A.	04
Do. No 162-1 B.	Venkatappa Nayappa ..	North, No 169 A; east, No 168-1 C; south, No 165-1 A; west, No 166-2 B.	02
Do. No 165-1 A.	Venkatappa Nayappa ..	North, No 165-1 E; east, No 165-1 C; south, No 165-2 A; west, No 165-1 A.	02
Do. No 160-7.	Kannan Chinnamma ..	North, No. 165-2 A; east, No. 165-2 B; south, No. 165-2 A; west, No. 165-2 A.	00
Do. No 165-2 A.	Do.	North, No. 165-2 A; east, No. 165-2 B; south, No. 165-2 A; west, No. 165-2 A.	00
Do. No 164 A.	Kannan Chinnamma ..	North, No. 164-2 A; east, No. 164 E; south, No. 164 A; west, No. 164 A.	02
Do. No 164 B.	Kannan Chinnamma ..	North, No. 164 A; east, No. 164 E; south, No. 164 A; west, No. 164 B.	01
Total ..			43

Under section 6, Act 1 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 43 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing a drainage sluice; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Head-quarters Deputy Collector, Trincomalee, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2 A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Head-quarters Deputy Collector, Trincomalee, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

## SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or permanent, with survey or parcel number	Name of owner or occupier	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up	Amount to be taken up.
Trincomalee district, Trincomalee taluk, Kithiruvillage.			
Dist. S. No 49 D.	McLennan Nala ..	North, Colonnade river; east, S.F. No 49 C; south, No 49 E; west, No. 181 A-1 of Uthmaniyah and village.	1008-00
Do. No 48 E, permanent	Do ..	North, No 49 D; east, No. 49 C; south, No. 49 E; west, No. 181 A-1 of Uthmaniyah village.	11
Total ..			40

J. M. LACEY,  
Chief Secy. to Govt., C.P.D., Irrigation Branch.

Colombian, August 23, 1903.

Under section 6, Act 1 of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 13-1578 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Ambikavil Mangrove Railway extension; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Trincomalee, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.









## LIST OF PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS.

The following list of papers, placed at the disposal of the Press between the 24th and 28th August 1910, is published for general information:—

No. at the Sale.	Department.	G.O. No. and Date.	Subject.
1	Public ..	No. 1008, July 31.	Annual Progress Report of Archaeological Survey, Southern Circle.—Recording the — for the year 1909-1910. (1 s.)
2	Do. ..	No. 468, July 20.	Epigraphy.—Recording the progress report of the Assistant Archaeological Superintendent for — Southern Circle, for the year 1909-1910. (1 s.)
3	Do. ..	No. 612, Aug. 2.	Edward I. L. Stewart, Esq.—Authorizing the Collector of Salt to issue free of cost to the District Press the proceedings of the public meeting held at Salim on the 24. July 1910 in connection with the proposed Amendment of the proceedings of the Executive Committee of the — to be held from time to time. (1 s.)
4	Public ..	No. 1141, Aug. 2.	Temporary Joint Sub-Registrar for the sub-district of Zangazpur.—Authorizing the Sub-Registrar General's proposal to employ — in the Eastern District for a period of six months and to appoint his office at Bhatgaon. (1 s.)
5	Do. ..	No. 1177, Aug. 4.	Transfer of villages.—Granting the Sub-Registrar General's proposal to transfer certain villages from the revenue jurisdiction of the District of Tashkent to that of the District of the District of Tashkent and to transfer the jurisdiction, as the case may be, to the District of Tashkent and to the District of Tashkent. (1 s.)
6	Do. ..	No. 1182, Aug. 4.	Indian Fisheries Act.—Recording the reports on the working of the — in the Indian Fisheries during the year 1909. (1 s.)
7	Revenue ..	No. 1088, July 28.	Recording the proposals submitted in all Districts and Subdivisions of the District, with remarks, Government order regarding the same. (1 s.)
8	Do. ..	No. 1012, Aug. 1.	Recording, with remarks, report on the Organisation of the District of Tashkent. (1 s.)
9	Do. ..	No. 1038, Aug. 8.	Stating that the Revenue records should be entrusted to a village panchayat instead of the Sub-Registrar for use as a fuel house. (1 s.)
10	Education ..	No. 369, July 31.	Recording the report on the working of the General Education Agency for 1909-1910. (1 s.)
11	Do. ..	No. 481, July 31.	Noting certain amendments to the public revenue estimates regarding the special taxes to be passed by the District, District and District of Tashkent. (1 s.)
12	Do. ..	No. 488, July 31.	Noting the submission in the District of Tashkent to the District of Tashkent the special taxes to be passed by the District, District and District of Tashkent. (1 s.)
13	Do. ..	No. 498, July 31.	Noting the submission in the District of Tashkent to the District of Tashkent the special taxes to be passed by the District, District and District of Tashkent. (1 s.)
14	Legal and Municipal ..	No. 1012, July 21.	Recording report on the working of the Government Museum, the Museum of the District of Tashkent. (1 s.)
15	Do. ..	No. 1008, July 21.	Administration Report.—Recording, with remarks, the — of the District of Tashkent for 1909-1910. (1 s.)
16	Do. ..	No. 1118, July 21.	Administration Report.—Recording, with remarks, the — of the District of Tashkent for 1909-1910. (1 s.)
17	Do. ..	No. 1118, July 21.	Administration Report.—Recording, with remarks, the — of the District of Tashkent for 1909-1910. (1 s.)
18	Do. ..	No. 1118, July 21.	Administration Report.—Recording, with remarks, the — of the District of Tashkent for 1909-1910. (1 s.)
19	Do. ..	No. 1118, July 21.	Administration Report.—Recording, with remarks, the — of the District of Tashkent for 1909-1910. (1 s.)
20	Do. ..	No. 1118, July 21.	Administration Report.—Recording, with remarks, the — of the District of Tashkent for 1909-1910. (1 s.)

N.B.—A copy of any of the foregoing papers can be obtained, on payment of the price noted against each, on application to the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.

W. S. MEYER,  
Chief Secretary.



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 33.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 26, 1919.

[PART 2, 2nd S.]

## Part II.—Local and Municipal Department.

### ENACTS.

Ordinance, August 16, 1919.

No. 1300.—Mr. C. L. T. Gnanak, Engineer of the Corporation of Madras, leaves without allowance for one year from 7th August 1920.

### APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1299.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1904, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Muthukrishnan Sri Viruman Thirumalai Jeyaseelan Thir Raja Gnan to be a member of the Vengalpet District Board.

No. 1298.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1904, the Governor in Council is pleased to re-appoint M.R.Sy. Nagapattinam Nallavesaran Arangaswami Madakayar Arangal, B.A., to be a member of the Nellore District Board.

No. 1297.—Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1904, M.R.Sy. Rajikumar Subbarayan Gnan and M.R.Sy. Duggal Kandasami Gnan have been duly elected as members of the Taluk Board of Marthapur in the district of Karaikal.

No. 1296.—Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1904, M.R.Sy. Krishna Aiyar Srikrishnan Aiyar Arangal has been duly elected as a member of the Taluk Board of Marthapur in the district of Karaikal.

No. 1295.—In exercise of the power vested in him by rule 31 (d) of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of Taluk Boards, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Sy. Muthuswami Madakayar Arangal as a member of the Taluk Board of Tirupattur in the Coimbatore district.

No. 1294.—In exercise of the power vested in him by rule 34 of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of Taluk Boards, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Sy. Marudamalai Kandasami Subbarayan Arangal as a member of the Taluk Board of Tirupattur in the Coimbatore district.

No. 1293.—In exercise of the power vested in him by rule 34 of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of Taluk Boards, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Sy. Vallabhaiah Narayana Arangal as a member of the Taluk Board of Tirupattur in the Coimbatore district.

No. 1292.—In exercise of the power vested in him by rule 34 of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of Taluk Boards, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Sy. Vallabhaiah Narayana Arangal as a member of the Taluk Board of Tirupattur in the Coimbatore district.

No. 1291.—In exercise of the power vested in him by clause (d) of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1904, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Major C. B. Webster, I.M.S., to be a Commissioner of the Corporation of Madras.

No. 1210.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M. K. S. Ranganatha Venkatasubramanian Aravali to be a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Chingleput.

No. 1211.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Chervon Angustar Wilkman to be a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Rajahmundry.

No. 1212.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, the Governor in Council is pleased to re-appoint Subadar Shukla Haldé Subhā Bindar to be a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Tellicherry.

No. 1213.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Rev. Christoph August Scherer to be a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Tellicherry.

No. 1214.—Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, M.R.Sy. Kanchi Sundaresan Chett Gura has been duly elected as a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Walajpet.

No. 1215.—Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, M.R.Sy. Kothandaraman Aravali has been duly elected as a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Tellicherry.

No. 1216.—Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, M.R.Sy. Vallabhai Kandaswami Moosa Aravali has been duly elected as a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Tellicherry.

No. 1217.—Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, M.R.Sy. Peruvendula Kandaswami Subrahmanya Aiyar Aravali has been duly elected as a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Palghat.

No. 1218.—Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, M.R.Sy. Kalaguru Rajayya Gura has been duly elected as a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Ellore.

No. 1219.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, the Governor in Council approves of the appointment, by election, of M.R.Sy. Chingappa Veda Gopalaswami Nayyar Aravali as Vice-Chairman of the Municipality of Tellicherry.

No. 1220.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1954, the Governor in Council approves of the appointment, by election, of M.R.Sy. C. V. Subrahmanyan Parthasarathy Gura as Vice-Chairman of the Municipality of Tiruvel.

#### NOTIFICATIONS BY PARLIAMENTS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

No. 1221.—Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1895, M.R.Sy. Taji Subba Rao Nayudu Gura has been appointed, by election, as a member of the Godavari District Board by the Coimbatore Taluk Board.

No. 1222.—Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1895, M.R.Sy. Nallappa Brinhantharatharathirai Subbajayya Aiyangar Aravali has been appointed, by election, as a member of the Chingleput District Board by the Chingleput Taluk Board.

No. 1223.—The President, District Board, South Arcot, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1895, hereby appoints M.R.Sy. M. S. Subrahmanyaiah Pillai Aravali to be a member of the Tiruchendur Taluk Board.

No. 1224.—The President, District Board, Anantapur, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1895, hereby appoints M.R.Sy. Kottam Arunachala Rao Gura and M.R.Sy. Erode Sathyanarayana Venkateswami Nayudu Gura to be members of the Penukonda Taluk Board.

No. 1225.—The President, District Board, Salem, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1895, hereby appoints M.R.Sy. Ananthagiri Narayana Venkateswami Aiyar Aravali to be a member of the Mannarkudi Taluk Board.

No. 1226.—The President, District Board, Madras, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1895, hereby appoints Mr. George Sydney Mander, Mahomed Ibrahim Bawallah Sahib Subhedar, M.R.Sy. Sulliaman Aiyangar, Subbajayya Chetty Aravali, M.R.Sy. Samanthi Nayyar Aravali, M.R.Sy. Peruvendula Kandaswami Subrahmanya Aiyar Gura, M.R.Sy. Usaid Mathiaswami Pillai Aravali, M.R.Sy. Mathiah Pillai Karayyan Pillai Aravali and M.R.Sy. Mathiah Subbajayya Subrahmanya Nayudu Gura to be members of the District Taluk Board.

No. 1227.—The President, District Board, Madras, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1895, hereby appoints M.R.Sy. N. Mahalingaswami Pillai Aravali, M.R.Sy. N. K. Subramanian Pillai Aravali, M.R.Sy. M. K. Narayanaswami Aiyar Aravali, M.R.Sy. B. K. Sathyanarayana Pillai Aravali, K. S. Mahalingaswami Subhedar, Mr. Rev. Joseph Subhedar, Mr. Rev. A. S. Subhedar and M. K. M. Alahad Subhedar Bawallah Sahib Subhedar to be members of the District Taluk Board.

No. 1278.—The President, District Board, Madras, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, hereby appoints M.H.Ry. A. E. A. R. H. M. Veluppa Chettiyar Ayyangar, M.H.Ry. M. A. S. M. Ramaswami Chettiyar Ayyangar, M.H.Ry. Chidambaram Sundaresan Aiyar Ayyangar, M.H.Ry. S. R. M. M. C. V. Mathias Chettiyar Ayyangar, M.H.Ry. K. R. M. T. V. Alagappa Chettiyar Ayyangar, M.H.Ry. K. Nageswara Rao Ayyangar, M.H.Ry. Pancha Subrahmanyam Sultanswami Aiyar Ayyangar, the Rev. C. S. Vaughan, Mr. A. P. McIlwain and M. S. M. Mahomed Kadir Sahib Sahasr to be members of the Devakottai Taluk Board.

No. 1279.—The President, District Board, Tanjore, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, hereby appoints M.H.Ry. E. C. Ramaswami Aiyar Ayyangar to be a member of the Tiruvannamalai Taluk Board.

No. 1280.—The President, District Board, South Arcot, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, hereby re-appoints M.H.Ry. Rappag. Appappa Nayana Ayyangar to be a member of the Tiruvannamalai Taluk Board.

No. 1281.—Under section 10 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, the Hon'ble K. S. Subbarao Mahaswami Mahalingam Sahasr Sahasr has been appointed, by election, as Vice-President of the Valluvar Taluk Board.

# NOTICES.

In notification No. 1175, published on page 487 of Part I-A of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 28th August 1910, for "M.H.Ry. N. Mahaswami Mahalingam Sahasr" read "M.H.Ry. N. Mahaswami Mahalingam Sahasr".

# NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1282.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by sub-section (3) of section 18 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt from payment of the water and drainage tax all buildings and lands in the Arakkonam village in the Madras Municipality.

No. 1283.—The Rev. Jacob Meen, a Municipal Councillor of the Municipality of Tellicherry, having, owing to his departure to Germany, become incapable of acting as a member of the Municipal Council, the Governor in Council hereby reserves him from the office of Municipal Councillor under clause (2) of sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1894.

No. 1284.—With the approval of the Governor in Council, the District Board of South Arcot hereby notifies, under section 39 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, that, from and after the 1st September 1910, the toll gate at Vikramaswami which is now situated at the junction of roads Nos. 8-1 and 8-2 shall be removed to the 2nd mile side of road No. 8-1, that a subsidiary toll gate shall be opened within the limits of Panayapuram near the point where the Panayur road meets the Presidency road, and that tolls at three-fourths of the maximum rates specified in Schedule B of the said Act shall be levied on all carriages, carts and animals passing through the gate above referred to.

5. With the sanction of the Governor in Council it is further declared under the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 39 of the said Act, that payment of tolls at the gate at Vikramaswami shall cease on carriages, carts and animals at the gate at Panayapuram and vice versa within the same period of 24 hours reckoned from sunrise to sunset.

No. 1285.—With the sanction of the Governor in Council, the District Board of South Arcot hereby notifies under the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 37 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, that, from and after the 1st April 1911, payment of tolls at Kozhikode on the Salem frontier road shall cease on carriages, carts and animals at the gate at Marikanchi situated close to the 2nd mile side of the road and vice versa within the same period of 24 hours reckoned from sunrise to sunset.

No. 1286.—Under section 145 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following alterations which it is proposed to make in the schedule I to the rules framed under sub-section (5) of section 114 of the said Act for the conduct of elections of members of Taluk Boards and published under notification No. 492 of pages 288-289 of Part I-A of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 12th April 1900. Any objection or suggestion that may be made in respect of the draft alterations by any person interested will be considered on or after 1st October next.—

For					
District.	Tahsil Board.	Number of villages and estates.	Specification of the area included in the electoral circle.	Number of members to be elected by each estate.	Number of members to be elected by the Tahsil Board specified in column 2.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Cantonment.	Expenses Act.	1	Kattipalli and Kappanur Estate .. ..	1	100
		2	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		3	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		4	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		5	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		6	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		7	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
Subtotal					
District.	Tahsil Board.	Number of villages and estates.	Specification of the area included in the electoral circle.	Number of members to be elected by each estate.	Number of members to be elected by the Tahsil Board specified in column 2.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Cantonment.	Expenses Act.	1	Kattipalli and Kappanur Estate .. ..	1	100
		2	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		3	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		4	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		5	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		6	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
		7	Chinnai Estate .. ..	1	
Subtotal					

No. 1557.—Under sub-section (1) of section 103 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Government in Council is pleased to declare that vaccination shall be compulsory in the following villages in the South Canara district from and after 1st September 1910:—

Name of village.	Tahsil.
Bajaj .. ..	Mangalore.
Bahampalli .. ..	
Bombetta .. ..	
Kaladi .. ..	
Molar .. ..	
Madapara .. ..	Chandrapur.
Madapara .. ..	
Madapara .. ..	
Madapara .. ..	
Madapara .. ..	
Madapara .. ..	Uppinangudi.
Madapara .. ..	
Madapara .. ..	
Madapara .. ..	
Madapara .. ..	

#### ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

No. 1558.—Under section 8 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1884, the Government in Council hereby declare that the land comprised in the following schedule and measuring 176 of an acre, be the same a total area of 176 of an acre for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a road-wheel at Kumbhara, and, under sections 5 and 7, the Revenue District Officer, Ganjam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

A plan of the land is kept in the office of the said officer and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

#### SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, arable or pasture, with or without buildings.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Ganjam district, Ganjam taluk, Kumbhara village.			
Boundaries, north ..	Owner of P. & S. estate ..	North, Taluk boundary; east, land road; south, water bed; west, water bed.	400 1/2







2. A plan of the site is kept in the Kamoharua Divisional office and it may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SECTIONS.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or possible, with survey or plan-book number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Enghelbar district, Enghelbarah school, No. 79, Enghelbarah pasture.</i>			
Yallahs, T.S. No. 111 and 142.	Enghelbarah	North, about, east, T.S. No. 107, with T.S. No. 101; west, closed.	4758. 9932

No. 1301.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 58 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Local Board Elementary School at Totaramah; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Tahitiara, Amolep, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the site is available for inspection in the Tahitiara office, Amolep, at any time during office hours.

SECTIONS.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or possible, with survey or plan-book number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Enghelbar district, Amolep school, Totaramah village.</i>			
Dry, village site, No. 211-1.	Tahitiara Totaramah	North, corner of Kamoharua boundary; east, village street; north, south village street; west, No. 211-2 & 3 lines.	4758. 38

No. 1302.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 244 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for providing saw land and burning grounds in the Oropotema Municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Divisional Officer, Yallahs, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Divisional Officer, Yallahs, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SECTIONS.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or possible, with survey or plan-book number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>North River district, Oropotema school, Oropotema village.</i>			
Dry, No. 97 C	Yallahs (Bullock and Enghelbarah) Oropotema.	North and east, S. No. 97 B, police line; Police line, Oropotema school; south, S. No. 97, closed; north, S. No. 97 A, police line; Police line, Oropotema school.	4758. 132
No. No. 10 B-1	Yallahs Oropotema	North, S. No. 97, Police line; south, S. No. 97, closed; north, S. No. 97 A, police line; south, S. No. 97, closed.	109
<i>Midland village.</i>			
Dry, No. 112 B-3	S. Lingspecht Oropotema	North, S. No. 101 A, Lingspecht Oropotema; south, S. No. 101, closed; north, S. No. 112, closed; south, S. No. 112 B-3, Lingspecht Oropotema.	243
<i>Paradise village.</i>			
Dry, No. 112 A	Arrowsmith Oropotema and Oropotema (Bullock)	North and east, Oropotema Oropotema; south and west, S. No. 112 A, Oropotema Oropotema.	21
			Total ...

No. 1743.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.652 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for extending the Tellico or Goldenrich's lane in Melkayapattanam in the Thiruvelli Municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Thiruvelli, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the site is kept in the Revenue Divisional office, Thiruvelli, for inspection during all office hours.

## SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or gardenable, with survey or parcel number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Thiruvelli District, Thiruvelli taluk, Melkayapattanam village.</i>			
Dry, S. No. 34	Goldenrich's, Government Melkayapattanam, Thiruvelli.	North, S. No. 34, dry; east, S. No. 35, public, north, S. No. 36, dry; west, Tellico lane.	0.652

No. 1744.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.057 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for widening the Aravali house lane, Tanjore Town; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Divisional Officer, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Divisional Officer, Tanjore, and it may be inspected at any time during office hours.

## SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or gardenable, with survey or parcel number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Tanjore District, Tanjore Taluk, Tanjore Fort, Pichayapattanam village.</i>			
Melkayapattanam, dry, S. No. 3455	Government ..	North, P. No. 3455; east and north, No. 3456; west, No. 3457	0.057
Do. S. No. 3456	Aravali ..	North, S. No. 3455; east, north and west, No. 3456	0.057
Do. S. No. 3457	Pichayapattanam ..	North, P. No. 3457; east and north, P. No. 3456; west, No. 3458 and 3459	0.057
Total ..			0.171

No. 1745.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1/19 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing an approach road to the shola sheds near Kallakurichi in the Vengalpet Municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Vengalpet, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Deputy Collector and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

## SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, open or gardenable, with survey or parcel number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Vengalpet District, Vengalpet taluk, Kallakurichi village.</i>			
Barabur, dry, waste.	Shri Mahadevi Sanyal & Co. Ltd.	North, owner's garden; east, P. No. 100; south, owner's garden; west, owner's land proposed for constructing shola sheds	0.057

No. 1256.—Under section 5 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and amounting to 42.30 acres, to the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for laying out a new road from Kottar to Kottayam; and, under sections 5 and 7, the Survey Divisional Officer, Bellary, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

A plan of the said land is kept in the Revenue Divisional office, Bellary, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

BRUNSWICK.

Description of land, with its depth, limits or particulars, with survey or plan reference.	Name of owner or occupier.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Bellary District, Bellary taluk, Ponnampet village.</i>			
Govt., Reg. S. No. 279	Agnesa Subi Patnam.	North, portion of S. No. 316; east, portion of S. No. 320; south, portion of S. No. 340; west, portion of S. No. 318.	A.C. 1.20
Do. No. 278	Bama Hanappa.	North and east, portion of S. No. 275; south, portion of S. No. 273; west, portion of S. No. 271.	0.10
Do. No. 275	Sakthi Thala Bama. (Bhama) alias son Vign.	North, portion of S. Nos. 272 and 270; east, portion of S. No. 273; south and west, portion of S. No. 271.	1.01
Do. No. 268	Do.	North, portion of S. Nos. 262 and 260; east, portion of S. No. 263; south, portion of S. No. 261; west, portion of S. No. 265.	0.01
Personal Inam, S. No. 310	Mahaboyan Rangaswathothala	North, portion of S. No. 315; east, portion of S. No. 317; south, portion of S. No. 316; west, portion of S. No. 313.	0.06
Govt., Reg. S. No. 304	Jagan Padayappa.	North, portion of S. Nos. 303 and 302; east, portion of S. No. 301; west, portion of S. No. 304.	1.11
Dry, No. 358	Kannala Nallappa, Manappa, Manappa, Kallappa.	North, portion of S. Nos. 358 and 359; east, portion of S. No. 359; south, portion of S. No. 358; west, portion of S. No. 359.	1.00
Do. No. 357	Noma Thammam.	North, portion of S. No. 357; east, portion of S. No. 357; south, portion of S. No. 357; west, portion of S. No. 357.	0.27
Do. No. 418	Kandi Thamma, Soma Chamma, Thoma Soma Vatha; enjaya Chingudi Kallappa.	North, portion of S. No. 417; east, portion of S. No. 417; south, portion of S. No. 417; west, portion of S. No. 417.	0.13
Do. No. 416	Rangaswami Kallappa; enjaya Chingudi and Agnesa Vign.	North, portion of S. No. 416; east, portion of S. No. 416; south, portion of S. No. 416; west, portion of S. No. 416.	1.08
Do. No. 417	Raja Marappa; enjaya, Kandi Thammam.	North, portion of S. No. 417; east, portion of S. No. 417; south, portion of S. No. 417; west, portion of S. No. 417.	0.31
Do. No. 412 E	Mali Soma Kanyana Kanyanatha.	North, portion of S. No. 412; east, portion of S. No. 412; south, portion of S. No. 412; west, portion of S. No. 412.	0.11
Do. No. 412 A	Do.	North, portion of S. No. 412; east, portion of S. No. 412; south, portion of S. No. 412; west, portion of S. No. 412.	0.08
Do. No. 513	Malliga Mee Kallappa.	North, portion of S. No. 513; east, portion of S. No. 513; south, portion of S. No. 513; west, portion of S. No. 513.	1.02
Do. No. 510	Kalliga Nigam Thala.	North, portion of S. No. 510; east, portion of S. No. 510; south, portion of S. No. 510; west, portion of S. No. 510.	1.18
Do. No. 414	Sengaswami Vignaswami.	North, portion of S. No. 414; east, portion of S. No. 414; south, portion of S. No. 414; west, portion of S. No. 414.	0.31
Personal Inam, S. No. 416	Mee Kalliga Kanyana and Kanyana Kallappa.	North, portion of S. No. 416; east, portion of S. No. 416; south, portion of S. No. 416; west, portion of S. No. 416.	1.49
Govt., Reg. S. No. 412 B.	Vignaswami Kallappa.	North, portion of S. No. 412; east, portion of S. No. 412; south, portion of S. No. 412; west, portion of S. No. 412.	1.04
Do. No. 412	Vignaswami Kallappa.	North, portion of S. No. 412; east, portion of S. No. 412; south, portion of S. No. 412; west, portion of S. No. 412.	0.28
Do. No. 418	Do.	North, portion of S. No. 418; east, portion of S. No. 418; south, portion of S. No. 418; west, portion of S. No. 418.	1.40
Do. No. 511	Kanyana Kallappa, Vignaswami, Kanyana and Kanyana Kallappa.	North, portion of S. No. 511; east, portion of S. No. 511; south, portion of S. No. 511; west, portion of S. No. 511.	0.77
Do. No. 512	Kanyana Kallappa, Vignaswami, Kanyana and Kanyana Kallappa.	North, portion of S. No. 512; east, portion of S. No. 512; south, portion of S. No. 512; west, portion of S. No. 512.	0.74
<i>Bellary District.</i>			
Govt., Reg. S. No. 51	Raja Ali Subi.	North, portion of S. No. 51; east, portion of S. No. 51; south, portion of S. No. 51; west, portion of S. No. 51.	0.04
Do. No. 51	Do.	North, portion of S. No. 51; east, portion of S. No. 51; south, portion of S. No. 51; west, portion of S. No. 51.	0.04

Description of land, with as far as possible, a sketch or plan of the survey or plan of the survey.	Name of an owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
<i>Belting District, Belting (old), Khar village—cont.</i>			
Govt., dry, S. No. 81.	Kumbhar Bhilappa and Taram.	North, portion of S. No. 81; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 82; west, portion of S. No. 84.	1.15
Do. No. 82.	Agarwal Gullabaiya Triloka, mother Dada, son of Bhilappa.	North, portion of S. No. 81; east, portion of S. No. 82; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.05
Agarwal, owner, lease, S. No. 83.	Doit, son of Bhilappa.	North, portion of S. No. 82; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.22
Govt., dry, S. No. 84.	Doit.	North, portion of S. No. 82; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	1.00
Do. No. 85.	Doit.	North, portion of S. No. 82; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.60
Private lease—dry, S. No. 86.	Nalla Phak Raja, Haseen Raja, Haseen Raja, Haseen Raja, Haseen Raja, Haseen Raja and Haseen Raja.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.27
Do. No. 87.	Majid Talab, Mulla, Haseen, Dada, Haseen and Haseen.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	1.07
Govt., dry, S. No. 88.	Mahar Narsingh.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.40
Do. No. 89.	Nalla Talab, Kumbhar and Mulla.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.20
Do. No. 90.	Nalla, son of Haseen, Haseen and Haseen, son of Haseen.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.60
Team, personal, S. No. 91.	Haseen Narsingh and 4 others.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	1.67
Do. No. 92.	Do.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.20
Govt., dry, S. No. 93.	Cyprian Mulla and Haseen.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.21
Do. No. 94.	Dada Haseen.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.40
Do. No. 95.	Dada Haseen, son of Mulla Haseen.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	0.20
Do. No. 96.	Dada Haseen, Haseen, son of Haseen, and Dada Haseen, son of Haseen.	North, portion of S. No. 84; east, portion of S. No. 84; south, portion of S. No. 84; west, portion of S. No. 84.	1.68
<i>Deconmahan village.</i>			
Private, lease, dry, S. No. 101.	Kumbhar Bhilappa.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	0.28
Do. No. 102.	Dada Haseen.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	0.27
Govt., dry, S. No. 103.	Kumbhar Bhilappa.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	1.20
Do. No. 104.	Do.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	0.12
Do. No. 105.	Agarwal.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	0.15
Do. No. 106.	Do.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	0.00
Do. No. 107.	Do.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	0.10
Team, personal, S. No. 108.	Dada Haseen.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	1.25
Do. No. 109.	Do.	North, portion of S. No. 101; east, portion of S. No. 101; south, portion of S. No. 101; west, portion of S. No. 101.	0.20
Total.			42.51



Deedling, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take orders for the restoration of the said land.

2. A plan of the site is kept in the Revenue Divisional office, Dandigal, and will be available for inspection during office hours.

## George F. L. A.

Description of land, with or without an easement, with service or purchase price.	Name of owner or possessor.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Amount to be taken up.
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Widespread. Regulation total, *Chrysomelinae* s.l. sp.

Pop. 5 to 1000	F. Kuhn, Alois Lorenz Kerschner, Friedrich Kerschner, F. Kuhn, Michael Kerschner and Christian Kerschner.	North, 8 No. 1000, with parentheses, and, 5 No. 1001, dry, Four Nicks-and-Kerschner, etc., pub.; south, 8 No. 1001, over parentheses, and, 5 No. 1002, with parentheses.	alt. 140
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L. M. WYNNE,  
As. Secretary to Government.

## Plastic.

INTERNET: 400-800-8888

*Delaware*, August 18, 1906.

*52. 115-P*—In modification of certification No. 115-P, published on pages 495-494 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 9th August 1912 the following revised list of plague-infected areas and of nearest stations are published:—

[illegible]

*I.—In the Mexican Jurisdiction.*

ഭവനം.	താല.	വിധാനം തരം.	മുദ്ര.	താല.	വിധാനം തരം.
കുഞ്ചൻ.	കുറുപ്പാല.	മുഹൂർത്തം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.
	പുറുപ്പാല.	മുഹൂർത്തം.	പുറുപ്പാലം.	പുറുപ്പാലം.	പുറുപ്പാലം.
	കുറുപ്പാലം.	മുഹൂർത്തം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.
	കുറുപ്പാലം.	മുഹൂർത്തം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.	കുറുപ്പാലം.

### III—Outline the Medical Formulary

Frontier or Province.	Estimated population. Districts and States, and Towns of 10,000 or more inhabitants.	Frontier or Province.	Estimated population. Districts and States, and Towns of 10,000 or more inhabitants.
I. Mysore.	<p>The whole Province.</p> <p>(a) Districts—</p> <p>          Ahmedabad</p> <p>          Kaira</p> <p>          Surat.</p> <p>          Tanna.</p> <p>          Machhartha agency.</p>	II. Bombay	<p>3. Southern Districts—</p> <p>(a) Districts—</p> <p>          Belgaum.</p> <p>          Dharwar.</p> <p>          Koleha.</p> <p>          Satara.</p>
II. Bombay.	<p>(b) Towns—</p> <p>          Bombay port.</p> <p>          Blivade port.</p> <p>          Bombay City.</p> <p>          Bharat port.</p> <p>3. General Agency—</p> <p>          Western district.</p>	—cont.	<p>(c) Towns—</p> <p>          Dabhol port.</p> <p>4. Sind—</p> <p>          Towns—</p> <p>          Kawchi town and port.</p>

Frontiering or Province.	Affected localities.		Injured localities.	
	Districts and States, and Towns of 40,000 or more inhabitants.		Districts and States, and Towns of 40,000 or more inhabitants.	
II. Bombay —cont.	(a) <i>Political Changes</i> — (1) States and Agencies— Nepaul State. Dutch State. Kathmandu agency. Nepal agency. (2) Towns— Kathmandu Town. Mandir post. Verawal post.		VI. Burma —cont. (a) Districts—cont. Mylapine. Pegu. Prome. Prygon. Sagging. Theravaddy. Yatton. Yenang. Yamabin. (2) Towns— Mandiray. Mandarin. Kergon (Fort).	
	(c) Districts— Darbhanga. Gaya. Monghyr. Ratan. Id. Patna. (4) Towns— Calcutta City. Hennik Town.		VII. The Central Province. (a) Districts— Almor. Amroha. Buldana. Jabalpur. Nagpur. Warrah. (2) Towns— Kamptee Cantonment.	
III. Bengal.	Fokha District.		VIII. Mys- poot. (a) Districts— Alwar State. Bharatpur State. Mewar State. Mewar State.	
IV. Eastern Bengaland Assam.	(a) Districts— Amlah. Assam. Bhul. Dahil. Farrington. Gopuram. Gudang. Gungah. Hinn. Hinn. Johann. Kawal. Lahur. Monghyr. Nahar. Shahpur. Saiton. (2) States— Kapurthala State. Punjab State.		IX. The United Provinces. (a) Districts— Amroha. Bulana. Bulana. Bulandshahr. Fah. Gonda. Gungahpur. Hinn. Johann. Johann. Kapurthala. Kapurthala. Punjab. Tann.	
V. The Panjab.	(c) Districts— Amroha (Mandiray). Bulana. Bulandshahr. Hinn. Kapurthala. Kapurthala. Kapurthala. (2) Districts— Amroha (Mandiray). Bulana. Bulandshahr. Hinn. Kapurthala. Kapurthala. Kapurthala.		X. Central India. (a) Districts— Amroha (Mandiray). Bulana. Bulandshahr. Hinn. Kapurthala. Kapurthala. Kapurthala.	
	(c) Districts— Amroha (Mandiray). Bulana. Bulandshahr. Hinn. Kapurthala. Kapurthala. Kapurthala.		XI. Mys- poot. (a) Districts— Alwar State. Bharatpur State. Mewar State. Mewar State.	

### 2. Planning Stations

*South Indian Kumbh Mela*

Yedamandral.	Deshpal. Ambarval.	Kodakandi Resk. Salem.	Ariyanar. Thirupattin.
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## Western and Southern Malacca Biotopes

Grade/elli	Espresso	Melange	Perkum
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6. Figures occurring from the plates shown mentioned should be required to take out passport. Careful attention should be given to the instructions enclosed in G.O. No. 405 P., dated 21st May 1960.

Oskarwald, August 8, 1940.

N<sup>o</sup>. 186-P.—Statement showing Negus Belurus and Deaths in each district of the Madras Presidency from August 1898 to 6th August 1910.

[illegible]



Statement showing Plague, Cholera and Deaths in each infected place in the Madras Presidency for three weeks ending 6th August 1910.

[illegible]

L. M. WYNCH,  
As. Secretary to Government.



## PROMOTION.

No. 81.—Miss Mary Anne Jago, Sub-Assistant Inspector, Timoreilly Girls' Range, and Acting Assistant Inspector, West Coast Girls' Range, to act as First Assistant Inspector, without charge of station, vice Miss Patterson on other duty or until further orders. To have effect from the date on which Miss Patterson ceased to act as First Assistant Inspector.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 82.—The following note will be inserted at foot of the *Spokenes* as Shortland prescribed for the Government Technical Examination:—

"*NOTE*—It is recommended that the books on *Practical Shorthand* by *Thomas Shorthand* be used as a supplement to the publications on the *Farnes* System."

No. 83.—In the table appended to article 3 of the Public Service Notification, published at page 157 to 158 of Part I.B. of the *Port St. George's Gazette*, dated 28th March 1910, under the heading "C. Revenue Department", against entry (24) read entry "(24)" in the "Remarks" column and alter entries "(24)" and "(25)" into "(24)" and "(25)", respectively.

Government, August 21, 1910.

No. 84.—In the footnote to rule 68 and at the end of the first sentence of rules 58 and 59 of the rules of the College of Engineering, published in notification No. 47 of Part I.B. of the *Port St. George's Gazette*, dated the 26th March 1909, add the following after the words "all students":—

"as employed in all sorts and other special localities for which local allowances have been prescribed for the members of the Public Works Department in Appendix 18 to the P.W.D. Code, Vol. III, or have been specially sanctioned by Government."

Government, August 9, 1910.

No. 85.—

IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1880, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE H. S. THOMAS SCHOLARSHIP ENDOWMENT at MANGALORE.

It is hereby notified that the Governor of Port St. George's in Council is in exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1880, both hereby order and direct that the accounts and money now in the hands of the Association General of Madras and described in the schedule hereto shall be from the date of the notification vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his successors (subject to the provisions of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1880, and to any rules which may from time to time be framed thereunder by the Governor General of India in Council) upon the trusts and for the purposes and subject to the conditions set forth in a scheme under section 5 of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1880, for the administration of the said H. S. Thomas Scholarship Endowment.

## Schedule.

Securities or accessory notes of the Government of India of the	No.	Rs.	P.
Rs. per cent. loan of 1882 of the loan value of	..	2,640	0 0
Cash .. .. .	..	..	80 12 0

No. 86.—

IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1880, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE H. S. THOMAS SCHOLARSHIP ENDOWMENT at MANGALORE.

It is hereby notified that the Governor of Port St. George's in Council in the exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1880, has ordered the scheme set forth in the schedule hereto for the administration of the securities and other property vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by notification No. 85, dated 26th August 1910, and that such scheme shall come into operation on the 1st day of September 1910.

## Scheme.

The Director of Public Instruction for the time being of the Presidency of Madras and the Principal for the time being of the Government College, Mangalore, for the time being shall be the administrators of the H. S. Thomas Scholarship Endowment Fund and the securities and money which were vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by notification No. 85, dated 26th August 1910.

2. From and out of the interest accruing on the H. S. Thomas Scholarship Endowment Fund shall be provided a scholarship of the value of Rs. 7 per annum or such larger sum as the interest of the endowment will permit which shall be called the "H. S. Thomas Scholarship".

3. The said scholarship shall be awarded in manner and subject to the terms following:—

(a) The said scholarship shall be awarded to that student of the first year University Class of the Government College at Mangalore who possesses the highest marks in the examination of the Director of Public Instruction and the Principal of the College the best secondary school-leaving certificate provided that such student shall have been in the second department of the said College for at least two years and shall have a good character and shall not be in receipt of any scholarship from Government.

(b) The scholarship shall be payable for two years so as to allow the scholar to prepare for the Intermediate Examination of the University of Madras at which he is expected to present himself.

(c) The administrators shall be at liberty to remove the scholar from the said scholarship should they be of opinion at any time that he does not progress satisfactorily in his studies or that he is guilty of bad conduct.

4. All interest of the said endowment that may not be required for the purpose of the said scholarship shall be accumulated and such accumulations shall from time to time be invested in securities of the Government of India and be added to the principal of the endowment.

No 57.—

IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE MADRAS MEMORIAL FUND.

It is hereby notified, that the Governor of Port St. George in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, doth hereby order and direct that the securities and money now in the hands of the Accountant-General of Madras and deposited in the schedule hereto shall as from the date of publication of this notification vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his assignees subject to the provisions of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, and to any rules which may from time to time be framed thereunder by the Governor-General of India in Council upon the trusts for the purposes and subject to the conditions set forth in a scheme under section 5 of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, for the administration of the said Madras Memorial Fund.

Schedule.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Security at preliminary order of the Government of India, M 613496			
of 14 per cent. loan of 1895-95 of the loan value of ..	2,900	0	0
Cash .. .. .	42	11	9

No 58.—

IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE MADRAS MEMORIAL FUND.

It is hereby notified, that the Governor of Port St. George in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, has settled the scheme set forth in the schedule hereto for the administration of the securities and other property vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by notification No 57, dated 10th August 1915, and that such scheme shall come into operation on the first day of September 1915.

Scheme.

1. The Director of Public Instruction for the time being of the Presidency of Madras and the Principal for the time being of the Medical College, Madras, shall be the administrators of the Madras Memorial Fund and the securities and money which were vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by notification No 57, dated 10th August 1915.

2. From and out of the interest accruing on the Madras Memorial Fund shall be provided two annual prizes in the form of books or instruments which shall be called the Madras Memorial Prizes.

3. The said prizes shall be awarded in manner following:—

(a) One prize representing three-fourths of the annual interest shall be awarded annually on the recommendation of the Council of the Madras Medical College to the best student in the College or Apothecary department of the Madras Medical College in classical medicine and clinical surgery alternating with the subject for the College gold medal for the year.

(b) One prize representing one-fourth of the annual interest shall be awarded annually on the recommendation of the Council of the Madras Medical College to the student in one of the Hospital Assistant classes of the Government, Municipal and Temporal Medical schools who gave the greatest number of marks in a written competitive examination in surgery which shall be held at each school in March of each year.

(c) The details of the clinical examination shall be framed out by the Professor of Medicine or Surgery nominated on the staff of the Medical College and the question paper for the written competitive examination for the Hospital Assistant students shall be set and other details carried out by the Professor of Surgery of the Medical College and the result of the said clinical examination shall be reported to the Medical College Council and the result of the said competitive examination shall be reported to the Superintendents of the Medical schools.

(d) The examinations shall be open to the first year students of the College and Apothecary departments and to the first year students of the Hospital Assistant classes who have attended classes of surgery held during the session at the end of which the examination is to be held but only students in their regular course of study shall be allowed to compete.

4. All interest on the said fund that may not be required for the purpose of the said prizes shall be accumulated and such accumulations shall from time to time be invested in securities of the Government of India and be added to the principal of the fund.

L. M. WYNCH,

Ag. Secretary to Government.

## MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

### EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

The privilege leave granted to M. E. H. V. S. Vasudevan Sastri, Sub-Inspector of Schools, acting in the Temporary Charge, in the notification published in Part I-B of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 10th May 1915, is extended for four weeks.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,  
Madras, 18th August 1915.

A. G. BOUSSE,  
Director of Public Instruction.



GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS—NOVEMBER 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the written tests in connection with the next Government Technical Examinations will be held on the 21st November next and subsequent days in the following subjects according to the grade or grades specified opposite to each, the Oral and Practical tests being conducted either before or after the date in accordance with a notice that will be published in due season in Part I-B of the Fort St. George Gazette.

Notes.

Rank *	Elementary..	Intermediate..	Advanced
<i>Drawing, etc.</i>			
Free-hand Office Drawing ..	Elementary..	Intermediate..	Advanced
Designs † ..	Do ..	Do ..	Do ..
Geometrical Drawing ..	Do ..	Do ..	Do ..
Painting ‡ ..	Do ..	Do ..	Do ..
Modelling ..	Do ..	Do ..	Do ..
Wood engraving ..	Do ..	Do ..	Do ..
Copperplate Engraving ..	Do ..	Do ..	Do ..
<i>Jeweller's work.</i>			
Jeweller's work ..	Elementary..	Intermediate..	.....
Silver-smith's work ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Watch and Clock repairing ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
<i>Printing, Book-binding and Typesetting.</i>			
Lithographic Printing—	Elementary..	Intermediate..	.....
Compositor's work ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Pressman's work ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Machine work ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Printer's Workhouse work ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Book-binding ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Type-setting ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Electrotyping ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Galvanotyping ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
<i>Woodwork and Metal-work.</i>			
Cabinet-making † ..	Elementary..	Intermediate..	Advanced.
Blacksmith's work ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Carrriage building ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Metal-work ‡ ..	Elementary..	Do ..	Advanced.
<i>Leather-work.</i>			
Boot and Shoe-making ..	Elementary..	Intermediate..	.....
Tanning Leather ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Saddlery and Harness-making ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
<i>Textile Fabrics.</i>			
Cotton spinning ..	Do ..	Intermediate..	.....
Cotton-weaving † ..	Elementary..	Do ..	.....
Knitting, Dyeing and Finishing Cotton ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Silk-dyeing ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Silk Manufactures ..	Elementary..	Do ..	.....
Carpet-weaving ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
Linen-weaving ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....
<i>Glass and Pottery.</i>			
Pottery and Porcelain Manufacture ..	Elementary..	Intermediate..	.....
Glass-making ..	Do ..	Do ..	.....

\* Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications the particular branch they belong to for the purpose of being assigned to the appropriate grade:—  
 1. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 2. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 3. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 4. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 5. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 6. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 7. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 8. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 9. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.  
 10. Candidates belonging to the following should state in their applications whether they desire to be assigned to the "General" or "Special" grade.







15. Candidates should write their names, their father's names and their home names distinctly and in full in their applications and give their address in full also; if "Other Houses", they should state in column 5 of their applications whether they are "Non-Brethren House Masters", or "Pupils". Applications defective in any particular will be returned.

Note.—The acceptance or rejection of candidates, or the appointments held by them should necessarily be stated—in full—in column 12 of their applications.

16. *The fee for good work, is no one whatever, is refunded, as well as it is returned for a subsequent examination. Neither will any money be paid nor have been inclusively paid to members. Candidates are warned to study the regulations carefully and strictly themselves, before sending their fees, that they fulfil the prescribed conditions of admission to the examination and that they are, if necessary, prepared, at their own expense, beyond the hands of the examination centre allotted by them, for the purpose of undergoing the Written, or the Oral and Practical examinations.*

17. Candidates for the Intermediate or Advanced examinations whose names have already been published in the Gazette as having passed a particular stage or stages in subjects in which the examination is divided into stages, or as having passed the Intermediate (Late Preliminary) when the examination is of two grades—Intermediate and Advanced—must in their applications give the date and page of the Gazette in which their names appear and their number as the list of successful candidates.

18. The examinations in the subjects under "Drawing, etc.", will be conducted in the order of time and subjects set forth in the following table. Candidates will not be allowed to come up on more than one of the subjects included together for the same year on the same day in the table below, or for more than one grade of examination in the same subject on the same year.

Days	Hours	Subjects
Monday, 21st November	9 A.M. to 10.30 A.M.	Drawing from Flat Example .. Free-hand Outline Draw. I
	9 A.M. to 10 A.M.	Drawing from Flat Example with .. Do. .. I
	10.30 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.	Drawing from memory .. Do. .. A
	11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M.	Model Drawing .. Do. .. A
	12.30 P.M. to 1 P.M.	Do. .. Do. .. A
Tuesday, 22nd November	9 A.M. to 10.30 A.M.	Drawing in Roman Figures .. Geometrical Drawing .. I
	10.30 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.	Same Country .. Do. .. I
	11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M.	Drawing to given scale .. Do. .. I
	12.30 P.M. to 1 P.M.	Partial Figure and Self-Portrait .. Do. .. I
	1 P.M. to 2 P.M.	Geographical perspective .. Do. .. A
Wednesday, 23rd November	9 A.M. to 10.30 A.M.	Drawing Figures from Nature .. Free-hand Outline Draw. I
	10.30 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.	Antiquary of the Roman Figures (a) .. Do. .. A
	11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M.	Antiquary of the Roman Figures (b) .. Do. .. A
	12.30 P.M. to 1 P.M.	Written or Oral Examination .. Do. .. A
	1 P.M. to 2 P.M.	Mechanical Drawing from Machine .. Geometrical Drawing .. I
Thursday, 24th November	9 A.M. to 10.30 A.M.	Model Drawing .. Do. .. A
	10.30 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.	Geometrical .. Do. .. A
	11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M.	Geometrical .. Do. .. A
	12.30 P.M. to 1 P.M.	Geometrical .. Do. .. A
	1 P.M. to 2 P.M.	Mechanical Drawing from Machine .. Geometrical Drawing .. I
Friday, 25th November	9 A.M. to 10.30 A.M.	Perspective (Theoretical) .. Do. .. A
	10.30 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.	Copying Enamels .. Do. .. A
	11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M.	Design .. Do. .. A
	12.30 P.M. to 1 P.M.	Sketch Design .. Do. .. A
	1 P.M. to 2 P.M.	Modeling (Theoretical) .. Do. .. A
Saturday, 26th November	9 A.M. to 10.30 A.M.	Modeling (Theoretical) .. Do. .. A
	10.30 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.	Modeling .. Do. .. A
	11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M.	Design .. Do. .. A
	12.30 P.M. to 1 P.M.	Design .. Do. .. A
	1 P.M. to 2 P.M.	Design .. Do. .. A
Sunday, 27th November	9 A.M. to 10.30 A.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
	10.30 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
	11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
	12.30 P.M. to 1 P.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
	1 P.M. to 2 P.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
Monday, 28th November	9 A.M. to 10.30 A.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
	10.30 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
	11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
	12.30 P.M. to 1 P.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A
	1 P.M. to 2 P.M.	Working Drawings .. Do. .. A

F = Free-hand

I = Intermediate

A = Advanced

(a) The oral examination in Advanced Design will be held while the practical test is going on, if convenient.

(b) Two days including the subsequent day.

(c) Two days including the subsequent two days.

(d) Four days including the subsequent three days.

Days.	Hours.	Subjects.		
Tuesday, 29th.	8 a.m. to 10 noon	Dredging Equipment .. ..	Dredging .. ..	A
	9 a.m. to 12 noon	Light and Shade (Models in Regia) ..	Painting .. ..	E
		Painting Equipment from Gert ..	Do. .. ..	A
		Self Life Painting .. ..	Do. .. ..	A
Wednesday, 30th.	8 a.m. to 10 noon	Flowers at Village from Nature ..	Do. .. ..	E
		(Shaded) .. ..		
		Flowers at Village from Nature ..	Do. .. ..	E
		(Painted) .. ..		
Thursday, 1st.	8 a.m. to 10 noon	Dredging Equipment .. ..	Dredging .. ..	A
	9 a.m. to 12 noon	Light and Shade (Models in Regia) ..	Painting .. ..	E
	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Painting Equipment from Gert ..	Do. .. ..	A
		Self Life Painting .. ..	Do. .. ..	A
Friday, 2nd.	8 a.m. to 10 noon	Flowers at Village from Nature ..	Do. .. ..	E
		(Shaded) .. ..		
		Flowers at Village from Nature ..	Do. .. ..	E
		(Painted) .. ..		
Saturday, 3rd.	8 a.m. to 10 noon	Dredging Equipment .. ..	Dredging .. ..	A
	9 a.m. to 12 noon	Light and Shade (Models in Regia) ..	Painting .. ..	E
	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Painting Equipment from Gert ..	Do. .. ..	A
		Self Life Painting .. ..	Do. .. ..	A
Sunday, 4th.	8 a.m. to 10 noon	Flowers at Village from Nature ..	Do. .. ..	E
		(Shaded) .. ..		
		Flowers at Village from Nature ..	Do. .. ..	E
		(Painted) .. ..		

E = Elementary.

I = Intermediate.

A = Advanced.

(E) Two days including the afternoon day.

N.B.—The dates and hours for the examinations in the remaining subjects will be notified later.

19. For any further information that may be required, candidates are referred to the Government notification regarding the examinations, and to the syllabuses for the different subjects, copies of both of which may be had on payment at the Government Press, Madras. No copies either of the syllabuses or of the notification are to be furnished to candidates from the Commissioner's office.

20. Any candidate suspected of having had access to information of any kind is liable to have his candidature cancelled and also to be debarred from appearing again for any of the examinations under the control of the Commissioner for such term of years as the Commissioner may think fit; or, if the Commissioner is not satisfied for any reason whatever as to the trustworthiness of his conduct, he may be required to undergo a re-examination at some future date to be fixed by the Commissioner in any one or more of the subjects of the examination for which he appeared, his name or names being entered on the results of such re-examination.

(By order.)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,  
Madras, 16th August 1910.

G. MADDOX,  
Secretary.

# SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS.

NOTICE.

(CIVIL AND CRIMINAL JUDICIAL TESTS)

Candidates who have applied for admission to the Civil and Criminal Judicial Tests at the ensuing Special Test Examinations, are hereby informed that the books that they may be allowed to use in the examination have been selected from the questions papers at these examinations, and not necessarily from the Government publications. Books containing questions will not be permitted except those containing the questions. Also though questions papers will not be permitted except those containing the questions.

(By order.)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,  
Madras, 16th August 1910.

G. MADDOX,  
Secretary.

## UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

## NOTIFICATIONS

## ADVERTISEMENT.

In the list of candidates who failed in the B.L. Degree examination held in April 1910, published in the Supplement to Part I-B of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 17th July 1910, in page 4, between regular numbers 116 and 118, insert—

117 | a b s s.

(By order.)

J. J. HENSHMAN, B.A.,

Manager in charge.

Senate House, 15th August 1910.

## MATHEMATICS EXAMINATION, 1910.

In accordance with Regulation 176 the following text-books in English, of which a detailed knowledge will not be required, are prescribed for the above examination:—

- (1) Macmillan's English Language for Secondary Schools—Newbourne's Wordier Book.
- (2) The Vedas, translated by Professor Youngblood, from the Comment of Professor G. W. Loughan's Gress & Co.

Other text-books for that examination, including those of which a detailed knowledge will be required, will be published at the beginning of 1911.

(By order.)

J. J. HENSHMAN, B.A.,

Manager in charge.

Senate House, 15th July 1910.

## B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1911.

In the list of text-books in Kannada for the above examination:—

For Jagannatha Vijaya, Akshata (1-5), and Jagannatha Vijaya, Akshata (1-5).

(By order.)

J. J. HENSHMAN, B.A.,

Manager in charge.

Senate House, 15th July 1910.

## I. INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1910.

It is hereby notified that in Mahabharata Vyasa, one of the text-books in Telugu prescribed for the above examination, only Akshata II and III are to be studied and not the whole work.

## II. B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1910.

In the list of text-books in Telugu prescribed for the above examination:—

For Mahabharata-Akshata Vyasa (1-5) Verse, read Mahabharata-Akshata Vyasa, Akshata 1-5 in the first chapter.

(By order.)

J. J. HENSHMAN, B.A.,

Manager in charge.

Senate House, 15th July 1910.

## UNIVERSITY CALENDAR.

The Calendar of the University for 1909-1910 is now under preparation. That portion of volume II of the Calendar relating to the "Alphabetical List of Graduates" is carefully revised from year to year by the University Office. It is, however, presumed that the list contains the names of many deceased graduates, and that the column "Occupation" sometimes gives incorrect or insufficient information. The Manager in charge will be obliged to graduates and others for any information that would enable the office to correct the list and bring it up to date as far as possible.

(By order.)

J. J. HENSHMAN, B.A.,

Manager in charge.

Senate House, 15th July 1910.

## AWARD OF SCHOLARSHIPS.

The Syndicate has been pleased to award the Mahatma of Travancore Scholarship to Mr. P. G. Mathew, Student, College of Engineering, Madras.

(By order.)

V. M. GOPALACHARI,

Chief Clerk in charge.

Senate House, 6th August 1910.

FINAL EXAMINATION FOR TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES, FIRST QUARTER OF 1911.

Class	Grade of instruction	Time of examination.
Second Class	Classroom .. ..	Fourth week of January 1911.
	Teacher .. ..	Second week of February 1911.
	Regents .. ..	Fifth week of March 1911.
Fourth Class	Classroom .. ..	Fourth week of February 1911.
	Teacher .. ..	Second week of January 1911.
	Regents .. ..	Fifth week of March 1911.
Eighth Class	Classroom .. ..	Fourth week of January 1911.
	Teacher .. ..	Second week of February 1911.
	Regents .. ..	Fifth week of March 1911.
Central Class	Classroom .. ..	Fourth week of January 1911.
	Teacher .. ..	Second week of February 1911.
	Regents .. ..	Fifth week of March 1911.

2. The exact date of the examination will be communicated to each candidate in due course by the Inspector or the Inspectress of the Class.

3. Applications for admission to the examination must be submitted to the Inspector of Training Schools, Madras, S.W., at least a month before the date of the examination. Forms can be obtained from this office.

Office of the Insp. of European & Training Schools,  
Madras, 11th August 1910.

K. W. MIDDLEHAM,  
Inspector of European and Training Schools.

EUROPEAN SCHOOL AND SCHOLARSHIP EXAMINATIONS—1910

PRELIMINARY NOTIFICATION.

Examinations will be held on Monday, November 28th, 1910, and following days for the purpose of awarding scholarships at the conclusion of the Middle and High School students respectively.

1. Of testing the attainments of the students at the conclusion of their school course as completing the Middle or High School course.

2. These examinations will be open only to European scholars from recognized schools in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, and in the Madras Presidency and to test the private candidates who are Europeans. In order to be admitted as a private candidate, a boy or a girl must have studied privately under a teacher approved by the Inspector of European and Training Schools. No scholar from an unrecognized school and no one who has been a scholar at any school within one year of examination, can be admitted as a private candidate.

3. The fees charged for admission to the Middle and High School Examinations will be at the following rates:—

High School and Scholarship Examination .. ..	Rs. 10
Middle School and Scholarship Examination .. ..	14
.. .. .. .. ..	20

4. Applications for admission to these examinations should reach the Inspector of European and Training Schools on or before September 15th, 1910. Application forms and instructions relating to the filling up and submission of these forms can be obtained from the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations, Madras, on or after August 15th, 1910.

5. The examination of candidates from the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, will be in accordance with the subjects and courses prescribed in sections III and IV, respectively, of the Code of Regulations for European Schools in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore. The conditions of admission will be those prescribed in sections III and IV, respectively, of the same Code.

6. The examination of candidates for the Middle School and Scholarship Examination from the Madras Presidency will be in the following subjects:—

Subjects	Full marks.
(A) English—	
(a) Grammar and Composition .. ..	100
(b) Prescribed Exercises .. ..	100
(B) Mathematics—	
(i) Arithmetic .. ..	75
(ii) Geometry .. ..	75
(iii) Algebra .. ..	75
(C) and (D) Any two of the following:—	
History .. ..	75
Geography .. ..	75
Elementary Science .. ..	75
Elementary Botany .. ..	75
Hygiene .. ..	75
Book-keeping .. ..	75
Typewriting .. ..	75
(E) Book-keeping .. ..	100
(F) French Language (Latin, Vernacular or Modern European Language) .. ..	75
(G) French Drawing or Geometrical Drawing and Mathematics, or Book-keeping (Latin) .. ..	75

Note (1).—The standard of the question papers in these subjects will be in accordance with the scheme indicated in the "examina subject of examination and syllabus for European Schools" published by the Education Department.

Note (2).—For candidates who have taken the EE or EEE course in Mathematics, a second question paper in Arithmetic or the additional work in that subject prescribed for these courses will be submitted for the Algebra paper. For candidates who have taken the EEE course, there will be no question paper in Geometry, and candidates who have taken the EE course will not be required to

take the Geometrical Drawing portion of the examination in Geometrical Drawing and Mensuration. Applicants will be made that the aggregate of marks obtainable in the examination shall be the candidate's aggregate of the courses they have taken.

July (2) —Whereas necessary these will be alternative questions adapted to the various courses taken by candidates.

5. In order to pass the Middle School and Scholarship Examination, 50 per cent. of the possible marks must be obtained in each division of the subject English (so failing this, 50 per cent. of the aggregate marks for the whole subject), 50 per cent. in Arithmetic, 50 per cent. of the possible marks in each of two other subjects and 400 marks of the total aggregate. Marks for any subject other than English and Arithmetic will not be included in the aggregate if they fall below 50 per cent. of the possible marks in that subject. The purpose of this regulation, Theology and Algebra will be recorded as two separate subjects.

8. The examination of candidates for the High School and Scholarship Examinations from the Madras Presidency will be in the following subjects:—

<i>Subjects.</i>	<i>Full marks.</i>					
(1) English— (a) Structure and Composition (b) Prosodic Text-Books	..	..	..	..	..	100
(2) Mathematics— (a) Arithmetic (b) Geometry (c) Algebra	..	..	..	..	..	100
(3) Physics (Royal), Physics in History (Kidd)	..	..	..	..	..	100
(4), (5), (6) and (7) Any three of the following of which two at least must be taken by boys from the group assigned A....	..	..	..	..	..	100
<i>Second Language (Latin, Unimolecular or Modern European Languages)</i>	<i>Full marks.</i>					
Chemistry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	50
French .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
German .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
Portuguese .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
Russian .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
Sanskrit .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
Non-teaching .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
Teaching .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
European Geography .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
Modern European History .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
Scientific Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100
Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	100

*Note 11*—The standard of the question papers in these subjects will be in accordance with the norms indicated in the "curricula subjects of examination and syllabuses for Marathi Schools" published by the Education Department.

**Note (2).—**For candidates who have taken the A.A. course in Mathematics, alternative questions in the abbreviated course of Mathematics and Geometrical Drawing and Examination will be included in the mathematical question papers.

6. In order to pass the High School and Scholarship Examination, 40 per cent. of the possible marks from the obtained marks in the division of the subject English (see Table III, 40 per cent. of the possible marks in that subject), 40 per cent. of the possible marks in Arithmetic, 30 per cent. of the possible marks in the other three subjects and 40 marks in the aggregate. The marks given in 30 per cent of the possible marks in that subject. For purposes of this regulation, Geometry and Algebra subjects are included. Commercial Drawing and Measurement will be counted as 10 marks.

20. No candidate may appear for the High School Examination until he has received two years' instruction in the High School Standards.

11. Successful candidates at the Middle and High School Examinations will be arranged in three classes. Those who obtain 60 percent of the possible aggregate shall be placed in the first class; those who obtain 45 per cent, but less than 60 per cent, in the second class; and the remainder in the third class. Candidates who obtain not less than 75 per cent of the possible marks in any subject shall obtain distinction in that subject.

12 The names of candidates who pass the Middle School Examination will be announced to the Messengers of the school concerned. In the case of the High School Examination, the results for boys and girls will be shown separately and will be granted. Candidates will be given to those who pass the Middle and High School Examinations, showing the subjects in which they pass.

18. Information regarding the Prime Minister, Ministers, and Members of the Council of Ministers.

For examination timetables and regulations for candidates at the examination, visit the examination website.

Office of the Inspector of Navigation & Training Schools,  
Medford, 25th August 1910.

E. W. MIDDLEMAST, M.A.,  
Inspector of European and Training Schools  
and President of the European School & Scholarship  
Association Board

## KUNOPKAW 8010470

THE PRIMARY SCHOOL LEAVING EXAMINATION, 1904

3. The slow examination (boys and girls) will be held on Monday the 24th November, 1936, succeeding day.

For candidates from the Civil and Military Navies, Barcelona, the examination will be in accordance with the provisions of articles 33 and 34 of the Code of Regulations for European Schools with certain slight modifications already notified to the schools concerned.

3. For candidates from the Madras Presidency, there will be a written examination in the following subjects:—

Subjects	Full marks.
(1) English .. .. .	200
(2) Space and number work .. .. .	500 "
(3) One of the following subjects—	
Geography .. .. .	100
History .. .. .	100
Elementary Science .. .. .	100
(4) Second Language (Tamil or Telugu or Modern European Language).	100
(5) Freehand Drawing (Maps)	
or	
Needle-work (Girls)	100

NOTE.—(a) The standard of the question papers in the above subjects will be the same as that indicated in the curricula subjects of examinations and syllabuses for European schools published by the Education Department.

(b) In order to qualify for a place in the scholarship list, 50 per cent. of the possible marks must be obtained in English and 30 per cent. of the possible marks in Arithmetic and 500 words in the appropriate. Marks for any subject other than English and Arithmetic will not be counted if they fall below 50 per cent. of the possible marks in that subject.

4. Candidates for Primary Scholarships must be under 15 years of age on the 1st December 1910. The candidates under which the scholarships are available are stated in Chapter X of the Code of Regulations for European Schools.

5. No fees are charged for admission to the Primary Scholarship Examination.

6. Applications which should be made on printed forms obtainable on or after the 16th August 1910, from the office of the Commissioner for Government Examinations, Old College, Madras, must reach the office of the Inspector of European and Training Schools, Old College, Madras, on or before the 15th September 1910.

7. The list of entries and the examination timetable with such further information as may be necessary will be published later.

Office of the Insp. of European & Training Schools,  
Madras, 15th August 1910.

E.W. MIDDLEMAN, M. A.,  
Inspector of European & Training Schools  
and President of the European School & Scholarship  
Examination Board.

# EXAMINATION IN SCHOOL MANAGEMENT AND IN THE ART OF TEACHING FOR TEACHERS IN EUROPEAN SCHOOLS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY AND IN THE CIVIL AND MILITARY STATIONS, KASARLODUR, UNDER ARTICLE 43 OF THE CODE OF REGULATIONS FOR EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

As examinations in School Management and the Art of Teaching under article 43 of the Code of Regulations for European Schools, Madras and Bangalore, will be held in December 1910. The date and nature of the examination will be notified later.

2. The examination is open to European teachers who have taught recognised European Schools in the Presidency of Madras or the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, for not less than two years since December 1st, 1908, under the observation of the Inspector of European Schools or an agent. Teachers of Hindu Schools and who have satisfied the Inspector or Inspectress concerned as regards their attitude and skill in teaching and in class management. In deciding whether the two years' work has been satisfactory or not the Inspector or Inspectress will be guided by the confidential reports received in accordance with the departmental rules relating to probationary teachers, as well as by their observation of the teacher's work at the annual inspections.

Applications should be made on printed forms which can be obtained from the Inspector of European Schools, Old College, Madras S.W., and should reach the Inspector not later than October 1st, 1910. They should be accompanied by a recent photograph, in which should be quoted any remarks made by the Inspecting officer as to the value of the annual inspection reports of the present and previous years relating to the value of the teacher and his or her eligibility to appear for the examination. It should also be mentioned whether the applicant appeared for the examination in 1909 or not.

Applications from teachers employed in schools under the inspection of an Inspectress of Hindu Schools should be submitted through the Inspectress concerned in order that the latter may have the opportunity of passing the certificate of eligibility appended to the printed form of application. No fee and no post before the submission of this application, but each teacher or one found eligible after scrutiny of their applications will be required to pay the prescribed fee (reduced fee) before admission to the examination.

3. Applications from teachers who seem to satisfy the conditions of admission on the date of receipt of their application should be submitted as soon as possible, in order to facilitate verification of their fitness for the posts stated in the applications and to afford ample time for demonstration of their eligibility or the reverse. It should be noted that some teachers who are not eligible at the time of receipt of this notification may, under certain conditions, become eligible before the latest date fixed for application. Such teachers should be warned of the impending examination and should be requested to communicate their names to the office with particulars of reasons in order that preliminary verification may be begun. Final applications from such teachers should be submitted as soon as they become eligible for the examination.

4. Candidates anxious to secure themselves that their applications have been received should enclose an addressed post card in their respective applications. The post card should bear the teacher's address only and no other writing. Such post cards will be returned to them in due season with the Inspector's acknowledgment.

A. The following is the curriculum for the candidates for the Middle and the Primary Teachers' certificates. The many papers will be set for both grades, but will contain a certain number of abstractive questions of a simpler nature for candidates of the Primary grade.

#### GENERAL MAXIMS.

- (a) School buildings and equipment: the housing of various types of school buildings on the work of the school; sanitary conditions and expenses.
- (b) The curricula for different types of European schools; the framing of syllabuses in different subjects and of textbooks.
- (c) School records including European school registers and returns.
- (d) The moral aim of school work and its connection with the home. Formation of habits—mental and manual—such as order, thoroughness, consideration for others, loyalty to fellow-pupils and teacher. School drill, common branches of order and decorum and how to deal with them. Personality of the moral law and how to deal with them. Relations between teacher and pupil and teacher and parent; progress and conduct reports.

#### AIM OF TEACHING.

*General principle of method.*—(1) The division of a subject into portions suitable (a) for each school year or term; (b) for each lesson. Differences which may be noticed between the sequence of ideas or arrangement of the subject matter, which may be demanded (i) by the nature of the child's mind and (ii) by the systematic treatment of textbooks. The use of selective rather than deductive methods.

- (2) Perception and apprehension.
- (3) The typical lesson form; the four steps—
  - (a) Preparation (particularly as concerned with bringing into the pupils' minds those thoughts and feelings which will help in the acquisition of the new knowledge, whether they are the result of previous lessons or of his out-of-school experience, and as including an introduction of the aim of the lesson).
  - (b) Presentation, the making of presentation, *e.g.* experiment, narration, developing questioning.
  - (c) Abstraction, especially limitations in its use.
  - (d) Application.

*The leading of the subjects of the curriculum.*—Structure and use of the vocal organs; means of securing correct articulation; use of studies, continuous speech; reading the alphabet, book- and eye and pencil work, legible posture in writing; dictation and transcription as means of study; Structure of the aim in teaching it, its correlation with reading and composition; use of pictures, objects, concrete passages, words and sentences; composition, oral and written; the use of the study rules of presentation; the teaching of sentences and paragraph structure; the value of outside reading; choice of subjects in relation to the characteristics of the class.

*Art and eye training.*—Drawing, the various useful subjects for school work and the utility in practice of such, best methods of teaching; colour and posture at work; the use of the crayon and ink; how to draw; drawing as a training in observation and accuracy as a course of expression and plan. Drawing in connection with history and geography; the school record, *e.g.* map with all past lessons and nature study; drawing in connection with writing; kindergartens, occupations and their connection with the other subjects of the child's education.

*Science study or Elementary Science.*—Its aims and methods; the framing of suitable courses of lessons about natural phenomena, including animal and plant life and elementary physical geography with reference to local circumstances.

*Science study and Elementary Mathematics.*—Suitable methods and apparatus, especially practical methods in arithmetic and geometry, and oral methods in arithmetic.

*Geography.*—Its relation with nature study on the one hand and history on the other—the purposes of elementary or geographical teaching; teaching—the real meaning and use of maps—map-drawing and map-reading—other useful apparatus.

*History.*—Elementary study in teaching it, too much detail, a sort of perspective, continuous use of facts and understanding of its subject matter, failure to bring into the relation with their first language work. Importance of language, how to select and teach biographies. Necessity of a flow to show up agreed syllabus. Ways of dealing with the class work-book. Selection of appropriate poetry, songs and works in connection with the period studied.

*Domestic Economy for women (practical).*—Methods appropriate for the teaching of the course for Middle and Primary Schools published by the department.

*General.*—Notes and notes taking, their use in school work; home work and exercises, its aims and amount for different classes and in the different subjects, reasons for limiting amount of home exercises as a rule as possible in less or more; the correction of home exercises and notes.

*The preparation of lessons by the teacher, notes of lessons.*

*Library and readers.*—Their value; methods of encouraging their use by pupils.





## NOTIFICATION.

## FULL ASSISTANT PROFESSOR.

In future in selecting candidates for appointment as Civil Assistant Professor, preference will be given to those who have undergone a course of lectures in Dentistry as well as Minor Surgery Engineering at the Medical College, Madras.

(By order.)

C. A. F. HENDERSON, Captain, I.M.S.,  
*As. Professor Assistant to the Surgeon General*  
 with the Government of Madras.

Madras 26th August 1912.

## REMOVAL OF OFFICE.

The office of the Inspector of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, has been removed to "Cordon's Bungalow", San Thome.

Tangore, 23rd July 1910.

F. F. PARSONS,  
*As. Inspector of Girls' Schools, Central Circle*

## SCHOLARSHIPS.

Under the Scholarship notification for the current year the Acting Inspectors of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, authorize the following scholarships and grantable allowances for Madras and Madras-warden schools up to the end of June 1913 :-

No.	Name of pupil	Name of institution in which resident	Name of corresponding school	Value of scholarship per annum	Value of grantable allowance per annum	Date from which the scholarship and grantable allowance are to take effect.
1	P. Thiruvengala Ammal.	Presidency Training School for Madras.	Stapledon, Pand. Army Training School, Madras.	12	0	
2	Vijaya .. ..	Do	Do	0	0	
3	A. Kanchamma ..	Do	Do	0	0	
4	S. R. J. Ammal	Do	Do	0	0	
5	Kumari Ammal ..	S. P. G. Lady Sagar's High School, Coimbatore.	For. W. H. Girls ..	0	0	
6	Arundel .. ..	Do	Do	0	0	
7	Thal Ammal ..	Do	Do	0	0	
8	Nathan B.	Government Herbert Training School for Madras.	Head Madras, Government, Herbert School, Madras.	7	0	
9	Parvathi ..	Do	Do	0	0	
10	Subramanyam Ammal ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	Head Madras, Government, Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	0	0	
11	Beulah Mathew ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	Do	0	0	
12	V. Thirumala ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	Do	0	0	
13	Radha B. B.	Stella Maris, Girls' School, Madras.	Stella Maris, Girls' School, Madras.	0	0	
14	Pharadi B.	Do	Do	0	0	
15	Parvathamma Ammal ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	Head Madras, Government, Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	0	0	
16	Arundel B. B.	Government Herbert Training School for Madras.	Head Madras, Government, Herbert School, Madras.	0	0	
17	Radha B. B.	Government Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	Head Madras, Government, Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	0	0	
18	Arundel Ammal ..	Presidency Training School, Madras.	Stapledon, Pand. Army Training School, Madras.	0	0	
19	Radha B. B.	Stella Maris, Girls' School, Madras.	Stella Maris, Girls' School, Madras.	0	0	
20	Radha B. B.	Government Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	Head Madras, Government, Hindu Girls' School, Madras.	0	0	
21	Arundel B. B.	Do	Do	0	0	

The above scholarships which should be given in advance for each month are payable to the head Government School or Secondary or Elementary School for Girls.

Madras, 6th August 1912.

F. F. PARSONS,  
*As. Inspector of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.*

The scholarships are to take effect from the date of payment in the case of new appointments and from 1st January 1913 in the case of those who had appointments before that date.

GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS.

Under section I of the Government Scholarship Act for the current year, the Acting Inspectors of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, is pleased to announce the following scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 5 each, available till the end of June 1911—

Names of pupils.	Institution in which awarded.	Name of recipient.	From whom the scholarship is to be taken effect.
1. Kannekannu ..	Government Girls' School, Nellore town.	Headmistress, Government Girls' School, Nellore town.	1st January 1910
2. Kallin M. Kallin ..	Resona Girls' School, Madras ..	Headmistress, Resona Girls' School, Madras ..	Do.
3. K. Kannekannu ..	U.F.C.M. Hospital, Madras ..	Headmistress, U.F.C.M. Hospital, Madras ..	Do.
4. Kannekannu ..	S.P.B. Lady May's High Girls' School, Madras ..	Headmistress, S.P.B. Lady May's High Girls' School, Madras ..	Do.
5. Kannekannu ..	F. Scholastic, Madras ..	Headmistress, F. Scholastic, Madras ..	Do.
6. Kannekannu ..	U.F.C.M. Even Girls' School, Chingleput ..	Headmistress, U.F.C.M. Even Girls' School, Chingleput ..	Do.
7. C. Kannekannu ..	Government Girls' School, Madras ..	Headmistress, Government Girls' School, Madras ..	Do.
8. Y. Kannekannu ..	Government Girls' School, Chingleput ..	Headmistress, Government Girls' School, Chingleput ..	Do.

Madras, 26th July 1910.

P. F. PARSONS,  
Acting Inspector of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

VACANCIES.

Wanted for the Government Training School, Kurnool, a trained and certified Gymnastic Instructor who is below 25 years of age. The pay of the appointment is Rs. 100—15. Applicants with copies of testimonials and certificates should reach the undersigned before the 26th August 1910.

Anantapur, 26th July 1910.

H. CHAMPION,  
Acting Inspector of Schools, III Circle.

Wanted a History Graduate for the Municipal High School, Bellary. Salary Rs. 10—4—0. Trained men will be preferred.

Municipal Council, Bellary,  
26th July 1910.

M. GOPALASWAMY NUDARAYAN,  
Chairman.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B  
OF  
**THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.**

No. 33.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1901. [Price, 5 pice

**GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.**  
**GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS,**  
**APRIL 1910.**

The following candidates are declared to have passed the **GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS** held in April 1910 in the subjects under which their names appear:—

(A notice is now appearing in Part III of the Fort St. George Gazette asking when applications should be made for certificates "Pass" candidates will receive their certificates through the hands of the respective institutions from which they appeared. "Fails" candidates, except such of them as were concerned at Madras, Bangalore, Mysore, Kanchi, Trichy or Tirunelveli, should apply for their certificates to the Controller of the respective Examinations; those concerned at Bangalore and Mysore, to the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, Bangalore; and those concerned at Kanchi, Trichy and Tirunelveli, to the Commissioner of the respective Districts.)

[N.B.—Applications from unsuccessful candidates asking for information as to the cause of failure or for a re-examination of their answer papers will not be attended to.]

Number of order of merit.	Register number.	Name of candidate.	Place concerned.	Where educated.
<b>BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION (ELEMENTARY GRADE).</b>				
<b>First Class</b>				
1.	1519	M. Abdul Aziz	Madras	P.T. Lee Chingdrang Nooker's Technical and Industrial Institute, Yagoty, Bangalore.
	2072	Chidambaram Jayaram	Bangalore	S.R.A.S.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
	2080	K. Shamu Rao	Mysore	Private study.
3	1125	Danda Jayaram Singh	Madras	P.T. Lee Chingdrang Nooker's Technical and Industrial Institute, Yagoty, Bangalore.
5	2467	S. Chinnaswami Nayudu	Kambojapuram	Do
8	325	S. Ganeswarthi	Bellary	Do
	2879	Chakraborty L. Thomas	Bangalore	S.R.A.S.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
		Chattaraya Vinayak Thekar	Madras	P.T. Lee Chingdrang Nooker's Technical and Industrial Institute, Yagoty, Bangalore.
9	2877	Krishnakrishna Chakraborty	Bangalore	S.R.A.S.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
	3742	P. Krishna Murthy	Tirunelveli	Private study.
	1675	Thangarajah Kilian Pichay	Bangalore	S.R.A.S.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.

Rank in order of merit	Register number	Name of candidate	Where awarded	Where studied
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## BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—cont.

## First Class—1914.

	2084	C. Venkateswaraiah ..	Bangalore ..	R.S.A.N.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
13	2091	Elaksheth Pachay Waiyer ..	Do ..	Do.
	2152	A. Alwar Pannanay ..	Tiruchirappalli ..	Private study
	2092	A. N. Subbarao Manotha ..	Bangalore ..	R.S.A.N.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
15	2289	T. V. Venkateswami ..	Tanjore ..	Private study
17	2259	Erada K. Narayana Rao ..	Bangalore ..	R.S.A.N.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
19	2261	R. Subrahmanya Aiyar ..	Tiruchirappalli ..	Private study
	2250	B. R. Kanna Pillai ..	Do ..	Do.
20	2251	K. S. Krishnaswami ..	Tiruchirappalli ..	Do.
21	2262	C. S. Srinivasakrishnan Aiyar ..	Trichirappalli ..	Do.

## Second Class

22	Yarri Gangaswami ..	Vengalpet ..	Private study.
1160	C. P. Madhavan ..	Madras ..	P. T. Lee Chongahwee's Malabar's Technical and Industrial Institute, Vengalpet.
1116	Vallabha Balakrishnan Madell ..	Do ..	Do.
1111	Mangappan Legasudhan ..	Do ..	Do.
1113	D. Ramaswami Aiyar ..	Do ..	Do.
1114	Sadha Siva Sankar ..	Do ..	Do.
1115	Jagan Hara Venkatesha Madell ..	Do ..	Do.
1117	P. C. Padmasubha Pillai ..	Do ..	Do.
1118	Syed Abdul Kadir ..	Do ..	Do.
1120	M. Sundaram ..	Do ..	Do.
1121	S. I. Sundaram ..	Do ..	Do.
1122	Karapichan P. Parthasarathi Madell ..	Do ..	Do.
1179	Pakkam Krishnasudhan ..	Do ..	Do.
1221	R. Krishnaswami Madell ..	Do ..	Private study.
1223	Muthukala V. Sathyanarayana ..	Do ..	Do.
1246	K. Subbaraj Rao ..	Myore ..	Do.
1274	Pilludan I. Paul ..	Bangalore ..	R.S.A.N.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
1278	Narath Karasudhan Moora ..	Do ..	Do.
1281	Chembotera S. Gopalakrishnan ..	Do ..	Do.
1282	Kalai Padmasubha Aiyar ..	Do ..	Do.
1283	Manohara Narayana Waiyer ..	Do ..	Do.
1284	Sundaram ..	Do ..	Do.
1272	B. Narayana Rao ..	Do ..	Private study.
1273	P. L. Raja Nayana ..	Do ..	Do.
1276	Jaka D'Souza ..	Tiruchirappalli ..	Do.
1245	T. S. Rangaswami Aiyar ..	Do ..	Do.
1242	S. Ramaswami ..	Do ..	Do.
1271	S. Venkateswami ..	Tiruchirappalli ..	Do.
1275	P. Thara Pillai ..	Do ..	Do.
1274	T. Subramania Pillai ..	Do ..	Do.
1275	K. Arayana Pillai ..	Do ..	Do.

## BUILDING DRAWING AND ESTIMATING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

## First Class

1	1287	Kemathi Pattijanthil ..	Krishna ..	Bangalore ..	R.S.A.N.M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
2	1213	T. Pura Subramanian ..	Myore ..	Private study.	

## Second Class

	1284	Sheriff Abdul Ali ..	Bangalore ..	Private study.
	1214	Tadapat Venkateswami Rao ..	Trichirappalli ..	Do.
	1287	Vengal Venkateswami ..	Do ..	Do.
	1288	G. Narayana ..	Do ..	Do.
	1212	Chandrasekaran Katta Subba ..	Madras ..	P. T. Lee Chongahwee's Malabar's Technical and Industrial Institute, Vengalpet.
	1281	S. Lakshman Madell ..	Do ..	Private study.
	1220	K. Manaswami Madell ..	Do ..	Do.

Serials in order of merit	Register number.	Name of candidate.	Where examined.	Where educated.
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BUILDING-DRAWING AND ESTIMATING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).—cont.

SECOND CLASS.—cont.

5592	M. Ganesapilla Pillai .. ..	Trivandrum.	Private study.
5614	Maheela S. Ramappa .. ..	Mysore ..	Do.
5615	Trichi P. Sivasubram Pillai ..	Do ..	Do.
5621	C. K. Sundara Pillai .. ..	Bangalore ..	M. H. S. M.'s Technical School, Bangalore.
5685	Pattabhiram Kripa Krishna Menon .. ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
5686	K. Raghava Sundarad .. ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
5709	Qutub H. Vaidyanagayyar ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
5705	Raochikish Krishna Menon ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
5708	Pothayyan V. Sankaranarayana Aiyar .. ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
5705	C. K. Krishna Pothiradi .. ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
5707	V. Govinda Menon .. ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
5710	H. Neelapadaya .. ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
5773	Venkatadri Kappaswami .. ..	Do. ..	Private study.
5743	M. Mathew George .. ..	Trichinopoly.	Do.
5745	T. E. Menickam .. ..	Do.	Do.
5766	W. C. Abraham Nalagodan ..	Do.	Do.

(By order)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,  
Madras, 15th August 1919

G. MADDIX,  
Secretary.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B  
OF  
**THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.**

No. 33.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1909. [Price, 2 pice.

**FINAL EXAMINATION FOR TEACHERS'  
CERTIFICATES, 1909.**

**SUPPLEMENTAL.**

It is hereby notified that the following candidates, who passed the Preliminary Examination of December 1905 and subsequent years, have passed the FINAL EXAMINATION FOR TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES held in October 1909 and have qualified for complete certificates under rule 154 of the Madras Educational Rules :-

Rank.	Name of candidate.	Institution in which trained.	Period of training.	Course of examination.
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**TRAINED CANDIDATES.**

**ELEMENTARY GRADE.**

**First Class.**

145	Tiruvalla Perias	St. Ann's Training School for Mistresses, Mangalam.	January 1904 to December 1904.	Cochin.
146	Chengal Kallia	S.F.L.M. Training School for Mistresses, Gattur.	January 1907 to December 1907.	Gattur.

**UNTRAINED CANDIDATES.**

**First Class.**

147	St. John's English School P. Maravayal	....	....	Gattur
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## FAILURE LIST.

The following candidates failed in the Final Examination held in October 1915 at Oudtshoorn.

2. They cannot appear for the examination again before the time noted against their names.

Number.	Name of candidate.	Institution to which sent.	Period of training.	Time before which the candidate must appear again for the Final examination.
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## TRAINED CANDIDATES.

## ELEMENTARY GRADE.

125	Yakobus	Government School for Negroes, Matroos, Graham.	January 1914 to December 1915.	October 1916.
126	Pilly Jansen	A.E.M. Training School for Negroes, Graham.	January 1915 to December 1915.	Do.

## UNTRAINED CANDIDATE.

124	Sister Mary Theresa of the S. Marys Con- vent.	....	....	October 1915.
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Office of the Inspector of Elementary & Training Schools,  
Kodua, 11th August 1915.

E. W. MIDGLEY,  
Inspector of Elementary and Training Schools.



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 33.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1910.

[Price, 2 annas.

## Part III.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

### CONTENTS.

Announcements, Letters to Authors, &c.	1910	1910	1910
Notified, Board of Revenue, First and			
Public Works .. ..	1185-1192		
Notifications—			
Quarantine .. ..	1197	Notifications—cont.	
Justice .. ..	1198	Maritime .. ..	1196
Forestry .. ..	1199	Post Office .. ..	1199
Forest Works .. ..	1199	Ordnance Administration .. ..	1199
Minors .. ..	1199	Veterinary .. ..	1197
Revenue .. ..	1199	Public Administration .. ..	1197
		Enquiries—	
		Abstract of Report for the week ending 15th	
		August 1910 .. ..	
		Statistical Results.	

### APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE OF ABSENCE, &c.

#### JUDICIAL.

*Provision.*—The following wrong promotions of District Munsifs have been ordered by the High Court:—

1. During the absence on privilege leave of M.R. By. Rajagopal Rao Ayyangar, B.A., LL.B., District Munsif, Second Grade—

With effect from 15th May 1910.

M.R. By. Korthali Aditya Kanna Ayyangar, B.A., LL.B., is set as District Munsif, Second Grade.

M.R. By. Kodayattalar Vekateswara Ayyangar Dattakrishna Ayyangar, B.A., LL.B., is set as District Munsif, Third Grade.

2. During the absence on furlough of M.R. By. Nishitha Sanyal, B.A., LL.B., District Munsif, First Grade—

With effect from 15th June 1910.

M.R. By. Tirumala Sankar Natarajapuram Ayyangar, B.A., LL.B., is set as District Munsif, First Grade.

M.R. By. Arul Sundara Krishnamoorti Ayyar Ayyangar, B.A., LL.B., is set as District Munsif, Second Grade.

M.R. By. Marjori Sankarappa Annas Patil Ayyangar, B.A., LL.B., is set as District Munsif, Third Grade.



Will effect from 6th July 1910.

- M. R. Ry. Venkatesh Sankartha Tygaraja's Ayyar Aravagal, S.A., S.L., to act as District Munsif, First Grade.  
 M. R. Ry. Venkatesh Vengalrao Rao's Ayyar Aravagal, S.A., S.L., to act as District Munsif, Second Grade.  
 M. R. Ry. Chakraborty Ramaswami Ayyar Venkateswara Ayyar Aravagal, S.A., S.L., to act as District Munsif, Third Grade.
3. During the absence on privilege leave of M. R. Ry. Pundit Chandra Tirumakotiah Ayyar, District Munsif, Second Grade—

Will effect from 6th July 1910.

- Mr. Thomas Mann Fyfe, Barrister-at-Law, to act as District Munsif, Second Grade.  
 M. R. Ry. Doodappa Subba Rao Gera to act as District Munsif, Third Grade.
4. During the engagement of M. R. Ry. Tarsak Appudal Ayyar Ramakrishna Ayyar Aravagal, S.A., to Acting Subordinate Judge—

Will effect from 11th July 1910.

- M. R. Ry. Mahalida Dero Rao Aravagal, S.A., S.L., to act as District Munsif, First Grade.  
 M. R. Ry. Pachamangudi Sankarasa Ayyar Sankarasa Ayyar Aravagal, S.A., S.L., to act as District Munsif, Second Grade.  
 M. R. Ry. Mahal Appaji Rao Aravagal, S.A., S.L., to act as District Munsif, Third Grade.

Will effect from 28th July 1910.

- M. R. Ry. Nadesar Annad Prabhakar Chavara Aravagal, S.A., S.L., to act as District Munsif, Third Grade.

Will effect from 5th August 1910.

- Mr. Thomas Mann Fyfe, Barrister-at-Law, to act as District Munsif, Second Grade.  
 M. R. Ry. Doodappa Subba Rao Gera, to act as District Munsif, Third Grade.

High Court of Judicature, Madras,  
 12th August 1910.

*Appointment.*—The following appointment of District Munsif has been made by the High Court—

M. R. Ry. Pundit Sankarasa Ayyar Aravagal, S.A., S.L., High Court Yakkil, is appointed to act as Fourth-grade District Munsif during the absence on privilege leave of M. R. Ry. S. Ramaswami Ayyar Aravagal or until further orders, and is posted to Tadagim (North Malabar district).

High Court of Judicature, Madras,  
 12th August 1910.

*Appointment.*—The Hon'ble the Chief Justice has made the following appointments in the Rule Committee constituted by the Notification, No. 24, 217 of 1909, and 5615 dated 1909, published at page 303, Part II of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 23rd March 1910:—

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wilson to be a member of the Committee during the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Benson on leave or until further orders.

High Court of Judicature, Madras,  
 16th August 1910.

H. D. G. REILLY,  
*Register.*

## BOARD OF REVENUE.

REVENUE, AGENCIES AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

*Leave.*—Under article 210 of the Civil Service Regulations, M. R. Ry. Chinnabasa Ranga Rao Subba Rao, Assistant Inspector, is granted privilege leave for six weeks from 5th August 1910.

*Appointment.*—Mr. Cecil Egan, Sub-Inspector, is appointed to act as Assistant Inspector and posted to the Lathimallu District, Southern District Office, and M. R. Ry. Chinnabasa Ranga Rao Subba Rao, Assistant Inspector, granted leave. To join at once.

Board of Revenue (Deputy Revenue),  
 Chingach, 16th August 1910.

*Leave.*—Under article 210 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. Clarence Henry Gibby, Assistant Inspector, is granted privilege leave for two months from date of release.

Board of Revenue (Deputy Revenue),  
 Chingach, 23rd August 1910.

*Leave.*—Under article 210 of the Civil Service Regulations, M. R. Ry. Rajamannan Nallamuthu Ayyar, Assistant Inspector, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty days from date of release.

*Transfer.*—M.R.Ey. Unsh. Panamaren, Assistant Inspector, on return from leave is posted to the Excise Circle viz Mr. Chavara Henry Gilly, Assistant Inspector, granted leave.

M.R.Ey. Condramanickam Ranganathan Appanay, Magistrate Assistant, Assistant Inspector, on the expiry of the temporary duty in the Chidambaram Circle, is posted to the Tiruchirappalli Circle viz M.R.Ey. Rajagopalan Sambamurti-nannu Appay, Assistant Inspector, granted leave.

Board of Revenue (Deputies Division),  
Chennai, 10th August 1910.

H. A. E. TUDOR,  
Secretary.

# FORUM.

*Extension of Leave.*—The one month's privilege leave granted to K. C. S. Rang, Banger, Ganjam District, on the 22nd Service Order No. 183 of 1910, dated 15th June 1910, is extended by five days.

Waltair, 6th August 1910.

*Leave.*—M.R.Ey. S. Rameswamy Appay, Banger, Ganjam District, is granted privilege leave for two months from date of relief by Mr. Chitham.

A. W. LUSHINGTON,  
Governor of Forests, Northern Circle.

Waltair, 10th August 1910.

# PUBLIC WORKS.

*Leave.*—M.R.Ey. N. Subramanyam Appay, Temporary Upper Subordinate, Ganjam Division, is granted privilege leave for eleven days with effect from 20th May 1910 forenoon.

Vijayapattinam, 6th August 1910.

*Leave.*—M.R.Ey. S. Taghara Appanay, Conservator, Fort Circle, Ganjam Division, is granted privilege leave for three weeks with effect from 7th June 1910 forenoon. This covers the sickleave published in the Port St. George Gazette, dated 17th April 1910, Part II, page 690.

A. C. LANGSTON,  
Superintending Engineer, I Circle.

Vijayapattinam, 17th August 1910.

*Appointment.*—M.R.Ey. T. V. Sotha Appay appointed Temporary Upper Subordinate and posted to this Circle as Chief Engineer's Memorandum No. 12-D, dated 10th April 1910, was attached to the office of the Superintending Engineer, III Circle, from the 10th April 1910 to the 23rd April 1910.

C. MILLIKEN,  
Superintending Engineer, III Circle.

Bellary, 9th August 1910.

*Transfer.*—The following transfers are ordered by the Superintending Engineer, VI Circle:—

(1) M.R.Ey. R. Sivarajanthan Appanay, S.A., S.B., Temporary Engineer, is transferred from the Madras to the Tanjore division for charge of the Irrigation sub-division. The orderment with it accords to transfer pay and allowances.

(2) M.R.Ey. Sivarajanthan Appay transferred from the Tanjore to the Madras division for charge of the Irrigation sub-division.

*Leave.*—M.R.Ey. Sivarajanthan Appay transferred from the Tanjore to the Madras division, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, under Civil Service Regulations, 28A, from the 1st April 1910 to date of relief.

T. W. S. SMYTH,  
Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.

Tanjore, 15th August 1910.

# GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

## PATENTS.

## INVENTIONS.

The following specifications of inventions have been filed in accordance with section II of the Inventions and Designs Act, 1902, and are open to inspection at the Office of the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, on the payment of a fee of one rupee in the case of each specification:—

(By Leonard Alfred Powell-Cotton, Tulke Maxmillianus, of Tewin, Herts, Liverpool Road, Huddersfield, Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, England).—Improvements in or relating to fixtures for holding models, and which are also applicable for the mounting, exhibiting and display of any.

(By ...).—Improvements in or relating to the fixtures of bottom of the Lacustrine, ...

(By ...).—Improvements in or relating to the fixtures of bottom of the Lacustrine, ...

(By John Arthur Hoag, Engineer, Surveyor and Pipe-Fitter, of Sumner, British India).—Inventions ...

(By John Arthur Hoag, Engineer, Surveyor and Pipe-Fitter, of Sumner, British India).—Inventions ...

- (By John Parker Crouch, Engineer, of Ely House, Knaresborough, in the County of Lancaster, England, and James Elyott, Electrician, of 57, Ely House, Knaresborough, in the County of Lancaster, England).—Improvements in or relating to electrical distribution systems.
- (By Frank George Symonds Price, Engineer, of 33, Waterloo Street, in the City of Glasgow, Scotland).—Improvements in apparatus for mixing and comminuting materials and like materials.
- (By Charles Taylor, Customs Prevention Officer, of Meridith Lane, Calcutta).—Improvement for detecting a substance shield.
- (By J. Frederick Jones, Electrical Engineer and Manager of the Madras Electric Tramways Company (Limited), working at the Commercial Hotel, Madras, British India, and at present at London, England).—Improvements in and relating to electric fan fans, machines and the like.
- (By Thomas McLean, Builder, Kirtan Park Terrace, North Shields).—Invention for an improved draught inducer for chimneys and ventilating shafts.
- (By John Edward Wood, Engineer, of 145, Bedford Road, Birmingham, England).—Improvements in feed water heaters and purifiers for steam boilers.
- (By W. R. Shaw, Intervolving Signal Company, Limited, Wilton Robert Sykes, Engineer, and Reuben Wallace Ewart, Engineer, all of 54, Vauxhall Road, Croydon, London, S.W., England).—Improvements in railway signalling.
- (By Reginald Arthur Ferris, Electric Engineer, of Sweet Rock, Massachusetts, United States of America).—Improvements in wireless signalling.
- (By M. A. Goussardier, Engineer, Inspector of Police, French Consular division, Chongking, Szechuan, and M. S. Koussardier, Engineer of Consular Division, Old Port, Madras).—Improvements in gravity water-lifts.
- (By Thomson Specialty Manufacturing Company, of 235, Sacramento Street, San Francisco, California, United States of America).—An improved portable vacuum cleaner.
- (By John Parker Crouch, Engineer, of Ely House, Knaresborough, in the County of Lancaster, England, and James Elyott, Electrician, of 57, Ely House, Knaresborough, in the County of Lancaster, England).—Improvements in or relating to electric lighting or heating systems, especially applicable to train lighting.
- (By Thomas Reid, of the River Steam Navigation Company Limited, Dockyard, Calcutta, India).—Improvements in or relating to the construction of a vessel from one portion to another at sea.
- (By Tobias Karkenth Passage, Designer, Lancel, G.E.P.-Ky., Bombay Presidency).—Desk pad supports for glass bottles.
- (By John Frederick Brotherton, Merchant, of Broadway Ready & Co., Royal Insurance Buildings, Chancery Street, East, Bombay, British India (at present absent from British India).—Improved roller for cotton gin.

Dated at Madras, 16th August 1910.

W. S. MEYER,  
Chief Secretary.

## TREASURE TROVE.

It is hereby notified, under section 3 of Act VI of 1910, that the undermentioned treasure was found on or about the 31st December 1908 at Kinnera lake belonging to Nellore District, Madras Presidency, in the village of Tirumalavaram, Nellore District, Madras Presidency.

Description.	Actual weight in grammes.	Approximate value.
1. A gold ring .. .. .	2072	Rs. 4 9
2. A pair of gold ornaments resembling small shells .. .. .	2700	2 4 0
3. A pair of gold ornaments resembling silver shells .. .. .	1500	1 2 0
4. A pair of gold ornaments, being beads of gold .. .. .	51	2 8 0
5. A gold ring .. .. .	1107	2 8 0
6. A pair of gold ornaments .. .. .	518	2 8 0
7. A small gold chain with two holes .. .. .	118	2 8 0

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tirupur at his office on the 14th January 1911 in view of the matter being acquired into and determined according to law.

Tirupur Collector's Office, 8th August 1910.

H. F. AUSTIN,  
Deputy Collector.

It is hereby notified, under section 3 of Act VI of 1910, that, on the 24th June 1910, the treasure described below was found at P. No. 17, tank perambula, of Tirumalavaram, Tiruchirappalli District, Madras Presidency, by one Karamachari Sival of the village:—

	Value.
One silver silver ring .. .. .	Rs. 4 9
One silver silver ring .. .. .	2 4 0

3. All persons claiming the treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector on 21st November 1910 at his office with a view to the matter being acquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Tiruchirappalli Collector's Office,  
24th July 1910.M. YOUNG,  
Deputy Collector.

Persons showing the highest and lowest registered in the Metropolitan of the Mammals'Parasitosis containing 20,000 inhabitants and upwards for the week ending 31st July 1910'

Municipality.	Population according to the Census of 1901.	BIRTHS.						DEATHS.														RATES PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.	
		Class.						Class.						Class of Death.									
		Total Births.						Total Deaths.						Causes of Death.									
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	From Diseases.	From Accidents.	From Violence.	From Causes not ascertained.	From Causes not ascertained.	From Causes not ascertained.				
Madras .....	1,05,944	1	89	90	179	4	36	40	84	4	44	48	92	18	8	26	24	48	32	4	36		
Tytnnampally .....	164,512	9	45	54	103	2	74	76	1	17	18	35	24	13	37	31	62	54	8	62			
Calicut .....	10,871	3	24	27	51	0	39	39	1	29	30	59	11	11	22	3	22	25	3	28			
Kolam .....	79,632	3	80	83	163	1	59	60	1	46	47	93	14	4	18	22	34	27	3	30			
Pattanam .....	69,673	1	30	31	61	1	39	40	1	27	28	55	4	4	8	1	27	28	3	31			
Allore .....	58,177	1	17	18	35	3	36	39	3	16	19	35	4	4	8	1	16	17	2	19			
Tanjore .....	17,678	1	10	11	21	3	27	30	3	18	21	39	1	1	2	1	18	19	1	20			
Madurai .....	67,190	2	15	17	32	1	48	49	1	31	32	63	2	2	4	1	31	32	2	34			
Chennai .....	33,080	1	20	21	41	1	14	15	1	8	9	17	1	1	2	1	8	9	1	10			
Chennai .....	55,314	1	40	41	81	1	33	34	1	25	26	51	3	3	6	2	25	28	3	31			
Chennai .....	68,890	1	30	31	61	1	23	24	1	16	17	33	1	1	2	1	16	17	1	18			
Chennai .....	46,161	1	20	21	41	1	15	16	1	10	11	22	1	1	2	1	10	11	1	12			
Palghat .....	11,177	1	10	11	21	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	64,104	1	15	16	31	1	14	15	1	10	11	22	1	1	2	1	10	11	1	12			
Madurai .....	45,000	1	10	11	21	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	60,505	1	20	21	41	1	14	15	1	10	11	22	1	1	2	1	10	11	1	12			
Madurai .....	69,409	1	25	26	51	1	18	19	1	12	13	25	1	1	2	1	12	13	1	14			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1	8			
Madurai .....	39,505	1	15	16	31	1	10	11	1	6	7	13	1	1	2	1	6	7	1				

Office of Sanitary Commissioner, Madras,  
19th August 1916.

S. HALASUNDRAM, *Manager and Assistant,*  
*Office of Boundary Commissioner, Madras.*

## JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

The following consolidated and amended rules made by the High Court of Judicature at Madras, by virtue of the powers conferred by sections 4, 5, 6 and 27 of the Legal Practitioners' Act, XVIII of 1848, and all other powers therewith enabling are hereby notified, for general information, in compliance of the notifications and circulars specified in paragraph 55 issued. They shall come into force on the 1st day of September 1859.

## Pleadings.

1. Unless the High Court for special reasons direct otherwise, Pleadings will not be admitted to practice other than those duly qualified under these rules, except in the case of those persons qualified under the old rules whose names have been already registered for the name of such certificates.

2. The right to practice in the Presidency Court of Small Causes is confined to the Pleaders as presently duly enrolled therein and to Advocates, Vakils and Attorneys of the High Court.

## Class of Pleaders.

3. Pleaders in the Courts subordinate to the High Court shall be classed as—

- (a) Pleaders of the first grade.
- (b) Pleaders of the second grade.

4. Pleaders of the first grade shall be entitled to appear, plead and act in all the Civil and the Criminal Courts of the districts in which their certificates authorize them to practice.

5. Pleaders of the second grade shall be entitled to appear, plead and act in any District Magistrate's Court in which they are enrolled and in the Court of any District or Subordinate Judge exercising the powers of a Court of Small Causes under section 85 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1874, in which they are enrolled.

Pleaders of the second grade shall also be entitled to appear, plead and act in any Court of Criminal Jurisdiction in the district in which they are enrolled, other than the Sessions Court of the District.

*Note*—In these rules and in the forms appended thereto the word "District" denotes the territorial jurisdiction of a District Judge.

## Qualification of Pleaders.

6. The following persons may be admitted as Pleaders of the first grade:—

- (a) Any person who has obtained the Degree of Bachelor of Laws of one of the Universities of Madras, Calcutta, Bombay or Allahabad.
- (b) Any person who produces a certificate from the Examination Board that he has passed the examination prescribed from time to time by the High Court for the First-grade Pleadership Examination.

In consequence under clause (a), applications for admission must be made within one year from the date of obtaining the Degree of Bachelor of Laws, or, if the applicant has become an apprentice with a view to enrolling as a High Court Vakil, within two years from the date of obtaining the said degree.

In consequence under clause (b), the application for admission must be made within one year from the date of passing the Pleadership Examination.

Provided that it shall be competent to the High Court to grant further time for any special reason.

7. Candidates for a pleadership of the first grade shall, until further orders of the Court, be examined in the following branches of the law in force in British India:—

- (1) Law of Land and Tenure and Transfer of Property.
- (2) Civil Procedure Code and Law of Evidence.
- (3) Criminal Procedure Code and Law of Evidence.
- (4) Indian Penal Code.
- (5) Hindu Law.
- (6) Law of Contracts and Specific Relief.
- (7) Law of Torts and Easements.

8. To qualify for a pleadership of the first grade, a candidate is required to obtain not less than 40 per cent. of the marks assigned by the Examination Board to each of the subjects Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, not less than 35 per cent. of the marks assigned by the Board to subject No. 5 and not less than 50 per cent. of the aggregate of the marks assigned in all the subjects of examination.

9. The examination of the candidates in all subjects shall be conducted in the English language only.

10. No person will be entitled to appear for the First-grade Pleadership Examination, unless he produces a certificate showing that he has obtained the Degree of Bachelor of Arts of one of the British India Universities, or has passed such examination at one of the English, Irish or Scotch Universities as may hereafter be declared, or certificate from the Madras or Travancore Law College showing that he has undergone the prescribed course of instruction at the college, or a certificate signed by the head of his office showing that he has rendered approved service for at least five years in some one or more of the appointments mentioned below:—

- (1) the appointment of Interpreter, or Bench Clerk, in the High Court, Presidency Small Cause Court, or City Civil Court;
- (2) the appointment of Registrar, Head Clerk, or Translator, in a District Court;
- (3) the appointment of Registrar or Head Clerk, in a Subordinate Judge's Court.

Provided that—

- (a) retired clerks applying for examination under rule 12 of the Rules for the qualification and admission of persons as Attorneys of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, dated the 10th day of May 1856, may be admitted to the First-grade Pleadership Examination on production of certificates showing that they have the permission of the High Court to appear, and

(6) It shall be competent to the High Court to exempt any person from the operation of this rule on sufficient cause being shown.

(7) Applicants for the examination for the first grade of Pleadership must be above 20 years of age.

(8) Nothing in these rules shall affect the right of any candidate to qualify for the second grade Pleadership in 1911 under the rules hereinafter to follow.

#### Examinations.

13. Every candidate for the Pleadership Examination shall, on or before the 15th day of November, apply to the Examination Board for leave to present himself at the ensuing examination; and he shall establish to their satisfaction that he possesses the qualifications prescribed for such candidate.

Candidates for the examination will be allowed time up to the 15th December preceding to produce the certificate of attendance at the Law College. Such certificates, if not filed with the application, must be sent direct to the Deputy Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side.

14. Such application is not to be transmitted to the Board direct, but it is to be filed on or before the 15th day of November in the Court of the District Judge within whose jurisdiction the candidate resides as he is employed, and, in the case of candidates residing or employed within the limits of the Original Jurisdiction of the High Court, in the office of the Deputy Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side or of the Principal of the Madras Law College. In the case of candidates residing in foreign territory, the application must be forwarded direct to the Deputy Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side, so as to reach the Deputy Registrar on or before the 15th day of November, accompanied by a true copy except for the payment of the admission fee (no stamp fee), authorized to receive fees from candidates for the University or Special Two Examinations in the Madras Presidency. The application must be accompanied by the necessary documents and papers in support of the receipt of the officer in charge of a Government Treasury for the fee for the examination, required by rule 25 of the rules.

The Judge or Deputy Registrar or Principal, as the case may be, shall thereupon verify himself as to the identity of the candidate; and he shall, on or before the 1st day of December, transmit to the Examination Board all such applications with the documents accompanying, together with the list of the applicants and answers and any other information which he may think it useful in any case to communicate.

Candidates applying under proviso (a) to Rule 13 shall present their applications on or before the 15th November to the Deputy Registrar of the High Court, Original Side, who will forward them to the Examination Board before the 1st December, with the certificates showing that the applicants have the permission of the High Court to appear for the examination.

15. The Board shall thereupon take the case of each candidate, with the report of the District Judge or Deputy Registrar or Principal into their consideration, and shall determine whether or not the candidate is possessed of the necessary qualifications. If the candidate is found qualified, the Examination Board shall cause his name, the name of his father, his age, place of residence and other relevant particulars to be entered in a register of persons permitted to appear at the examination.

16. An extract from the register shall be forwarded to the District Judge or Deputy Registrar or Principal, with a declaration that the candidate is permitted to appear at the next ensuing examination for delivery to him. The Judge or Deputy Registrar or Principal shall cause a notice of the having received such extracts to be posted as a notice board in the Court-house or Law College, and shall deliver them to the candidate as application; and it shall be the duty of the candidate on the day fixed for the examination to produce such extract, when called upon, to the officer appointed by Government to preside and superintend at the examination.

The District Judge, in carrying out these rules, shall conform to such instructions as he may receive from the Examination Board through their President or Secretary.

#### Admission.

17. Any person who shall have qualified under these rules and who shall desire to be admitted to practice, shall pay into Government Treasury of the district in which he shall intend to practice, the admission fee prescribed, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examination Board or of his diploma, of the money for the said fee, and of a stamp paper of the necessary value for his first certificate of practice, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission, obtaining what Court he desires to practice with reference to Part I of the second schedule of Act XVIII of 1875.

18. The application, together with the certificate or diploma, the receipt and the stamp paper required by rule 17, shall be presented to the Judge of the district in which the applicant intends to practice, and shall be forwarded by the Judge to the Registrar of the High Court, with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon. The name of the applicant and his place of abode, together with his father's name and place of abode, shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in the Court-house of the Judge to whom the application is sent, and also in the High Court at least six weeks before the applicant is admitted to practice.

19. The High Court may call for evidence as to the responsibility of the applicant, in any case in which it may be deemed necessary.

#### Certificates.

20. Upon the applicant being admitted by the High Court, the Registrar of the High Court shall cause his name to be entered in the proper register, and shall issue to him a certificate as required by section 1 of Act XVIII of 1875, authorizing him to practice, up to the end of the calendar year, in the Courts specified therein.

Provided that—

(a) in no certificate issued to a Pleader of the first grade shall Courts be more than three adjacent districts be specified; and

(b) in no certificate issued to a Pleader of the second grade shall Courts be more than one district be specified.

On the receipt of certificates, except with the special sanction of the High Court, those districts and Courts only shall be entered which were entered in the certificate in the preceding year subject to the foregoing proviso.

21. The certificate shall bear the number assigned to it in the register and shall be signed by the Registrar and forwarded to the District Judge to be delivered to the applicant.

The certificate shall be taken to enforce enrolment in the Courts specified therein. The holder is to take it to any Court therein mentioned, and may, with the approval of the presiding Judge, be received in such Court. The approval should not be withheld, unless the Judge is aware of circumstances which, in his judgment, affect the professional character of the applicant; and in any case in which enrolment is refused, the fact and the reasons for it should be communicated forthwith to the High Court.

#### Renewal

22. Every application for the renewal of a certificate must be made through the Judge presiding in the Court in which the Pleader voluntarily practices, and shall be made not later than November 15th, and shall be forwarded by the District Judge to the Registrar of the High Court not later than the 15th idem. The renewed certificate shall be issued as soon as possible, and shall be dated January 1st of the year to which they relate.

#### Printing of renewed Certificates.

Renewed certificates will be issued from the High Court in printed forms, similar to those used for the original certificates. District Judges are accordingly requested to submit the blank stamp papers issued by all applicants for renewed certificates to the High Court as early as possible. The papers of former will thereupon be pointed in the High Court on the stamp papers and these will be returned to the District Court for use in the applications. In case an applicant submits more than a single stamp paper for his renewed certificate, the paper of the highest value alone must be sent to the High Court with the certificate, as the case may be, written on the back.

During the receipt of the renewed certificates, practitioners may continue in practice, subject to such provisions or restrictions as the District Judge may think fit to prescribe.

#### Fees.

23. The fees payable previous to examination and on application for enrolment shall be as follows:—

		First-grade Fees.	Second-grade Fees.
For examination	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
For admission	1	2	3

#### Refund of Fees.

No refund either of Pleadership admission (enrolment) fees or of Pleadership examination fees shall be made without the sanction and authority of the High Court.

No refund of examination fees will be granted except in cases in which the candidate shall have been declared disqualified to appear at the examination.

Refunds of admission (enrolment) fees may be granted at any time by the High Court of its own motion or on reference from a District Judge. Refunds of examination fees may be granted at any time after the candidate is declared by the Pleadership Examination Board to be ineligible for the examination.

#### Practice.

24. If any person, having passed the examination entitling him to be admitted and enrolled as a Pleader, shall fail to apply for admission and enrolment for a period of one year from the date of passing the examination, he shall not be admitted and enrolled except by special order of the High Court.

25. If any person, having obtained a certificate, shall fail to renew it for a period of two years, he shall not be entitled to have it renewed, without the sanction of the High Court, and shall be required to produce satisfactory testimonials to his character during the interval.

26. If any person shall hold any appointment under Government, or be a student at any school or college, or shall carry on any trade or other business, at the time of his application for admission as a Pleader, he shall state the fact in his application for admission, and the High Court, may refuse to admit such person, or pass such admission on such conditions as it thinks proper. Save on the conditions aforesaid, however, the High Court will not grant Pleadership certificates to persons holding judicial or other offices under Government.

(2) The applicant must be prepared to resign his appointment on receipt of his Pleadership certificate.

(3) The applicant must obtain leave of absence from his official superior with the object of practising as a Pleader. In the case, the certificate is granted only on condition of its being returned for cancellation should the applicant revert to his appointment under Government.

27. If any person, having been admitted as Pleader, accepts any appointment under Government, becomes a student at any school or college for purposes of pursuing his studies, or enters into any trade or other business, or accepts employment as a Law Agent other than a Pleader, Solicitor or Agent enrolled under Act XXIII of 1874 and these rules, he shall give immediate notice thereof to the High Court, who may thereupon suspend such Pleader from practice or pass such orders as the said Court may think fit.

Provided that when a Pleader is appointed by or under the authority of the High Court to the office of District Magistrate, a Justice, temporarily or permanently, it shall not be necessary to give the notice prescribed in the first part of this rule; but as Pleader while employed as District Magistrate shall be permitted to practice at any law business as a Pleader before any Court.

#### Suspension and Disbarment.

28. Enforcement Judges and District Magistrates are requested to bring to the notice of the District Judge every case in which a Pleader is guilty of misconduct for which he is liable to be suspended or disbarred under the provisions of the Legal Practitioners' Act.

In every case in which a report is received under section 14 of the Legal Practitioners' Act or the High Court after perusal of the records, considers the proceedings of a Subordinate Court should be revised under section 15 of the Act, the Registrar shall set the case down for hearing by a Bench of

three Judges, and shall give reasonable notice to the plaintiff, and to the person (if any) on whose complaint proceedings were instituted, of the day on which the report or order will be made, and such plaintiff and respondent may appear in person or by counsel or solicitor to show cause against the report or order as aforesaid.

28. Any wilful violation of any of the above rules shall subject a pleader to suspension or dismissal.

*Fee payable in respect of an adversary's disbursements, Costs, Attorney or Pleader, in the Appellate side of the High Court and in Courts subordinate thereto, in the schedule 22, Act XXIII of 1910, and all other points therein existing.*

29. Save by special leave of the Court, and except in the case of an Advocate, Vakil, Attorney or Pleader appearing on behalf of Government, or an imprisoned person who is a ward of the Court of Wards, or Local Board, no fee shall in any case be received as payable in a decree or order except on production of a certificate from the Advocate, Vakil, Attorney or Pleader that he has rendered such fee.

30. In suits, or in appeals from original or appellate decrees in suits, for money, effects or other personal property, or for land or other immovable property of any description, fees shall be payable on the following scale:—

(a) When such suits or appeals are decided on the merits after contest, or are compromised subsequent to the settlement of issues, and after a partial or complete trial but before delivery of judgment, or where such appeals are decided *ex parte*—

(i) if the amount or value of the claim shall not exceed Rs. 5,000, 4 per cent ;

(ii) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 5,000 and shall not exceed Rs. 10,000, on Rs. 5,000 as above, and on the remainder, 2 per cent ;

(iii) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 10,000, and shall not exceed Rs. 50,000, on Rs. 10,000 as above, and on the remainder, 1 per cent ;

(iv) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 50,000, and shall not exceed Rs. 1,000, on Rs. 50,000 as above, and on the remainder, 1 per cent ;

(v) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 1,000, Rs. 1,000.

(b) When such suits are decided *ex parte*, or where such suits or appeals are decided on admission of judgment, or are dismissed for default after all the requisite pleadings have been filed and are compromised after the settlement of issues but before trial—

(i) if the amount or value of the claim shall not exceed Rs. 5,000 not exceeding 2½ per cent ;

(ii) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 5,000, and shall not exceed Rs. 10,000, on Rs. 5,000 as above, and on the remainder, not exceeding 1 per cent ;

(iii) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 10,000 and shall not exceed Rs. 50,000, on Rs. 10,000 as above, and on the remainder, not exceeding 1 per cent ;

(iv) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 50,000 and shall not exceed Rs. 1,000, on Rs. 50,000 as above, and on the remainder, not exceeding 1 per cent ;

(v) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 1,000, not exceeding Rs. 500.

On the Appellate side of the High Court (except in appeals from the Original Side), in cases of special difficulty and importance, the Judge or Bench, disposing of an appeal or other matter may direct that two out of three fees be allowed to a party who has engaged here that one Advocate, Vakil or Attorney, and the Drawing officer shall discharge, after to that party a second fee equal to half the fee provided for in paragraph (a) of this rule.

31. In suits or appeals withdrawn, or compromised (a) before any defence is put in, (b) before the settlement of issues but after defence is put in, or dismissed for default without a determination on the merits of the case before all the requisite pleadings have been filed in the Court, and in appeals from orders, returning as matter and other interlocutory cases, including proceedings in execution of decrees, fees shall be payable on the following scale:—

(i) if the amount or value of the claim shall not exceed Rs. 5,000, 1½ per cent ;

(ii) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 5,000, and shall not exceed Rs. 10,000 on Rs. 5,000 as above, and on the remainder, 1 per cent ;

(iii) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 10,000, and shall not exceed Rs. 50,000 on Rs. 10,000 as above, and on the remainder, 1 per cent ;

(iv) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 50,000, and shall not exceed Rs. 1,000 on Rs. 50,000 as above, and on the remainder, 1 per cent ;

(v) if the amount or value shall exceed Rs. 1,000, Rs. 500 ;

(vi) in applications for execution of decrees, the fee shall be calculated on the amount realized by the application ;

(vii) in all miscellaneous applications after issues, which are decided on the merits after contest, except such as have been heretofore specially provided for, a reasonable fee, not in any case exceeding Rs. 20 in the High Court, or Rs. 10 in a Court subordinate to the High Court, shall be allowed.

32. In appeals the fees payable under rules 31 and 32 shall be subject to the following minima:—

(a) In appeals to the High Court from original decrees—

(i) When decided after contest .....

(ii) When decided *ex parte* or withdrawn, or compromised before final hearing .....

(b) In appeals to the High Court from appellate decrees—

(i) When decided after contest .....

(ii) When decided *ex parte*, or withdrawn, or compromised before final hearing .....

(c) In appeals to District or Subordinate Judges' Courts from original decrees—

(i) When decided after contest .....

(ii) When decided *ex parte*, or withdrawn, or compromised before final hearing .....

(d) In all miscellaneous cases on the Appellate Side of the High Court—

(i) Minimum fee .....

33. The words "the amount or value of the claim" in rules 31 and 32 mean the value or net worth in the Court or Memorandum of Appeal, and, where Court fees are payable or return, the value on which such Court fees are paid.



43. Expenses of a dispute in the amount or value of a claim are to be rejected in calculating the fee payable thereon.

44. In cases in which the subject-matter of the claim does not admit of valuation the Court, or, in the case of the High Court, the Exchequer Chamber, shall fix a reasonable fee, regard being had to the time occupied in the preparation and hearing of the case and the nature of the questions raised therein in relation to the amount fee prescribed by rule 22.

45. If several defendants or respondents, who have a joint or common interest, appear upon a joint defence, or upon separate defences substantially in the same, not more than one fee shall be allowed. Where the Court shall otherwise order for a reason which shall be recorded in the judgment. If only one fee be allowed, the Court shall direct to which of the defendants or respondents it shall be paid, or shall specify it among the several defendants or respondents in such manner as the Court shall think fit.

46. If several defendants or respondents, who have separate interests, set up separate and distinct defences and raised thereon, a fee for one legal practitioner for each of the defendants or respondents who shall appear by a separate legal practitioner may be allowed in respect of his separate interest. Such fee, if allowed, shall be calculated with reference to the value of the separate interest of such defendant, or respondent, in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

47. For such fee allowed under the several preceding rules, the value of the stamp on the writs and writs only shall be accepted as costs.

48. Except where an adjournment is made with the consent of all parties, or where from necessity, or of course, a party has not had reasonable time to prepare himself for trial, or where the adjournment is necessitated by a cause beyond the control of the party, an adjournment should not be granted save on the condition that the party applying pays all the costs of the day, including a reasonable fee to the legal practitioner engaged by his adversary. In a District Magistrate's Court, a sum not exceeding Rs. 5, and in a Subordinate Judge's Court and a District Court, a sum not exceeding Rs. 15, shall be deemed to be a reasonable fee within the meaning of the rule.

49. The fee allowed on the proceedings made for procuring or disposing of a writ is intended to cover all proceedings up to decree; and where a writ is granted for rehearing and disposal or for a finding on issues, the proceedings on such writs shall be regarded as a further proceeding in the trial of the suit, and no further fee can be allowed in respect of such proceedings.

#### Presidency Court Order Court

50. Where costs are awarded by the Court, and where the certificate prescribed in Rule 20 of these rules has been obtained, the fees payable in respect of an Advocate's Advocate or Attorney in the Presidency Court of South Canara, shall be as follows:—

				Rs.
(a) In suits not exceeding Rs. 500 in value—	In respect of an Advocate, a fee not exceeding	..	..	25
	In respect of an Attorney, a fee not exceeding	..	..	25
(b) In suits exceeding Rs. 500 but not exceeding Rs. 1,000—	In respect of an Advocate, a fee not exceeding	..	..	50
	In respect of an Attorney, a fee not exceeding	..	..	50
(c) In suits exceeding Rs. 1,000—	In respect of an Advocate, a fee not exceeding	..	..	100
	In respect of an Attorney, a fee not exceeding	..	..	80
51. The following scale of pleader's fees shall ordinarily be observed:—				
In suits not exceeding Rs. 10 in value, a fee not exceeding				1
In suits exceeding Rs. 10 and not exceeding Rs. 25				2
Do.	25	do.	.. 25	4
Do.	50	do.	.. 50	7
Do.	100	do.	.. 100	10
Do.	200	do.	.. 200	15
Do.	300	do.	.. 300	20
Do.	400	do.	.. 400	25
Do.	500	do.	.. 500	30
Do.	700	do.	.. 700	35
Do.	900	do.	.. 900	40
Do.	1,000	do.	.. 1,000	50

In suits exceeding Rs. 1,000 in value, Rs. 2 for every Rs. 100 or fraction of Rs. 100 in excess of Rs. 1,000.

52. Fees shall be fixed at the termination of a suit, and, except as hereinafter mentioned (Rule 45), shall be in full of all trouble and attendance before and, but exclusive of any compensation, which may be granted under section 45 of Act IX of 1859, or under section 15 of Act I of 1874.

53. Except where an adjournment is made with the consent of all parties, or where from necessity, or of course, a party has not had reasonable time to prepare himself for trial, or where the adjournment is necessitated by a cause beyond the control of the party, an adjournment should not be granted save on the condition that the party applying pays all the costs of the day including a reasonable fee to the legal practitioner engaged by his adversary.

54. Except by special leave of the Court, fees shall not be allowed in cases entered as compromised, or in any case where the defendant, three days before the day of hearing, has intimated to the Court his intention not to contest the plaintiff's demand. In cases decided *ex parte*, or when the defendant confesses judgment or where a transfer of such by the same plaintiff are summarily disposed of in execution, the Court will exercise its discretion in granting fees.

55. In respect of claims and proceedings under the Distress Act (I of 1874) and other miscellaneous proceedings, the Court may order for an Advocate, Attorney or pleader, such fee as it thinks fit, not of the amount as in the case excepted.

56. For the purpose of calculating the fee to be allowed in suits for adjustment, the amount of any year's rent, and in other suits or proceedings, the amount of debt or damage claimed, or value of the property in dispute, shall be taken to be the value of the suit.

57. Fees shall not be allowed in any case unless by order of the Judge; and he shall determine and certify in each case what fee or fees shall be allowed, and by whom they shall be paid.

40. When any appeal preferred to the High Court from a decree or order of any Subordinate Court—including a decree or order passed on appeal in such Subordinate Court—is, otherwise than under section 101, Ord. Procedure Code, removed or discussed with costs on the ground that no such appeal allowed by law to the High Court, or that the appeal was presented after the period of limitation prescribed therefor, or that the appeal was admitted without sufficient cause being shown for not having presented it within the prescribed period, the pleader's fee allowable shall, unless the Court otherwise directs, be only one-fourth of what would be allowed by the rules in force immediately before the passing of this rule, unless, as hereinafter provided, the respondent has given notice of an objection to the hearing of the appeal on any such ground.

Any respondent may, before the appeal is called on for hearing, take objection to the hearing of the appeal on any such ground by filing such objection in Court at any time after service on him of notice of appeal, but not later than one week from the date on which the appeal was put on the Ready Bench.

Unless the respondent files with the objection a written acknowledgment from the appellant or his pleader of having received a copy thereof, a copy of such objection shall be served, as soon as may be, after the filing of the objection, on the appellant or his pleader, at the expense of the respondent.

41. "Pleader" includes every legal practitioner entitled to practice before a Judge, not being an Advocate or Attorney.

#### High Court Costs Court

42. In rule under Act XI of 1895 (Madras High Court Courts' Act) no fee shall be allowed between party and party where the Judge shall certify, at the suit of the plaintiff, that the case was a proper one for the employment of a regular salaried pleader. When allowed, the fee may be the fee payable by the party employing such pleader, and no fee shall be allowed for the assistance of any other person. If an Advocate, instructed by an Attorney or if a Trial of the High Court shall appear, the fee so allowed shall be Rs. 15 and Rs. 10 respectively, in cases where the Judge certifies as above.

43. Where a pleader is employed merely to obtain execution of a decree, no fee shall be allowed as costs for that purpose in circumstances Rs. 100, and two rupees in circumstances that amount. In case of a second or other further application to obtain execution of a decree, the fee to be allowed shall be one-fourth of the fee allowable on the first application.

#### General.

44. Legal Practitioners may, whether in writing or personal mode, address the Court in English, either with the consent of the Court and both parties, or without such consent where law provision is made by the English speaker for the interpretation, if necessary, of what he says into the language of the Court.

45. The following notifications and orders are hereby appended:—

- (1) High Court Notice No. 1140, 20th September 1909.
- (2) Do. Notification, 25th February 1917.
- (3) Do. Do. 28th April 1907.
- (4) Do. Do. 19th March 1898.
- (5) Do. Rule No. 2021, 20th August 1909.
- (6) High Court Notification, 10th September 1908.
- (7) Do. Do. 12th February 1901.
- (8) Do. Do. 19th August 1901.
- (9) Do. Do. 17th December 1902.
- (10) Do. Do. 12th March 1910.
- (11) Do. Do. 17th March 1909.
- (12) Do. Do. No. 772, 20th September 1908.
- (13) Do. Circular No. 228, 20th April 1909.
- (14) Do. Do. 214, 5th March 1908.
- (15) Do. Do. No. 1906, 1st November 1907.
- (16) Do. Notification No. 214, 7th March 1908.
- (17) Do. Do. No. 1049, 19th May 1906.
- (18) Do. Notification No. No. 118, 5th September 1906.
- (19) Do. Do. 940, 21st December 1900.
- (20) Do. Do. 940, 21st December 1900.
- (21) Do. Do. 234, 9th April 1905.
- (22) Do. Do. 407, 4th December 1902.
- (23) Do. Do. 915, 21st October 1900.
- (24) Do. Do. No. 2244, 2nd January 1905.
- (25) Do. Notification, 21st August 1905.
- (26) Do. Do. No. 745, 9th October 1908.
- (27) Do. Notification No. No. 790, 16th May 1906.
- (28) Do. Do. 21, 23rd January 1905.
- (29) Do. Do. 615, 23rd March 1908.
- (30) Do. Do. 1261, 2nd December 1909.
- (31) Do. Do. 388, 9th March 1902.
- (32) Do. Notification II O.O. No. 517, 24th March 1909.
- (33) Do. Do. No. 385, 21st March 1910.
- (34) Do. Notification II O.O. No. 232/09, 21st April 1910.
- (35) Do. Notification II O.O. No. 200/09, 21st April 1910.

#### Form of Certificate.

46. The certificate and renewal certificate to be issued to pleaders under the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, shall be in the following form:—

#### ACT XXV OF 1879.

#### CHAPTER (v), PART I, SECTION 11.

I, ssn  
Pleasant to the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, I hereby certify that ssn  
of ssn  
has been admitted a pleader of the first grade, and is authorized to ssn  
appear, plead and act in the District Courts of ssn  
and in all Courts of Civil

and shall be subordinate to each District Court, and in all Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction in the said District of  
 Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

## II

ACT XXIII OF 1879.

CLAUDE (d), PART I, SCHEDULE II.

Whereas by the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, I have certified that  
 has been admitted a pleader of the second grade, and is authorized to appear,  
 plead and act in all the District Magistrate Courts in the District of  
 and in all Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction in the said District of  
 and in all Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction in the said District of  
 other than the District Court of the Division, up to the end of the current calendar year.  
 Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

## III

ACT XXIII OF 1879.

CLAUDE (d), PART I, SCHEDULE II.

The certificate issued under the signature of on the day of  
 to son of a pleader of the first grade, having been cancelled  
 and renewed by me, this renewed certificate is issued, authorizing the said  
 to appear, plead and act in the District Courts of and in all Courts of Criminal  
 Jurisdiction subordinate to each District Court, and in all Courts of Criminal  
 Jurisdiction subordinate to each District Court, up to the end of the current calendar year.  
 Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

## IV

ACT XXIII OF 1879.

CLAUDE (d), PART I, SCHEDULE II.

The certificate issued under the signature of on the day of  
 to son of a pleader of the second grade, having been cancelled  
 and renewed by me, this renewed certificate is issued, authorizing the said  
 to appear, plead and act in all the District Magistrate Courts in the District of  
 and in all Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction in the said District of  
 and in all Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction in the said District of  
 other than the District Court of the Division, up to the end of the current calendar year.  
 Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

Form of Application for a Pleadership Certificate.

THE REGISTRAR OF THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.		for a Pleadership Certificate of the		and stamp paper (Rupees)		Shrota
Application on behalf of	with	enclosure, submission for receipt (Rupees)				
Applicant's	Name in full	..	..	..	..	..
	Present place of abode	..	..	..	..	..
	Name in full	..	..	..	..	..
Applicant's father's	Name in full	..	..	..	..	..
	Place of abode	..	..	..	..	..
	Examination passed (giving date, number and page of the Gazette)	..	..	..	..	..
	Applicant's past and present occupations, whether employed under Govt. or not, or as a private practitioner	..	..	..	..	..
	Courts in which applicant intends to practise as Advocate	..	..	..	..	..
	Remarks of former day officer	..	..	..	..	..

District Judge.

(Signed)	C. ARTHUR WHITE, Chief Justice
( )	J. F. WATSON,
( )	J. H. MUNRO,
( )	C. SANKARAN NARAYAN,
( )	ARTHUR HALL,
( )	V. KANDASWAMI AYYAR,
( )	W. D. ANDERSON,

Judges.

High Court of Judicature, Madras,  
 1st August 1910.

H. D. C. BELL,  
 Registrar.

DESTRUCTION OF RECORDS.

Notice is hereby given for the information of parties and witnesses concerned that, under the High Court Rules, dated 14th May 1908 (Dn No 218, dated 10th February 1916), all books of records (in the custody of this Court) exhibited in the undermentioned suits, will, unless previously claimed, be destroyed after the 12th November 1917:—

Suit Nos. 1866.

116, 200, 1808, 1906, 2214, 1908, 1873, 1266, 1886, 1946, 1901, 1901, 1918, 1919, 2263, 2225, 2256, 2495, 2089, 4164, 4295, 4764, 4322, 4603, 5567, 3915, 5043, 6324, 8999, 7083, 3115, 7139, 7174, 7491, 7985, 6935, 8215, 9383, 9207, 8937, 9043, 18915, 14105, 19718, 10731, 16904, 10804, 10801, 11454, 13173, 11841, 13111, 11896, 15363, 12150, 15358, 12555, 13756, 17981, 13206, 19130, 16071, 14448, 14598, 14785, 14707, 14738, 14858, 14887, 15075, 15813, 16511, 17407, 17412, 17431, 17599, 17918, 17920, 18025, 18138, 18149, 18508, 18784, 19085, 19270 and 19166

(By order)

Court of Small Causes, Madras.  
11th August 1916

F. S. LOVETT,  
Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN RECOVERY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjourning the present here-  
after mentioned incident and vesting the suits and effects of the said incident in J. E. H. Srinivasan, Registrar, the Official Assignee of this Court, and all persons indebted to the said incident, or who have any of his suits and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee:—

Number of petition	Date of presentation.	Name, address and description of incident.	Date of adjournment.	Date of hearing.
368 of 1916 ..	28th April 1916.	Yaggeswar Rajagopal Chetty alias Naga- pattaswamy Chetty, petitioner, residing at No. 105, English's Bazaar, Madras.	28th April 1916	28th Sept. 1916.

Incidentary Office, Madras.  
9th August 1916

O. S. SMITH,  
Sd. Deputy Registrar.

LIST OF DOCUMENTS LYING UNCLAIMED IN THE SUB-REGISTRY OFFICE,  
SOUTH MADRAS.

Serial number	Year and date of registration or refusal.	Date and document number.	Parties and value	Encumbered.	Charged.	Name of party who should have been the claimant.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	1913 Mar. 1914	115	E. V. R. .. ..	Arachmand (Ghar- ry).	....	Begum, Shams- ud-Din Chetty Badrudin Dey.
2	26th Feb. 1916.	2	418 Lease, one month and return down, monthly rent, Rs. 750.	Arachmand Uttarap.	F. F. Vithaladas Alpa and Arachmand.	F. F. Vithaladas Alpa- das
3	26th Mar. ..	27	418 Sale for Rs. 20 ..	P. P. Chetty ..	F. F. Vithaladas and K. Srinivasan Arachmand	F. F. Vithaladas Alpa- das
4	1st June ..	2	1112 Sale, Rs. 120 ..	Abdul Kader Sahib Sahib Dey, Sahib Sahib (Sahib) Dey Sahib Sahib Sahib ..	Sahib Sahib Sahib ..	Sahib Sahib Sahib ..
5	2nd June ..	1	1118 Lease, one term, monthly rent, Rs. 2 ..	Arachmand (Ghar- ry).	Arachmand ..	Do.
6	11th Oct. ..	17	116 Service agreement, Rs. 40 ..	Arachmand (Ghar- ry).	Arachmand ..	Do.
7	11th Feb. 1917.	17	8 Service agreement, Rs. 40 ..	Arachmand (Ghar- ry).	Arachmand ..	Do.
8	11th Oct. ..	1	1118 Mortgage with per- mission, Rs. 100 ..	Arachmand (Ghar- ry).	Arachmand ..	Do.
9	26th Oct. ..	1	1112 Lease, one term, monthly rent, Rs. 2 ..	Arachmand (Ghar- ry).	Arachmand ..	Do.
10	1st Jan. 1918.	1	1112 Lease, one term, monthly rent, Rs. 2 ..	Arachmand (Ghar- ry).	Arachmand ..	Do.

Notes.—A fee of Rs. 5 will be levied for each copy of documents for every three days or part thereof after the first fifteen days from the date of registration or refusal. Documents other than

with lying undisturbed for over two years will be destroyed under section 25 of Indian Registration Act, 1908.

Sub-Registrar's Office, South Madras,  
1st August 1918.

D. KRISHNAIAH,  
Sub-Registrar.

#### UNCLAIMED SERVICE REGISTER.

The service register of Chokkavathi Sannasimuthu, late served clerk of this office, is lying undisturbed in this office. The same will be destroyed on the 1st January 1921 if not claimed within that period.

Sub-Registrar's Office, South Madras,  
1st August 1918.

D. KRISHNAIAH,  
Sub-Registrar.

#### UNCLAIMED CERTIFIED COPIES.

The following certified copies are lying undisturbed in this office. The same will be recommended for destruction if they are not claimed within 31st December 1919.

Serial number.	Date of application.	Dates on which the copy was ready for delivery.	Name of the applicant.
1	24th March 1902	25th March 1902	Subramanyam.
2	14th August 1901	10th August 1902	G. T. alias Chetty.
3	2nd September 1906	19th October 1906	Maricar Alaminia Solari.
4	6th April 1906	10th April 1906	Netravani Kuber.
5	17th October 1901	17th December 1901	S. Mothayyan, Deputy.
6	14th July 1901	17th January 1902	S. M. Alamin Gouda alias Subramanyam.
7	24th February 1902	12th March 1902	S. P. A. P. Ramaswami Sastri.
8	12th August 1902	2nd August 1902	Prasanna Chetty.
10	17th November 1902	19th November 1902	Andalchandi.

Sub-Registrar's Office, South Madras,  
12th August 1918.

D. KRISHNA AIAH,  
Sub-Registrar.

#### NOTICE.

##### APPRENTICES EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 1919.

— Notice is hereby given that invitations for the coming Apprentices Examination are required to file their applications with the necessary endowments in the Office of the Deputy Registrar, Appellate Sds, not later than the 31st August 1919.

Forms of application can be had from the Head Clerk, Correspondence Branch.

High Court, Madras, 8th August 1919.

A. DAYIEN,  
Deputy Registrar.

#### UNCLAIMED INSURANCE CERTIFICATE.

The insurance certificate applied for by C. Balaswami Row on the 7th October 1908 is lying undisturbed in the office. The same will be destroyed on the 1st January 1921 if not claimed within that period.

Sub-Registrar's Office, South Madras,  
1st August 1918.

D. KRISHNAIAH,  
Sub-Registrar.

#### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

##### IN EXERCISE OF

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held on Monday the 3rd day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon at the High Court House for the purpose of deciding the dividends in the matters heretofore mentioned, and that all objections to their schedules and claims of any of their



## INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 4 of 1910 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, BELANT.

Mysla Chinn, Binnappa, son of Hanumanthappa, formerly, resident at  
 Chaphal, Rayachoti taluk .. .. . Petitioner.

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has filed this petition to adjudicate him an insolvent and that the 14th day of September 1910 has been fixed for final hearing, all persons who intend objecting to the petition are required to appear on the said date in person or by valik and they are to submit grounds of their opposition in writing three days before the day of hearing.

District Magistrate's Court, Bellary,  
 8th August 1910.

P. ADINARATANAYYA,  
 District Magistrate.

No. 5 of 1910 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, SOUTH MALABAR, CALICUT.

Paddy Arundhanigaliam petitioner Suppa Ayer's son Kakkai Ayer has been adjudged an insolvent on the 2nd day of July 1910.

Calicut, 29th July 1910.

A. C. DUTT,  
 District Judge.

No. 5 of 1910 (S.C.S. No. 300 of 1910) IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, CHIDAMBARAM.

Chidambaram Chetti .. .. . Petitioner.  
 Chidambaram Pillai and two others .. .. . Counter-Petitioner.

*Notice under section 11, clause 2 of Act III of 1907.*

That whereas Chidambaram Chetti, son of Thandapani Chetti, residing in Chinnai, Chetti street, Chidambaram, has applied to this Court for his being declared an insolvent and that whereas the said insolvency petition is pending for hearing on the 29th of September 1910. It is hereby notified that his creditors may, on the said day of hearing, appear either in person or by pleader and state their objections, if any.

District Magistrate's Court, Chidambaram,  
 24th August 1910.

A. SRINIVASA AITANGAR,  
 District Magistrate.

No. 1 of 1910 IN THE FILE OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT, CHENGELUPA.

Ramaswami Ayer .. .. . Petitioner.  
 Rameswami Ayer alias Velaswami Ayer and others .. .. . Creditors.

It is hereby notified, under clause 1 of section 26 of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, that Rameswami Ayer, son of Thiru Ayer, residing at Arumathal of Madhavachandram taluk of Chengelupat district, has been adjudged an insolvent by this Court on the 29th July 1910.

District Magistrate's Court, Chengelupat,  
 29th August 1910.

A. VENKATA RAMAIAH,  
 District Magistrate.

No. 1 of 1910 IN THE FILE OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT, CHENGELUPA.

Ganesapathi Chetti and another .. .. . Petitioner.  
 Jaganmohamed and twenty-three others .. .. . Creditors.

It is hereby notified, under clause 7, section 26 of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, that Ganesapathi Chetti and Narayana Chetti, sons of Jallappa Chetti, residing at Madhavachandram taluk, Chengelupat district, have been adjudged insolvents by this Court on the 26th day of August 1910.

District Magistrate's Court, Chengelupat,  
 26th August 1910.

A. VENKATA RAMAIAH,  
 District Magistrate.

No. 25 of 1908 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CHENNAI.

S. Morian Chetty .. .. . Petitioner.  
 M. A. H. M. Anandam Chetty and others .. .. . Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, under section 26 (1) of Act III of 1907, that if the creditors of the above-named insolvent do not prove their debts on this Court on or before the 12th September next, their claims will not be considered when the dividend is declared.

District Court, Chinnai,  
 9th August 1910.

H. O. D. HARDING,  
 District Judge.

No. 5 of 1910 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CHENNAI.

In the matter of (1) Arumugam Chetty, aged 45, (2) Palani Chetty, aged 26, sons of Kallandaram Chetty, merchants, residing in Pappaswami, Villavur taluk, and (3) Ranganath Swami, son of Arumugam Swami, aged 45, merchant, residing in Kallandaram, Villavur taluk—Duties.

Notice is hereby given that the above petition has been put in the Court praying that the duties aforementioned may be adjudged insolvents. Hearing 18th September 1910.

District Court, Chinnai,  
 8th August 1910.

H. O. D. HARDING,  
 District Judge.

No. 5 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore

In the matter of (1) *Sudha Chatter*, (2) *Lakshminarasappa Chatter*, sons of *Sudha Chatter*,  
*Plaintiffs*, residing at Coimbatore—*Defendants*

Notice is hereby given that the above petition has been put in in this Court praying that the debtors  
 abovesaid may be adjudged insolvent. Hearing 15th September 1916.

District Court, Coimbatore,  
 15th August 1916.

H. G. D. HARDING,  
 District Judge.

No. 7 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore

In the matter of T. C. *Puthiyappa Pillai*, son of *Chellumanna Pillai*, *Plaintiff*, now residing at  
*Duke's Compound—Defendant*

Notice is hereby given that the above petition has been put in in this Court praying that the debtor  
 abovesaid may be adjudged insolvent. Hearing 15th September 1916.

District Court, Coimbatore,  
 15th August 1916.

H. G. D. HARDING,  
 District Judge.

No. 7 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Kuttanur

In the matter of *Tringappally District Munsif's Court*, S.G. No. 3696 of 1916.

Medan, *Mahamunni Chetti* .. .. . *Plaintiff*.  
*M. E. Mahamunni Chetti* and *20 others* .. .. . *Defendants*.

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner abovesaid son of Medan, *Krishna Chetti*, residing at  
 Lalapet, Kallikottai taluk, has applied in this Court to be declared an insolvent and that this application  
 is posted to 15th September 1916, to hear the objections of any of his creditors.

District Munsif's Court, Kallikottai,  
 9th August 1916.

V. R. KUPPESAWMI AYYAR,  
 District Munsif.

No. 4 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif's Court, Kumbakonam

*Arenasella Chetti* .. .. . *Plaintiff*.  
*Kannan Chetti* and *20 others* .. .. . *Defendants*.

It is hereby notified, under clause 1 of section 14 of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, that  
*Arenasella Chetti*, son of *Chidambaram Chetti*, residing at Door No. 13, *Pillayanthi Street*, Madras,  
*Kumbakonam*, *Kumbakonam taluk*, *Tanjore District*, has been adjudged as insolvent by the District  
 Munsif's Court, Kumbakonam, on the 15th day of August 1916.

District Munsif's Court, Kumbakonam,  
 15th August 1916.

V. DANDANANI PILLAI,  
 District Munsif.

No. 1 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Madras (No. 1 of 1916, Official  
 Receiver's Court).

In the matter of *M. Appareo Pillai*

*M. Appareo Pillai* .. .. . *Plaintiff*.  
*S. M. Chinniah Chettiar* and *twenty-one others* .. .. . *Defendants*.

Notice is hereby given, under clause (1) of section 14 of Act III of 1907, that *M. Appareo Pillai*,  
 son of *Marudamurugan Pillai*, residing at *Malappuram Street*, Madras town, the petitioner abovesaid,  
 was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 10th August 1916.

Official Receiver's Court, Madras,  
 13th August 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMY AYYANGAR,  
 Official Receiver.

No. 4 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Madras

*Sundarabandu Reddy* .. .. . *Plaintiff*.  
*Valappa Reddy* and *20 others* .. .. . *Defendants* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the said petitioner,  
 residing at *Malappuram*, *Tanjore District*, has applied in this Court for being  
 declared insolvent and that his application is posted to 2nd September 1916 for hearing. Any creditor  
 wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

Sundarabandu Judge's Court, Madras,  
 16th August 1916.

V. NARAYANASWAMI AYYAR,  
 Temporary Subordinate Judge.

No. 17 of 1916 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Madras

*Sundarabandu Pillai*, son of *Manakottai*, residing at *Valambala Street*,  
 Madras .. .. . *Plaintiff*.

*Chinnappa Pillai*, debt merchant, residing at *North Main Street*, Madras, and  
*20 others* .. .. . *Defendants*.

Notice is hereby given, under clause 1 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovesaid peti-  
 tioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that this petition stands posted to  
 the 21st September 1916.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Madras,  
 15th August 1916.

K. V. DOSSETT,  
 Principal District Munsif.



No. 12 of 1910 IS THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUDIR, MALACCA.

S. P. Lebbeni Narayana Raja alias Rajah, son of Niyara Raja, residing at  
Mankalai Street, Malacca .. .. . *Petitioner.*  
Cheluvayyer Ramaswamy, aged 35, cycle shop-keeper, residing at Anthi-  
kolepettai, Malacca, and elsewhere .. .. . *Opposite.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 19th September 1910 for hearing.

District Mudir's Court, Malacca,  
11th August 1910.

K. V. DESIKACHARI,  
*Principal District Mudir.*

No. 12 of 1910 IS THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUDIR, MALACCA.

Sebbana alias Sankaranarayana, son of Ganda Rao, residing in Naver  
village, Mangalore taluk .. .. . *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and his application is posted to 19th September 1910 for hearing objections of the creditors, if any.

District Mudir's Court, Mangalore,  
11th August 1910.

B. KRISHNA RAO,  
*District Mudir.*

No. 12 of 1910 IS THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUDIR, MALACCA.

Selinder Pire, son of Mathew Pindo, Schoolmaster, residing in Uru,  
Belat village, Mangalore taluk .. .. . *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12, Act III of 1907, that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and his application is posted to 25th September 1910 for hearing objections of the creditors, if any.

District Mudir's Court, Mangalore,  
12th August 1910.

B. KRISHNA RAO,  
*District Mudir.*

No. 3 of 1910 IS THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, TIRUNELVELI.

In the matter of Padmanabha Aiyar of Alloor, Srivasthiam taluk.

Padmanabha Aiyar .. .. . *Petitioner.*  
A. K. A. S. Ramaswamy Aiyar and thirty-four others .. .. . *Opposite.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Padmanabha Aiyar, son of Duraimatha Aiyar, residing at Alloor village, Srivasthiam taluk, has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to the 30th day of September 1910.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by writ on the said date.

Dated this 12th day of August 1910.

District Court, Tirunelveli,  
12th August 1910.

K. SELIVARAO IYER,  
*Jr. District Judge.*

No. 1 of 1910 (O.S. No. 154 of 1910) IS THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUDIR, TIRUVELLI.

Saravali Ramaswamy of Chidambaram .. .. . *Petitioner (Judge-vent-officer).*

(1) Venugunda Ayyappa, (2) Srinivasakonda Venkataswamy, (3) Boppana  
Srinivas, (4) Venugunda Venkataswamy, (5) Chidambaram Naga-  
bhaskaram, (6) Gaddagudi Srinivasaswamy, (7) Mogal Dig Subba,  
(8) Venugunda Venkateswaram, (9) Muddu Lakshminarayana, (10) Venugunda  
Lakshminarayana, (11) Madhava Acharya, (12) Talari Srinayana,  
(13) Raghavakonda Venkataswamy, (14) Talari Ramaswami, (15)  
Maddala Ayyappa, (16) Damma Subbaya, (17) Ponnusankhala  
Ramaswamy, (18) Kallu Ramaswami, (19) Ponnusankhala Krishnaswamy,  
(20) Ponnusankhala Subbaya, (21) Ponnusankhala Ramaswamy, (22)  
Mozur Venkaya, (23) Kinnakonda Subbaya, (24) Parvatha  
Ramaswamy, and (25) Ananthakonda Venkataswamy .. .. . *Chidambaram-  
vent-officer.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovesaid petitioner, the judge-vent-officer in the above suit, has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 19th day of September 1910 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court on the said day either in person or by pleader.

District Mudir's Court, Tiruvel,  
12th August 1910.

P. C. TIRUVENKATA CHARIAN,  
*District Mudir.*

No. 7 of 1910 (D. No. 136 of 1899) in the Court of the District Munsif's Bench.

Perchumbi Lalabai Sanyas of Beragudi .. .. . Plaintiff (Applicant).

(1) Parthasarathy Sanyas, (2) Parthasarathy Sanyas, (3) Beragudi Sanyas, (4) Kala Sanyas, (5) Beragudi Sanyas, (6) Beragudi Sanyas, and (7) Beragudi Sanyas .. .. . Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, under clause 3 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the above-named petitioners, the plaintiff-defendant in the above suit, has applied to this Court for being declared as insolvent and that his application is posted to 15th day of September 1910 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court on the day of hearing either in person or by pleader.

District Munsif's Court, Tenali,  
15th August 1910.

P. C. THIRUVENKATA CHARIAR,  
District Munsif.

No. 5 of 1910 in the Court of the District Munsif, Tirumangalakudi.

Krishnaswamy Chetty .. .. . Plaintiff.  
Kandam Chetty, Krishna Chetty, Krishnaswamy Chetty and others .. .. . Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, under clause 3 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Krishnaswamy Chetty, son of Tirumangalakudi of Kanchi Tirumangalakudi, has applied to this Court for being declared as insolvent. His petition stands posted for hearing to 15th day of September 1910.

District Munsif's Court, Tirumangalakudi,  
15th August 1910.

K. SUNDARAM CHETTY,  
District Munsif.

No. 4 of 1910 in the Court of the District Munsif of Tirumangalakudi (No. 4 of 1910, Official Receiver's Court).

In the matter of Lakshminarayana Chetty

Lakshminarayana Chetty .. .. . Plaintiff.  
Balamani Chetty and others .. .. . Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Lakshminarayana Chetty, son of Panagala Ramana Chetty, residing at Villu, Tirumangalakudi, has applied to this Court for being declared as insolvent by this Court on 15th August 1910.

Official Receiver's Court, Madurai,  
15th August 1910.

T. S. NAMASWAMY AYYANAR,  
Official Receiver.

No. 16 of 1908 in the Court of the District Judge, Tirumangalakudi.

Kandam Chetty, son of Appanna Madhav, clerk, Chief Engineer's Office, S.L.H., residing at Vakkilam Street, Chennai, Trichinopoly .. .. . Plaintiff.

Notice is hereby given that the order made by this Court on 15th August 1909 adjourning the above-named petitioner as insolvent was recalled by this Court on 9th August 1910 on the application of the official receiver.

District Court, Trichinopoly,  
15th August 1910.

G. G. SPENCER,  
District Judge.

Creditors of insolvent M. K. A. Annamalai Raja, Tirumangalakudi, are required to prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Tirumangalakudi, on or before 15th September 1910; failing which their claims will not be included in the schedule.

P. A. GOPALAKRISHNAN,  
Official Receiver.

ORIGINAL SUIT No. 350 OF 1910 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUNSIF, MADURAI.

Subashini Ammal, wife of P. Subashini, Kanchi, .. .. . Plaintiff.  
Subashini, Subashini, .. .. . Defendants.

(1) Subashini Ammal, wife of P. Subashini, Kanchi, .. .. . Plaintiff.  
Subashini, .. .. . Defendants.

The first defendant Subashini Ammal has residence at Kanchi.

Whereas the Plaintiff P. Subashini has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 100/-, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court to contest the said suit, and the production of any documents that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on or before the day of the trial, in your deposing the necessary evidence in support of your case.

Whereas you are the defendant, you should pay the costs of the suit, which may be against your person or property, or both, if necessary.

To ensure all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person



Notice is hereby given that the following arrears of wages due to work establishment have been established in the books of this office since the date paid against the firms and that the amount will be credited to Government if they are not claimed within three months from the date of this notice:-

Name of building.	Months in which the arrears accrued.	Month from which crediting.	Amount.
K. Ramaswami Aiyer .. ..	Pay for November and December 1918.	February 1919 ..	Rs. 4 2 12 7 8
G. Ramani .. ..	Pay for June and July 1919 ..	September 1919 ..	11 8 8

Tenaliempally, 30th July 1919

V. P. MANICKAV SAIKOR  
Executive Engineer, T. N. S. Division, P. O. Coles.

### MARINE NOTIFICATION.

#### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 17 of 1919.

The following is recommended for information:-

Presidency Port Office, Madras.  
26th August 1919.

T. A. L. DE MEERT, Commander, R.N.  
Presidency Port Officer.

[Extract from the "Deputy Commandant Gazette" No. 4085 of July 12, 1919.]

#### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT HARBOR, COLES.

Notice is hereby given that the buoy which marked the Sealark Rocks in the main channel leading to Coles harbour has dragged from its position.

The buoy will be replaced on the first favourable opportunity.

Coles, 26th July 1919.

H. C. ROOSEWALT,  
Master Attendant.

### REVENUE NOTIFICATION.

#### NOTIFICATION.

In pursuance of the notification under section 189 of the Sea Customs Act VIII of 1878, printed on page 1161 of the Port St. George Gazette, Part I, dated 11th December 1918, and under 5 (a) printed on page 1161 of the Gazette, Part II, dated 1st December 1918, the Board of Revenue (as the Chief Customs Authority) has been pleased to issue the following rules under section 189:-

(1) The following rates of dues will be levied for the attendance of Customs officers in private warehouses at the port of Madras:-

	PR. A. R.
For attending any warehouse for the first half hour .. ..	2 0 0
For every second half hour or fraction thereof .. ..	0 25 0
For every succeeding half hour or fraction thereof .. ..	0 5 0

The above rates apply to all warehouses within a radius of a mile of the Customs House, double the above rates being levied for all warehouses outside this limit. For stocktaking or other work requiring the services of the officer the whole day, the fee is Rs. 5.

(2) The operations specified in section 189 of the Sea Customs Act must be conducted in the presence of a Customs officer deputed by the Customs Collector for the purpose. A fee of one rupee a day is chargeable for the attendance at a public warehouse. When attendance is at a private warehouse, the rates prescribed in para. 1 above are leviable.

Board of Revenue (Revenue Division).  
Chennai, 26th August 1919.

H. A. R. VERNON,  
Secretary.

## MILITARY NOTIFICATION.

## REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a deserter or absconder without leave from the 1st Battalion, Manchester Regiment of Infantry, dated at Kempton, this 6th day of August 1910.

Number, rank and name, 1555, Private Percy McIlwain; age, 27 years; height, 5 feet 5 inches; colour of complexion, bronzy; hair, brown; eyes, grey; teeth, brownish; date of enlistment, 22nd March 1907; place of enlistment, Jackson's-road, Fife; parish and county in which born, Wemyss, Leicestershire; date of discharge or absconder, 4th August 1910; place of desertion or absence, Poona Prison; marks, full set of false teeth; under one year's service.

J. R. MEELIS, Lieut., *Adj. Adj. per Major,*  
*Commanding 1st Battalion, Manchester Regiment*

## POST OFFICE NOTIFICATIONS.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

Extract from the *Gazette of India*, dated 6th August 1910.

## Post Office.

*Gazette*, the 17th July 1910.

No. 1510-S-*Ad.*—Mr. R. B. Richards, Superintendent of Post Office, Fourth Grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 23rd July 1910.

Mr. S. M. Armstrong, City Inspector, General Post Office, Madras, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of Post Office, Fifth Grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. R. B. Richards, or until further orders.

This supersedes this office notification No. 664-S-*Ad.*, dated the 19th May 1910.

The 1st August 1910

No. 1508-S-*Ad.*—Mr. F. T. Prior, Superintendent of Post Office, Fourth Grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 1st August 1910 or until the date on which he may avail himself of it.

This supersedes this office notification No. 1125-S-*Ad.*, dated the 21st June 1910.

C. STEWARD-WILSON,  
*Deputy-General of the Post Office of India.*

## OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

## GENERAL HOSPITAL, MADRAS.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF ARTICLES OF DIET AND DOMESTIC REQUISITES.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders in duplicate will be received up to 3 o'clock (morning) on Wednesday, 24th August 1910, by the Senior Medical Officer, General Hospital, for the supply of the following articles—

*But, Butter, and Condensed Milk, Bananas.*—Consent of articles which must be supplied in bulk within seven days after acceptance of tenders. Payment will be made on bills or on order after receipt as possible.

3. The articles required are detailed in the enclosed schedule annexed, and information as to samples, etc., may be had on personal application at the hospital.

4. A separate tender must be sent in for each article.

5. Tenders will be opened by the Senior Medical Officer at the General Hospital at the appointed time in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

6. Tenders to be accompanied in the manner detailed in paragraph 1, and on the covers the words "Tenders for Hospital supplies" written. Each tender must contain not only the price, but the total value of each item of supply according to separate column, the items in which must be supplied up showing the aggregate value of each entire tender.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit (in Government promissory notes or Bank receipts) as amounting to the amount stated against each article. When several articles are tendered for, one Bank receipt for the total amount of promissory notes will be required. In default of such deposit the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders. *Not to be returned.* This deposit will be returned to unsuccessful tenders immediately and to the others as soon they have made their supplies.

7. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of thirty days from the date thereof, and, in the event of his so doing, his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

8. No advance of such will be made to the tenderer.

9. Till an advertisement will be passed by the Deputy Assistant-Comptroller for payments at the Madras Bank after delivery of the articles.

10. The Senior Medical Officer reserves to himself the right to decline or accept the tender for any one or more of the articles tendered for by the successful tenderer without accepting any more for so doing.

11. The Senior Medical Officer also reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

12. Government promissory notes lodged as security shall not be returned save to the Senior Medical Officer, but shall remain at the disposal of the Government with appropriate interest the same as per G.O. No. 3328, dated 1st March 1910, authority in that behalf being duly entered in the contract or other document created by the depositor.

13. With reference to the stipulations contained in the preceding paragraph No. 12, the tenderer should attach a certificate to his schedule or schedule to the following effect:—

"I, the tenderer, agree to have the promissory notes, or Government promissory notes or Bank receipts deposited in Government in case of my failure to fulfil the contract."

14. No article shall be supplied to the hospital except on authority signed by the Senior Medical Officer or by some responsible person authorised by him in writing to do so.

15. Printed forms of tenders can be had on application at the General Hospital, Madras.

16. Samples are not required unless called for. When called for, they must be sent in within two days. If approved and tender accepted, the samples received shall be counted as part of the supply. If rejected, the samples will be paid for at the tender rates. Tenderers are distinctly understood that, if the tender be accepted, the balance of the article or articles required must be in every way equal to the approved sample. The opinion of the Senior Medical Officer is to be final on this point.

Articles	Quantity required.	Amount deposited.	Remarks
<b>Dust, Domestic (To be supplied).</b>			
Colony	10	10	
Cottons, 1st quality, good, standard	10	10	
Two (one) more will do	10	10	
Yarns (No. 3 & 4) (Karnal) in 2 lb. lots	10	10	
Challis, 1st quality, well standard	10	10	
Cottons, 1st quality, do	10	10	
Cottons, 2nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 2nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 3rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 4th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 5th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 6th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 7th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 8th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 9th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 10th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 11th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 12th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 13th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 14th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 15th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 16th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 17th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 18th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 19th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 20th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 21st quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 22nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 23rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 24th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 25th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 26th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 27th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 28th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 29th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 30th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 31st quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 32nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 33rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 34th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 35th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 36th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 37th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 38th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 39th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 40th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 41st quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 42nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 43rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 44th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 45th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 46th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 47th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 48th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 49th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 50th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 51st quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 52nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 53rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 54th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 55th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 56th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 57th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 58th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 59th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 60th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 61st quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 62nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 63rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 64th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 65th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 66th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 67th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 68th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 69th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 70th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 71st quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 72nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 73rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 74th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 75th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 76th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 77th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 78th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 79th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 80th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 81st quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 82nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 83rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 84th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 85th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 86th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 87th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 88th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 89th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 90th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 91st quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 92nd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 93rd quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 94th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 95th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 96th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 97th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 98th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 99th quality, do	10	10	
Challis, 100th quality, do	10	10	
<b>Domestic, Domestic (To be supplied).</b>			
Domestic, 1st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 2nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 3rd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 4th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 5th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 6th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 7th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 8th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 9th quality, do	10	10	
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Domestic, 11th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 12th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 13th quality, do	10	10	
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Domestic, 17th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 18th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 19th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 20th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 21st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 22nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 23rd quality, do	10	10	
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Domestic, 25th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 26th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 27th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 28th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 29th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 30th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 31st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 32nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 33rd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 34th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 35th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 36th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 37th quality, do	10	10	
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Domestic, 40th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 41st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 42nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 43rd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 44th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 45th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 46th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 47th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 48th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 49th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 50th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 51st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 52nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 53rd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 54th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 55th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 56th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 57th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 58th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 59th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 60th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 61st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 62nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 63rd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 64th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 65th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 66th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 67th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 68th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 69th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 70th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 71st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 72nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 73rd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 74th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 75th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 76th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 77th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 78th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 79th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 80th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 81st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 82nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 83rd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 84th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 85th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 86th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 87th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 88th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 89th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 90th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 91st quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 92nd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 93rd quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 94th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 95th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 96th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 97th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 98th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 99th quality, do	10	10	
Domestic, 100th quality, do	10	10	

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

GOVERNMENT VOLUNTARY NURSING HOSPITAL, MADRAS

Tejeda and Cortez of Antigua de Guayaquil Hospital, Guayaquil

Notice is hereby given that said women will be received up to 12 A.M. on Friday 2nd September 1916, by the Superintendent Government Voluntary Trench Hospital for the supply of the following article:—

*Ala, Simulka, and Simulka, Detroit.*—Consist of activities which must be supplied in bulk with seven days after acceptance of tender. Payment will be made on bills on noon after receipt of remittance.

5. The articles required are detailed in the classified schedules appended, and information as to supplies, etc., may be had on personal application to the hospital.

2. A separate trailer must be sent in for each article.

4. Tickets will be issued by the Superintendent of the Government Toluntary Trained Hospital at the appointed time in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

3. Teachers to be represented in the manner classified in paragraph 2, and on the covers the words "teachers for hospital supplies" written. Each teacher must contain not only the rules, but the total value of each item of supply entered in a separate column, the items in which must be totaled up showing the aggregate value of each supply teacher.

As a result, the Bank will be accompanied by a deposit (in Government promissory notes) of the one Bank raised further total amount of money will be received in default of each of them. No such will be received. This deposit will be returned to the Bank for the amount of the deposit and the other to the Bank has made their surplus.

§ 2. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of thirty days from the date thereof, and, in the event of his so doing, his deposit shall be forfeited to the Government.

8. No drainage of cash will be made to the timberline.

Each author delivery of the article.

16. The Appointed Person reserves to himself the right to decline or accept the tender for any one or more of the articles tendered for by the successful bidder.

11. The hypermodern also reserves to himself the right of rejecting teachers without cause.

12. Government promissory notes lodged as currency-tokens shall not be reduced nor to the depositors but shall remain in the name of the depositor. Government will appropriate as cancel the notes in per 60, No. 200, dated in March 1950, authority is that effect being only entered in the contract or other document executed by the depositor.

12. With reference to the stipulations contained in the preceding paragraph No. 12, the tenderers should attach a certificate to his schedule or schedules to the following effect:—

— I, the undersigned, agree to have the amount of money, if the Government previously notes or Reel receipt, on credit to Government in one of my future to underwrite the interest.

or by some responsible person authorized by him in writing to do so.

18. Printed forms of orders may be had on application at the Government Veterinary Technical  
Hospital, Madras

<sup>10</sup> Examples are not required unless called for. When called for, they must be sent in within two days. If prepared and tender accepted, the examples accepted will be received as part of the supply. If rejected, the samples will be paid for at the tender rate. Tenderers are distinctly notified that, if the tender is accepted, the balance of the article or articles required must be equal to the accepted sample. The question of the superseding to be read on this point every way.

[illegible]

<sup>100</sup> By 2011 and 2012 will be taken by two hatchments. The first is October 2010 and the first hatchment is January

Madras, 12th August 1890.

W. J. NIELSEN, Major, U. S. A.,  
Adjutant-General





## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

## GOVERNMENT LEPER HOSPITAL, MADRAS.

## TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF MEDICINE OR DRUGS AND MEDICAL SUPPLIES.

Notices in this notice, given that sealed tenders will be received up to 4-30 a.m. on Wednesday, the 3rd September 1910, by the Superintendent, Government Leper Hospital, for the supply of articles as per attached schedule, &c.—

Schedule A consisting of articles which must be supplied in bulk within ten days from date of order. Payments will be made in full after delivery. Samples of all articles may be seen at the hospital between 9 and 10 a.m.

2. The rate for each article must be separately quoted in the tender and the total value of each item of supply entered in a separate column, the items in which must be totalled up, showing the aggregate value of each entire tender.

3. If the successful tenderer for any article specified in schedule A shall fail to deliver the same within ten days from date of the order, his earnest-money will be forfeited to Government.

4. Tenders, which should be in duplicate, must be accompanied with samples of each article tendered for, those of rare being at least six ounces. Each tender must be accompanied by a Bank of Madras deposit receipt equal to 20 per cent. of the total value of the tender, and in default of such deposit the tender will be rejected, and any tender accepted after the appointed hour and date. No cash deposit can be received. The deposits will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

5. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of thirty days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

6. No address of such will be made to contractors.

7. The correct name will be noted without the express sanction in writing of the Superintendent.

8. The Superintendent reserves to himself the right to reject any tender or to decline to accept the tender for any one or more of the articles tendered for by the tenderer without assigning any reason for so doing.

9. Bills on presentation will be passed by the Deputy Assistant-Commissioner for payment at the Madras Bank after delivery of the articles.

10. With reference to the stipulations contained in the preceding paragraphs, the tenderer should attach a certificate to his tender to the following effect:—

1. The tenderer, upon so here the earnest-money furnished to Government in case of my failure to deliver the tender. I further undertake to supply a quantity of any article equal to 20 per cent. in excess of that specified in my tender, and at the same rate, should I be required to do so by the Superintendent.

## SCHEDULE A.—Bulk Supply.

No.	Name of article.	Quality.	Quantity more or less.	No.	Name of article.	Quality.	Quantity more or less.
1	Tea	Good quality ..	25	8	Pepper ..	1st and 2nd ..	200
2	Chamomile	Old and dry ..	100	9	Rice, country ..	Dry and well dressed without broken rice ..	20,000
3	Coriander seed	1st and 2nd ..	1,000	10	Sago ..	1st and 2nd ..	20
4	Onion (Thames- grown)	1st and 2nd ..	10	11	Thamson ..	1st and 2nd ..	200
5	Onion	1st and 2nd ..	10	12	Currie ..	1st and 2nd ..	20
6	Mustard, country.	1st and 2nd ..	10				

\* The first instalment of supply is October 1910 and the second in January 1911.

Madras, 12th August 1910.

J. P. GIBSON, M.B.,  
Superintendent, Government Leper Hospital.

## TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF WELSH COAL.

Sealed tenders for the supply of Welsh coal at the following ports, by contract, for seven months, from 1st September 1910 to 31st March 1911, will be received by the Director of the Royal Indian Marine at the office of the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, up to 2 p.m. on Wednesday, 1st September 1910, after which hour no tenders will be received:—

Port.	Quantity.	Probable time requirements.
Bombay	100,000	12,000
Rangoon	100,000	12,000
Karachi	100,000	12,000
Colombo	100,000	12,000

2. Tenders must be accompanied by a Bank of Bombay receipt for the amount to be deposited or by Government loan paper, which is not to be advanced to any Government officer but to stand in the name of the owner, interest being made payable at the Bank of Bombay Treasury. Tenders must be sent by registered post; if forwarded in any other way they will not be received. Informal tenders will be rejected, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any tender. The Director of the Royal Indian Marine does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

3. Any tender requiring a conditional clause contrary to these requirements or making stipulations not provided for either in this notice or the printed tender and schedule, forms, will be expressly rejected.



## LIST OF UNCLAIMED GOODS LYING IN THE MADRAS CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned packages remaining unclaimed in the Custom-house will be sold by public auction (if not claimed immediately) under section 35 of the Port Customs Act.

2. Goods abandoned by the shipowners for sale will not be permitted to be withdrawn, except on payment of a 5-per-cent surcharge to cover duty, godown rent, harbour dues and other charges, and the owners should arrange with the auctioneers, Messrs. Quinn & Co., Limited, for the payment of these charges and produce a letter from them authorizing the removal of the goods from the auction lot.

3. The goods will be sold subject to the payment of the Port Trust charges which will be notified as the time of sale.

Yard.	Date of arrival.	Marks and contents.	Description of packages.	Contents.
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	For C. S. N. & Co. in 21 P in the	1 box	Freighted with 2 tons
"Do."	"	in 21 P in the	1 "	Port wine, 41 tons.
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	A 2-ton box with "N.T." in the	1 "	2-ton matches.
"Do."	"	box with "N.T." in the	"	"
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	For C. S. N. & Co. in 21 P in the	1 box	Hard matches.
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	For C. S. N. & Co. in 21 P in the	1 box	Empty
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	For C. S. N. & Co. in 21 P in the	4 boxes	"Do."
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	For C. S. N. & Co. in 21 P in the	2 "	Shoes and photo
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	For C. S. N. & Co. in 21 P in the	4 bags	Emballments of soda.
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	For C. S. N. & Co. in 21 P in the	1 bag	Empty
45 "C" Goods."	10th Dec.	For C. S. N. & Co. in 21 P in the	1 box	Empty

For Customs, Madras.  
4th August 1910.

G. N. BOWLER,  
Assistant Collector.

## RECOVERY OF WRECK.

Notice is hereby given, under section 7 of Act VII of 1903, that the undermentioned property has been salvaged within the limits of the Port of Madras, and claimants should submit their claim within a week's time from the date of the circular and receive the articles claimed within the close of the month on payment of the salvage charges. Should they fail, the articles will be sold in the following manner by the Engineer No. 2, Port Trust, Madras:—

Description of articles.	No.	Date of recovery.	Date of recovery.
Two square iron bars for sale	101	8th August 1910	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	102	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	103	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	104	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	105	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	106	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	107	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	108	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	109	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	110	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	111	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	112	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	113	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	114	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	115	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	116	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	117	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	118	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	119	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	120	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	121	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	122	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	123	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	124	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	125	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	126	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	127	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	128	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	129	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	130	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	131	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	132	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	133	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	134	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	135	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	136	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	137	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	138	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	139	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	140	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	141	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	142	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	143	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	144	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	145	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	146	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	147	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	148	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	149	8th do.	
One 100 lbs. of iron bars for sale	150	8th do.	

Wreck  
Station  
Harbour



Notice is hereby given, under section 76 of the Act VII of 1880, undermentioned property has been seized within the limits of the Port of Panbun, and all claims thereto must be prepared and proved within 30 or months from this notification before the Port Officer, Panbun:—

Description.	Date of seizure.	Place of seizure.
One small boat named —	21st March 1899	Panbun. In the sea opposite Maun. Indian Company (Solely).
Remand Collector's Office, Madras, 2nd August 1899.		J. F. TRYANT, Ap. Collector.

### GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS, PRINT BUILDINGS, MADRAS,  
AND BY THE FOLLOWING:—

#### AGENTS IN INDIA.

Messrs. E. Colver & Co., Calcutta.	Messrs. G. A. Mathias & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta.	Messrs. Thacker & Co., Georgetown, Madras.
Messrs. D. B. Tagore & Co., Calcutta.	Messrs. P. N. Sanyal & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.	Messrs. H. Sanyal & Co., Madras.
Messrs. T. & S. Sanyal & Co., Calcutta.	Messrs. H. Sanyal & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thacker & Co., Madras.	Messrs. H. Sanyal & Co., Madras.
Messrs. R. Sanyal & Co., Madras.	Messrs. H. Sanyal & Co., Madras.
Messrs. S. Sanyal & Co., Madras.	Messrs. H. Sanyal & Co., Madras.
Messrs. S. Sanyal & Co., Madras.	Messrs. H. Sanyal & Co., Madras.

Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

#### AGENTS IN EUROPE.

Mr. E. Arnold, 11 & 13, Southampton Street, Strand, W., London.	Mr. T. Fisher & Co., 1, Adelphi Terrace, W., London.
Messrs. Currie & Co., 25, Orange Street, Leicester Square, W.C., London.	Messrs. W. Thacker & Co., 2, Great Street, E.C., London.
Messrs. Gilling & Co., 18, Pall Mall Street, S.W., London.	Mr. D. H. Blackwell, 20 & 21, Broad Street, Oxford.
Messrs. George F. Elgar & Co., 21, Cockspur Street, W.C., London.	Messrs. Dingley, Bell & Co., Cambridge.
Messrs. J. S. King and Son, 2 & 4, Great Smith Street, W.C., London.	Messrs. Dingley & Co., 11, Chesham Street, London.
Messrs. Kegan Paul, Trench, Trubner & Co., 43, Strand Street, W.C., London.	Mr. G. H. Kegan Paul, 11, Chesham Street, London.
Mr. B. Quarrel, 11, Bedford Street, New Bond Street, W., London.	Mr. H. Kegan Paul, 11, Chesham Street, London.

### List of Books, etc., published during the Current Quarter.

[A Catalogue of all Madras Government Publications available for sale may be obtained gratis from the Government Press, Madras.]

[The contents within parentheses are for printing and postage.]

#### PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

LIST OF CIVIL SERVANTS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, continued up to 1st July 1910. Royal Bro. A. 2 (8 p.)

#### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

LIST SHOWING THE NAMES OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES IN THE SEVERAL DISTRICTS, SUB-DIVISIONS AND THE DISTRICTS OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Published. Corrections No. 12, dated 18th January 1910. P. 1 & 2 (8 p.).

MADRAS JAIL MANUAL. Published 1898. Thirty-fourth List of Corrections. A. 1-6 (8 p.).

QUARTERLY LIST OF CRIMINALS IN THE JAIL DEPARTMENT, continued up to 31st June 1910. Royal Bro. paper cover. A. 2 (1 p.).

#### FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

MADRAS SETTLEMENTS IN THE CIVIL SERVICE REGULATIONS. THIRD EDITION. ADDENDA AND CORRECTIONS No. 22. P. 1 & 2 (8 p.).

MADRAS SETTLEMENT MANUAL. SECOND EDITION. List of Corrections No. 16. P. 1 & 2 (8 p.).

MADRAS FORM BOOK. MADRAS EDITION. THIRTY-FOURTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS. P. 1 & 2 (8 p.).

#### REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

##### BOARD OF REVENUE AND LAND REVENUE.

SHARING QUOTA OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE. 1905 EDITION. List of Corrections. No. 1, paper cover. Thirty-fourth List to Vol. I, page 6 (8 p.); to Vol. II, page 6 (8 p.). Twenty-fourth List to Vol. I, page 6 (8 p.); to Vol. II, page 6 (8 p.).

##### BOARD OF REVENUE (LAND REVENUE—PUNJAB).

SHARING QUOTA OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY AND COMRA. Corrected up to 1st July 1910. Imperial Bro. paper cover. A. 1. (8 p.).

## ROAD TO DEVENTER (SEPARATE ROUTE)

\*QUANTITIES LIST OF EQUIPMENTMENT OF THE MANNING SHIRT, ALEXANDER, N.Y., SEPARATE REPORTS  
EXTRACTED, corrected up to 1st July 1960. Naval Sec. number given. No. 1 to 11. 6d. (3 all)

## LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SANITARY BOARD, THE TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE  
SANITARY COMMISSIONER AND THE TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1904. Pictorial table, bound.  
As. 12. (1904).

## EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

Additional Source-Listing Categories: Contents of Source: Page 6. (6 x)

## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

\*TABLE SHOWING EFFECT OF LEGISLATION IN THE FORT ST GEORGE REGION 1903. A.S.A. (5 p.)

## List of Books published from 1st January to 31st June 1915

2008年12月 09 04:52:26 星期二

For an Examination of the Orthographic Table, Madrid, as directed on 1st April 1810. Royal Decree, paper cover.

Manuscript 1, in the *CPD*: Submissions to the *Kritika* Programme, recorded up to 1st January, 1st February, 1st March, 1st April, 1st May and 1st June 1985. Royal Free Hospital, London, U.K.

History of the Department of the Interior, 1849-1892. *Public Affairs, vol. 1, 1849-1860*. (U.S. Government Printing Office, 1964) 120 pp. \$1.50.

287. Wheat or CARPUS TRITICUM WHEAT STALKS THE SAME AS KIND OF CARPUS FROM 18-  
October 1726 to 10 June 1729. Freilong 1826, vol. 2, p. 141 (2nd).

Historical Records on the Japanese Immigrants in the Hawaii Islands. No. 247. June 1999. Published 2000.  
 Printing 94pp. pdf format. \$6.95 (US).

## Government of India Publications

©2008 National Tax Association of the United States, 2008. Special Inv. gift when gift interest: Sec. 2511 or 2512.

Indian Land Act, 1874, and the Indian Land Bill, 1909. Am. & W. 94 (2nd).

## ADDRESSAL DEPARTMENT

Original sent by Transmittance of the Police Department to New Mexico Gov., received up to 16 April 1980.  
Serial No. 999-9999 - 28 & 30, (1 x)

Has received the name of *Senecio* and *Yucca* respectively and without *Senecio* and *Yucca* in the *Senecio* and *Yucca* respectively, recorded by to 18th February 1910. Published 1910. *Senecio* and *Yucca* respectively.

Marshall John Hargrove. Published 1988. Ltd of Commissioners. N.Y. 30 and M. Jack Pen 4. (Pp.)  
Morgan Perkin Hargrove. Titled Ltd of Commissioners. P. 4. (Pp.)

NOTE ON THE REORGANIZATION OF THE DISTRICTS DEPARTMENT IN THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT IN 1905. PUBLISHED  
 (1905). Peking: China, paper cover. 40 p. (1905)

Quantities Lost as Spoilage in the Quarantine Department of the Marine Department, averaged up to be 100,000,000 lbs. per year. See 6-10-1941.

## FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

Large Water Cows. *Stomoxys calcitrans* Linn. 1. (Hb.); No. 16. Platy (Hb.)  
Muscular Muscular. *Stomoxys calcitrans* Linn. 1. (Hb.); No. 16. Platy (Hb.)

1034. 18711 Nov XXXI and XXXII. Each Annual 10.50 (Wp)

Amesbury, Vermont. 1941. 10 p. (N.P.)

REVENUE PAYMENT: \_\_\_\_\_

## REVIEWING DEPARTMENT

Approved for Release by NSA on 08-25-2013 pursuant to E.O. 13526

Harper Papyrus Station, Newark, N. J. Harport Papyrus Manufacturing, Inc. 20 South Newark, N. J.  
Papyrus 1018, Register also to John H. Co. (J.H.)

BOARD OF HONORS (LAST REFERENCE)

## Name of Interviewee (Last, First):

SAVED BY SAILORS, FRENCHMEN AND INDIANS: SHIPWRECKED AT TIANJIAN-CHANG, BEING IN  
CHINA, 1890 (MAGAZINE) IN THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC, NUMBER 12 IN OCTOBER 1908. LIST OF CORRECTIONS

Recharge Device to the Boyer to BLINDS [10] Television

Thiessen's list in Vol. I, Ann. 1, (p. 1), in Vol. II, No. 2, (p. 1). Forrester's list in Vol. I, Ann. 1, (p. 1), in Vol. II, No. 2, (p. 1). Forrester's list in Vol. I, Ann. 1, (p. 1), in Vol. II, No. 2, (p. 1).

[illegible]

DEPT. OF REVENUE (LAND REVENUE—EXPENDITURE)

Annual Appropriation Report of the Fifth Congress, March 1817, p. 100.  
 Based on Warren (Miss) Records, February 1816, box 1, 110-6 (7m)  
 Also in: OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL PURCHASES AND CONSUM, recorded by 10th Apr

<sup>1</sup> 1932. *Rept. Inv.*, paper cover. An. 8 et al. (P. 1).



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,  
2, MARINE STREET, CALCUTTA.

[A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government  
Central Press, Calcutta.]

(The amounts within parentheses are for post and postage.)

List of New Books published during the Current Quarter.

- THE ENGLISH TELEGRAPH ACT, 1863, (ACT XIII OF 1863) AS AMENDED UP TO 1st JUNE 1916. - Royal  
Press, Calcutta. Rs. 6. (1 s.)  
THE INDIAN PRINCIPAL CODE (ACT XIV OF 1859) AS AMENDED UP TO 1st JUNE 1916, WITH AN  
Index. Rs. 5-6. (3 s. 6d.)  
THE GOVERNMENT ACT, 1878 (ACT I OF 1878), AS AMENDED UP TO 1st JUNE 1916. Rs. 5-6-6. (1 s.)  
ACT XXXI OF 1864 (CONSTITUTION OF INDIA) AS AMENDED UP TO 1st JUNE 1916. Rs. 2-3. (1 s.)  
THE FOREWATER ACT, 1905 (LII OF 1905), AS AMENDED UP TO 1st JULY 1916. Rs. 2-6. (1 s.)

List of Books published from January to June 1916.

- THESE SEVERAL EDITIONS OF LEGISLATION IN THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, 1916, 1915, 1914, 1913, 1912, 1911, 1910, 1909, 1908, 1907, 1906, 1905, 1904, 1903, 1902, 1901, 1900, 1899, 1898, 1897, 1896, 1895, 1894, 1893, 1892, 1891, 1890, 1889, 1888, 1887, 1886, 1885, 1884, 1883, 1882, 1881, 1880, 1879, 1878, 1877, 1876, 1875, 1874, 1873, 1872, 1871, 1870, 1869, 1868, 1867, 1866, 1865, 1864, 1863, 1862, 1861, 1860, 1859, 1858, 1857, 1856, 1855, 1854, 1853, 1852, 1851, 1850, 1849, 1848, 1847, 1846, 1845, 1844, 1843, 1842, 1841, 1840, 1839, 1838, 1837, 1836, 1835, 1834, 1833, 1832, 1831, 1830, 1829, 1828, 1827, 1826, 1825, 1824, 1823, 1822, 1821, 1820, 1819, 1818, 1817, 1816, 1815, 1814, 1813, 1812, 1811, 1810, 1809, 1808, 1807, 1806, 1805, 1804, 1803, 1802, 1801, 1800, 1799, 1798, 1797, 1796, 1795, 1794, 1793, 1792, 1791, 1790, 1789, 1788, 1787, 1786, 1785, 1784, 1783, 1782, 1781, 1780, 1779, 1778, 1777, 1776, 1775, 1774, 1773, 1772, 1771, 1770, 1769, 1768, 1767, 1766, 1765, 1764, 1763, 1762, 1761, 1760, 1759, 1758, 1757, 1756, 1755, 1754, 1753, 1752, 1751, 1750, 1749, 1748, 1747, 1746, 1745, 1744, 1743, 1742, 1741, 1740, 1739, 1738, 1737, 1736, 1735, 1734, 1733, 1732, 1731, 1730, 1729, 1728, 1727, 1726, 1725, 1724, 1723, 1722, 1721, 1720, 1719, 1718, 1717, 1716, 1715, 1714, 1713, 1712, 1711, 1710, 1709, 1708, 1707, 1706, 1705, 1704, 1703, 1702, 1701, 1700, 1699, 1698, 1697, 1696, 1695, 1694, 1693, 1692, 1691, 1690, 1689, 1688, 1687, 1686, 1685, 1684, 1683, 1682, 1681, 1680, 1679, 1678, 1677, 1676, 1675, 1674, 1673, 1672, 1671, 1670, 1669, 1668, 1667, 1666, 1665, 1664, 1663, 1662, 1661, 1660, 1659, 1658, 1657, 1656, 1655, 1654, 1653, 1652, 1651, 1650, 1649, 1648, 1647, 1646, 1645, 1644, 1643, 1642, 1641, 1640, 1639, 1638, 1637, 1636, 1635, 1634, 1633, 1632, 1631, 1630, 1629, 1628, 1627, 1626, 1625, 1624, 1623, 1622, 1621, 1620, 1619, 1618, 1617, 1616, 1615, 1614, 1613, 1612, 1611, 1610, 1609, 1608, 1607, 1606, 1605, 1604, 1603, 1602, 1601, 1600, 1599, 1598, 1597, 1596, 1595, 1594, 1593, 1592, 1591, 1590, 1589, 1588, 1587, 1586, 1585, 1584, 1583, 1582, 1581, 1580, 1579, 1578, 1577, 1576, 1575, 1574, 1573, 1572, 1571, 1570, 1569, 1568, 1567, 1566, 1565, 1564, 1563, 1562, 1561, 1560, 1559, 1558, 1557, 1556, 1555, 1554, 1553, 1552, 1551, 1550, 1549, 1548, 1547, 1546, 1545, 1544, 1543, 1542, 1541, 1540, 1539, 1538, 1537, 1536, 1535, 1534, 1533, 1532, 1531, 1530, 1529, 1528, 1527, 1526, 1525, 1524, 1523, 1522, 1521, 1520, 1519, 1518, 1517, 1516, 1515, 1514, 1513, 1512, 1511, 1510, 1509, 1508, 1507, 1506, 1505, 1504, 1503, 1502, 1501, 1500, 1499, 1498, 1497, 1496, 1495, 1494, 1493, 1492, 1491, 1490, 1489, 1488, 1487, 1486, 1485, 1484, 1483, 1482, 1481, 1480, 1479, 1478, 1477, 1476, 1475, 1474, 1473, 1472, 1471, 1470, 1469, 1468, 1467, 1466, 1465, 1464, 1463, 1462, 1461, 1460, 1459, 1458, 1457, 1456, 1455, 1454, 1453, 1452, 1451, 1450, 1449, 1448, 1447, 1446, 1445, 1444, 1443, 1442, 1441, 1440, 1439, 1438, 1437, 1436, 1435, 1434, 1433, 1432, 1431, 1430, 1429, 1428, 1427, 1426, 1425, 1424, 1423, 1422, 1421, 1420, 1419, 1418, 1417, 1416, 1415, 1414, 1413, 1412, 1411, 1410, 1409, 1408, 1407, 1406, 1405, 1404, 1403, 1402, 1401, 1400, 1399, 1398, 1397, 1396, 1395, 1394, 1393, 1392, 1391, 1390, 1389, 1388, 1387, 1386, 1385, 1384, 1383, 1382, 1381, 1380, 1379, 1378, 1377, 1376, 1375, 1374, 1373, 1372, 1371, 1370, 1369, 1368, 1367, 1366, 1365, 1364, 1363, 1362, 1361, 1360, 1359, 1358, 1357, 1356, 1355, 1354, 1353, 1352, 1351, 1350, 1349, 1348, 1347, 1346, 1345, 1344, 1343, 1342, 1341, 1340, 1339, 1338, 1337, 1336, 1335, 1334, 1333, 1332, 1331, 1330, 1329, 1328, 1327, 1326, 1325, 1324, 1323, 1322, 1321, 1320, 1319, 1318, 1317, 1316, 1315, 1314, 1313, 1312, 1311, 1310, 1309, 1308, 1307, 1306, 1305, 1304, 1303, 1302, 1301, 1300, 1299, 1298, 1297, 1296, 1295, 1294, 1293, 1292, 1291, 1290, 1289, 1288, 1287, 1286, 1285, 1284, 1283, 1282, 1281, 1280, 1279, 1278, 1277, 1276, 1275, 1274, 1273, 1272, 1271, 1270, 1269, 1268, 1267, 1266, 1265, 1264, 1263, 1262, 1261, 1260, 1259, 1258, 1257, 1256, 1255, 1254, 1253, 1252, 1251, 1250, 1249, 1248, 1247, 1246, 1245, 1244, 1243, 1242, 1241, 1240, 1239, 1238, 1237, 1236, 1235, 1234, 1233, 1232, 1231, 1230, 1229, 1228, 1227, 1226, 1225, 1224, 1223, 1222, 1221, 1220, 1219, 1218, 1217, 1216, 1215, 1214, 1213, 1212, 1211, 1210, 1209, 1208, 1207, 1206, 1205, 1204, 1203, 1202, 1201, 1200, 1199, 1198, 1197, 1196, 1195, 1194, 1193, 1192, 1191, 1190, 1189, 1188, 1187, 1186, 1185, 1184, 1183, 1182, 1181, 1180, 1179, 1178, 1177, 1176, 1175, 1174, 1173, 1172, 1171, 1170, 1169, 1168, 1167, 1166, 1165, 1164, 1163, 1162, 1161, 1160, 1159, 1158, 1157, 1156, 1155, 1154, 1153, 1152, 1151, 1150, 1149, 1148, 1147, 1146, 1145, 1144, 1143, 1142, 1141, 1140, 1139, 1138, 1137, 1136, 1135, 1134, 1133, 1132, 1131, 1130, 1129, 1128, 1127, 1126, 1125, 1124, 1123, 1122, 1121, 1120, 1119, 1118, 1117, 1116, 1115, 1114, 1113, 1112, 1111, 1110, 1109, 1108, 1107, 1106, 1105, 1104, 1103, 1102, 1101, 1100, 1099, 1098, 1097, 1096, 1095, 1094, 1093, 1092, 1091, 1090, 1089, 1088, 1087, 1086, 1085, 1084, 1083, 1082, 1081, 1080, 1079, 1078, 1077, 1076, 1075, 1074, 1073, 1072, 1071, 1070, 1069, 1068, 1067, 1066, 1065, 1064, 1063, 1062, 1061, 1060, 1059, 1058, 1057, 1056, 1055, 1054, 1053, 1052, 1051, 1050, 1049, 1048, 1047, 1046, 1045, 1044, 1043, 1042, 1041, 1040, 1039, 1038, 1037, 1036, 1035, 1034, 1033, 1032, 1031, 1030, 1029, 1028, 1027, 1026, 1025, 1024, 1023, 1022, 1021, 1020, 1019, 1018, 1017, 1016, 1015, 1014, 1013, 1012, 1011, 1010, 1009, 1008, 1007, 1006, 1005, 1004, 1003, 1002, 1001, 1000, 999, 998, 997, 996, 995, 994, 993, 992, 991, 990, 989, 988, 987, 986, 985, 984, 983, 982, 981, 980, 979, 978, 977, 976, 975, 974, 973, 972, 971, 970, 969, 968, 967, 966, 965, 964, 963, 962, 961, 960, 959, 958, 957, 956, 955, 954, 953, 952, 951, 950, 949, 948, 947, 946, 945, 944, 943, 942, 941, 940, 939, 938, 937, 936, 935, 934, 933, 932, 931, 930, 929, 928, 927, 926, 925, 924, 923, 922, 921, 920, 919, 918, 917, 916, 915, 914, 913, 912, 911, 910, 909, 908, 907, 906, 905, 904, 903, 902, 901, 900, 899, 898, 897, 896, 895, 894, 893, 892, 891, 890, 889, 888, 887, 886, 885, 884, 883, 882, 881, 880, 879, 878, 877, 876, 875, 874, 873, 872, 871, 870, 869, 868, 867, 866, 865, 864, 863, 862, 861, 860, 859, 858, 857, 856, 855, 854, 853, 852, 851, 850, 849, 848, 847, 846, 845, 844, 843, 842, 841, 840, 839, 838, 837, 836, 835, 834, 833, 832, 831, 830, 829, 828, 827, 826, 825, 824, 823, 822, 821, 820, 819, 818, 817, 816, 815, 814, 813, 812, 811, 810, 809, 808, 807, 806, 805, 804, 803, 802, 801, 800, 799, 798, 797, 796, 795, 794, 793, 792, 791, 790, 789, 788, 787, 786, 785, 784, 783, 782, 781, 780, 779, 778, 777, 776, 775, 774, 773, 772, 771, 770, 769, 768, 767, 766, 765, 764, 763, 762, 761, 760, 759, 758, 757, 756, 755, 754, 753, 752, 751, 750, 749, 748, 747, 746, 745, 744, 743, 742, 741, 740, 739, 738, 737, 736, 735, 734, 733, 732, 731, 730, 729, 728, 727, 726, 725, 724, 723, 722, 721, 720, 719, 718, 717, 716, 715, 714, 713, 712, 711, 710, 709, 708, 707, 706, 705, 704, 703, 702, 701, 700, 699, 698, 697, 696, 695, 694, 693, 692, 691, 690, 689, 688, 687, 686, 685, 684, 683, 682, 681, 680, 679, 678, 677, 676, 675, 674, 673, 672, 671, 670, 669, 668, 667, 666, 665, 664, 663, 662, 661, 660, 659, 658, 657, 656, 655, 654, 653, 652, 651, 650, 649, 648, 647, 646, 645, 644, 643, 642, 641, 640, 639, 638, 637, 636, 635, 634, 633, 632, 631, 630, 629, 628, 627, 626, 625, 624, 623, 622, 621, 620, 619, 618, 617, 616, 615, 614, 613, 612, 611, 610, 609, 608, 607, 606, 605, 604, 603, 602, 601, 600, 599, 598, 597, 596, 595, 594, 593, 592, 591, 590, 589, 588, 587, 586, 585, 584, 583, 582, 581, 580, 579, 578, 577, 576, 575, 574, 573, 572, 571, 570, 569, 568, 567, 566, 565, 564, 563, 562, 561, 560, 559, 558, 557, 556, 555, 554, 553, 552, 551, 550, 549, 548, 547, 546, 545, 544, 543, 542, 541, 540, 539, 538, 537, 536, 535, 534, 533, 532, 531, 530, 529, 528, 527, 526, 525, 524, 523, 522, 521, 520, 519, 518, 517, 516, 515, 514, 513, 512, 511, 510, 509, 508, 507, 506, 505, 504, 503, 502, 501, 500, 499, 498, 497, 496, 495, 494, 493, 492, 491, 490, 489, 488, 487, 486, 485, 484, 483, 482, 481, 480, 479, 478, 477, 476, 475, 474, 473, 472, 471, 470, 469, 468, 467, 466, 465, 464, 463, 462, 461, 460, 459, 458, 457, 456, 455, 454, 453, 452, 451, 450, 449, 448, 447, 446, 445, 444, 443, 442, 441, 440, 439, 438, 437, 436, 435, 434, 433, 432, 431, 430, 429, 428, 427, 426, 425, 424, 423, 422, 421, 420, 419, 418, 417, 416, 415, 414, 413, 412, 411, 410, 409, 408, 407, 406, 405, 404, 403, 402, 401, 400, 399, 398, 397, 396, 395, 394, 393, 392, 391, 390, 389, 388, 387, 386, 385, 384, 383, 382, 381, 380, 379, 378, 377, 376, 375, 374, 373, 372, 371, 370, 369, 368, 367, 366, 365, 364, 363, 362, 361, 360, 359, 358, 357, 356, 355, 354, 353, 352, 351, 350, 349, 348, 347, 346, 345, 344, 343, 342, 341, 340, 339, 338, 337, 336, 335, 334, 333, 332, 331, 330, 329, 328, 327, 326, 325, 324, 323, 322, 321, 320, 319, 318, 317, 316, 315, 314, 313, 312, 311, 310, 309, 308, 307, 306, 305, 304, 303, 302, 301, 300, 299, 298, 297, 296, 295, 294, 293, 292, 291, 290, 289, 288, 287, 286, 285, 284, 283, 282, 281, 280, 279, 278, 277, 276, 275, 274, 273, 272, 271, 270, 269, 268, 267, 266, 265, 264, 263, 262, 261, 260, 259, 258, 257, 256, 255, 254, 253, 252, 251, 250, 249, 248, 247, 246, 245, 244, 243, 242, 241, 240, 239, 238, 237, 236, 235, 234, 233, 232, 231, 230, 229, 228, 227, 226, 225, 224, 223, 222, 221, 220, 219, 218, 217, 216, 215, 214, 213, 212, 211, 210, 209, 208, 207, 206, 205, 204, 203, 202, 201, 200, 199, 198, 197, 196, 195, 194, 193, 192, 191, 190, 189, 188, 187, 186, 185, 184, 183, 182, 181, 180, 179, 178, 177, 176, 175, 174, 173, 172, 171, 170, 169, 168, 167, 166, 165, 164, 163, 162, 161, 160, 159, 158, 157, 156, 155, 154, 153, 152, 151, 150, 149, 148, 147, 146, 145, 144, 143, 142, 141, 140, 139, 138, 137, 136, 135, 134, 133, 132, 131, 130, 129, 128, 127, 126, 125, 124, 123, 122, 121, 120, 119, 118, 117, 116, 115, 114, 113, 112, 111, 110, 109, 108, 107, 106, 105, 104, 103, 102, 101, 100, 99, 98, 97, 96, 95, 94, 93, 92, 91, 90, 89, 88, 87, 86, 85, 84, 83, 82, 81, 80, 79, 78, 77, 76, 75, 74, 73, 72, 71, 70, 69, 68, 67, 66, 65, 64, 63, 62, 61, 60, 59, 58, 57, 56, 55, 54, 53, 52, 51, 50, 49, 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1.

VACANCIES.

Applications are invited for the post of the Minor Irrigation Sub-Overseer on Rs. 26 per mensem in the Government of India. Only those who possess the requisite technical qualifications as prescribed in the Public Service Regulation published in Port St. George Gazette, dated 1st March 1916, need apply. Applicants who produce certificates of their having completed the course prescribed for the Sub-Overseer and Statutory exam. College of Engineering, Madras, and of their having passed the final examination, before the Board appointed for the purpose, will be preferred. A knowledge of Telugu is essential. The post is permanently vacant.

Visagapatnam Collector's Office,  
16th July 1916.

F. C. PANDORA,  
Collector.



WARRIES for Cuddapah Collectorate, six Clerks for writing posts on Rs. 25 and under; B.A.'s and P.A.'s only. Good prospects. Apply Collector of Cuddapah through head of office, if Government servant. Permanent posts secured & suitable as career advance.

Cuddapah Collector's Office,  
2nd August 1910.

P. S. F. RICE,  
Collector.

Appointments are invited from candidates qualified under Examination rules for appointments in the public service noted below:—

(1) A Clerk in the Tahsil office, Trichinopoly, on Rs. 25.

(2) A Clerk in the Division office on Rs. 30.

The latter is likely to last longer. Preference will be given to graduates with official experience.

Head-quarters Deputy Collector's Office,  
Trichinopoly, 26th July 1910.

MAHIM HUSEIN,  
Deputy Collector.

Appointments are invited for the post of Third Clerk of this Court now permanently vacant. Salary Rs. 25 with a local allowance of Rs. 15. Applicants should state their age, local service, and the vernacular languages they can read and write. Qualified men with experience of work in the Judicial Department will be preferred.

Tribunal Court, Coimbatore,  
12th August 1910.

J. O. FERNANDEZ,  
Subordinate Judge.

Appointments are invited from those who have passed the Draftsman's test of the College of Engineering for the post of Acting Draftsman on Rs. 30—4—20 in the Ganjam division. The post is likely to last for some months. Apply with copies of testimonials to the Executive Engineer, Ganjam division, Berhampur.

Office of the Executive Engineer, Ganjam Division,  
Berhampur, 27th July 1910.

R. A. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR,  
Executive Engineer.

There are vacancies for Draftsmen in the office of the Special Superintending Engineer. Salaries Rs. 40 to Rs. 60 according to qualifications. Apply showing qualifications and experience in person or by writing to "The Special Superintending Engineer, East Sack, Marshall's Road, Singapore."

Special Supt. Engineer's Office, East Sack,  
Singapore, 19th July 1910.

W. M. ELLIS, Colonel, R.E.,  
Special Superintending Engineer.

WARRIES qualified Draftsmen with previous departmental experience for the post of Acting Draftsman in the office of the undersigned. The appointment will last for about six months. Salary, Rs. 40 per mensem.

Applicants should be accompanied with copies of testimonials.

Tanjore, 15th August 1910.

G. S. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,  
Executive Engineer, Tanjore Division.

It is hereby notified that vacancies of Maistries in the Madras Special Division, Madras, have been filled up and that no more applications for appointments as Maistries will be considered.

Madras, 9th August 1910.

M. BROWN,  
Executive Engineer, Madras Special Division.

WARRIES qualified applicants whose vacancies in Deluge for appointment in the clerical staff of this office.

Accepted applicants will be registered and considered when vacancies occur. Salary Rs. 22 to begin with.

Office of the Commr. of Forests, Central Circle, Chappah,  
Madras, 12th August 1910.

T. P. FRANK,  
Ag. Commissioner of Forests, Central Circle.

WARRIES a Statistical Clerk, must be a graduate with Mathematics as optional subject. Pay Rs. 24 per mensem. Apply—Office of the Sanitary Commissioner, Cuddalore House, Fortmoyne, Madras.

Madras, 3rd August 1910.

H. THOMPSON, Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,  
Sanitary Commissioner for Madras.

WANTED A MESSAGE for the OCEOs of the Supervising Engineers, I (Sole, Vancouver). Salary, minimum \$6,100 rising by annual increments of \$6,000 to a maximum of \$10,000 per annum. Applicants will state qualifications, age and experience and submit copies of certificates. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 15th September 1960.

Office of the Superintending Engineer, 1 Circle,  
Tiruchengode, 4th August 1912.

A. C. LANCASTON,  
*Mechanical Engineer, I. Chas.*

Applicants are advised that candidates who have passed at least the Matriculation Examination for the post of a temporary clerk on Rs. 18 per month (now vacant in this division).

Announcements with notice of testimonials should reach the undersigned before the 15th August 1920.

Office of the Executive Engineer, Tank Restoration  
Scheme Division, VI Circle, Trichinopoly,  
Tamil Nadu, India.

\* P. V. MANICKAM NAIDUKK, *Executive Engineer, T.R.S. Division, VI Class*

Appointments are made for the post of Sergeant-Draftsman on Rs. 60 with travelling allowance for outdoor work as possible under the Civil Service Regulations.

Preference will be given to junior candidates and those who have experience in Forest Surveys. *Candidates of nationalities should accompany the application.*

Colombiana Collector's Office, Central Forest Branch,  
1946 July 1973.

G. R. C. FISHER,  
Director, Forest Office

Applicants are invited from duly qualified individuals for the post of *Revenue Inspector* in the "Wardha District" of this job, which is permanently vacant. Applicants should be capable of supervising the work of assistants and giving them instructions in carpet-weaving and also in drawing designs of many dimensions of carpet. Salary Rs. 30 with free quarters. The post is not a pensionable one. Desires of candidates should accompany applications.

Central Jail, Valley, 10th August 1940

T. J. ROBB, JR., Captain, I.M.S.,  
U.S. Navy

WANTED: Mahapadams, Chattras or Chattras for the post of Deputy-keepers and Supervisors for Truthfulness and Tugyan districts. Applications are invited by registered post up to 15th September 1955, but may be considered without the details mentioned in paragraph 2 above.

(c) For the part of Depot-houses on locomotives ranging from No. 35 to No. 25 or Assistant Depot-houses on No. 22.

(4) For the post of Superintendent on No. 3006 with the chance of rising to No. 3005 and being made Foreman of Day Car yard.

All positions should be marked on the cover with the words underhand shown.

Depositories and with a deposit of \$5,000 for experience.

A. The deposit should not be sent to money market since there is no Government Treasury showing that the amount has been committed to successful candidates. But in the case of deposit, which will be returned reduced for repayment to unsuccessful candidates. But in the case of deposit, which will be returned reduced for repayment to unsuccessful candidates.

4. For the part of Deput-keepers or Assistant Deput-keepers, a knowledge of English is not essential, but the applicants should have had practical experience of managing a depot (Depot or Government) and should know how to keep accounts in the Vancouver (Form). For Supervisors (Government) a knowledge of English is not essential, as it is much more important that they should have practical experience of working in forests under Government, contractors or planters. In both cases the results of physical work done and papers to which a reference may be made should be submitted.

Agencies (7) and (8) of the appendix.

6. The applicants selected will be required to come at their own expense for examination by the District Forest Officer at his camp and should be prepared to wait several days until the examination is over.

16. **NOTE:** All questions should be addressed by insured post to—  
 The Editor, *Journal of Management Education*, 2000 University Avenue, Tallahassee, FL 32306-3040.

7. All affidavits made in support of the writs were made by C. D. P. Theriault, Esq., District Forest Officer, Lacépède.

The following questions should accompany the explanation:

The following exercises should accompany the text:

(a) Copies of resolutions as to previous corporations \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

(iv) *Knowledge of handwriting in all the languages which the applicant*

(b) Symptoms of dehydration in the dog include:

(b) Treasury receipt for the purchase of the property. *Exempt buyers or Appraised*

*Application for the post of Deputy Secretary*

- (1) Name of applicant
- (2) Age
- (3) Address in full
- (4) Post applied for
- (5) Grade in service
- (6) Languages in which the applicant can read and write
- (7) Particular of previous employment
- (8) Reasons why they be engaged here concerning the applicant
- (9) Remarks

#### Statistical significance

District Forest Office, Trincomalee,  
16th August 1969.

C. D. P. THOMPSON,  
District Food Officer, Trichinopoly, Madras.



Applications are invited for the post of Clerk which has fallen temporarily vacant in the Court-house but graduates and those who have passed the P.A. examination need apply. A knowledge of Chinese and Tamil is essential. Applications should reach here on or before the 15th August 1916 with testimonials.

District Magistrate's Court, Port St. George.  
21st July 1916.

E. VENKATA RAU.  
*Dy. District Magist.*

WANTED: applications from candidates who have at least passed the Matriculation Examination, for the post of Fourth Clerk of this Court which has fallen permanently vacant and which carries a salary of Rs. 50 per annum. The applications which must be in the applicants' own handwriting and in the self-joined form must be sent so as to reach the undersigned on or before 15th September 1916. The successful applicants will be not appointed on probation for six months.

(1) (a) Name and family name of the individual applicant; (b) His caste or religion; (c) His residence; (d) His age; (e) Applicant's relations to the police service; (2) Whether applicant holds any landed property, if so, to what amount of revenue value and in what taluk; (3) Applicant's past and present occupations and length of service in each, if a police officer; (4) Recommendations passed by the applicant, with reference to the Gazette page; (5) Abstract of any testimonials of qualifications and character held by applicant.

District Magistrate's Court, Kollabheri,  
Trichopoly, 16th August 1916.

E. SAGANWARA AIYAR.  
*District Magist.*

# PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

## NOTICE.

THE MADRAS STEAM COMPANY, LIMITED (In Liquidation).

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of section 246 of the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1912, a general meeting of shareholders in the above Company will be held at No. 110, Arundel Street, Georgetown, Madras, on Wednesday the 15th day of September 1916 at 5 p.m. for the purpose of having the final accounts of the Company laid before them.

K. C. DUREN,  
*Liquidator.*

Madras, 8th August 1916.

Notice is hereby given that E. P. Manikam PILLAI, son of Ponnusami Pillai, residing at Khandam Street, Trichopoly Fort, has applied to the Court of the District Judge of Trichopoly to be declared an insolvent in L.P. No. 2 of 1916, pending for hearing on 23rd September 1916.

Trichopoly, 12th August 1916.

A. T. SAJANHEKARA SARMA,  
*Attorney for Plaintiff.*

On or after 15th September 1916, I intend moving the High Court to seek me as a Vakil thereof.

Chennai, Trichopoly,  
8th August 1916.

G. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHY,  
*Plaintiff.*

I, ANANTHAKUMAR VEDARAJAN KUPPUSAMY IYER, intend moving the High Court of Judicature at Madras, on or about 25th August 1916 for my appointment as a Vakil thereof.

Trichopoly, 12th July 1916.

A. V. KUPPUSWAMI AIYANGAR,  
*First-grade Pleader.*

I intend moving the High Court of Judicature at Madras, on or after the 15th September, to seek myself as a Vakil thereof.

Trichopoly Bridge, 27th July 1916.

T. V. SUDHIVARA CHAKRABARTY, B.A., B.L.,  
*First-grade Pleader.*

I intend moving the High Court of Judicature at Madras on or after the 15th September next to seek me as a Vakil thereof.

Trichopoly Bridge, 1st August 1916.

M. DURAI SWAMI PILLAI,  
*First-grade Pleader.*

I hereby give notice that I shall move the High Court, on or after the 25th August 1916, for my appointment as a Vakil thereof.

Chennai, 20th July 1916.

TIRUMALA K. NARASIMHACHARIYAN, B.A., B.L.

I, THIRUVALLU RAVICHANDRA SANKARANARAYANA IYER, First-grade Pleader, Trichopoly, intend moving the High Court, Madras, on or after the 15th September 1916 for my appointment as a High Court Vakil.

Trichopoly Bridge, 3rd August 1916.

T. R. GANAPATHIRAMAN.

I intend moving the High Court on or after the 18th of September 1916 to hold sittings as a Judge thereof.

Calicut, 6th August 1916.

G. S. BHASHYAM ATTANGAR, B.A., B.L.

On or after 29th August 1916, I intend moving High Court, Madras, to hold sittings as a Judge thereof.

Triplicane, 29th July 1916.

M. S. RANGASWAMI.

From the 12th September 1916, I intend moving the High Court of Judicature, Madras, to hold sittings as a High Court Judge.

Tallicherry, 12th August 1916.

A. C. KANNAN MANSYER.

#### BANK OF MADRAS

The Bank of Madras and the Public Debt Office will be closed on Saturday the 26th instant on account of *Ashvini Ardrina* and on Monday the 29th inst. on account of *Siva Jayanthi*, being gazetted holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act.

(By order of the Directors.)

G. W. BLACK,  
*Ap. Secretary and Treasurer.*

Madras, 19th August 1916.



## SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

## THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 38.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10, 1906.

[Price, 6 pice.]

## METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTERS.

Date.	Time.	Barometer reduced to 32° F.	Thermometers.				Relative Moisture from Saturated Vapour.	Direction of Wind.	Winds.		Direction of Rain.	Direction of Clouds.	Direction of Drift.	General weather.												
			Observed Daily Means.		Observed Extremes.				Direction.	Force.																
			Dry.	Wet.	Max.	Min.																				
Aug.	Year.	1905.	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	°	°												
1st.	Mon.	30.790	83.0	77.4	85.0	75.0	78.0	75	W by S.	100	0.05	75	0.0	Cloudy												
2d.	Tues.	31.10	86.0	77.0	83.0	78.0	75.0	75	W by S.	107	..	75	0.0	Do.												
3d.	Wed.	31.15	86.4	77.4	83.0	78.0	75.0	75	W by S.	102	..	75	0.0	Passing clouds.												
4th.	Thurs.	31.15	87.0	77.0	83.0	78.0	75.0	75	W by S.	100	..	75	0.0	Do.												
5th.	Fri.	31.15	86.0	77.0	83.0	78.0	75.0	75	W by S.	104	0.04	75	0.0	Do.												
6th.	Sat.	31.15	86.4	77.0	83.0	78.0	75.0	75	W by S.	106	..	75	0.0	Do.												
7th.	Sun.	31.15	86.0	77.0	83.0	78.0	75.0	75	W by S.	105	..	75	0.0	Do.												

The Standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 5 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m., and 8 p.m., and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The column of the Barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the column of the Rain Gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current Civil Day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since January 1st in 1906 inches, the average day for the same period being 19.50 inches.

B. L. JONES,  
Deputy Director.

Madrass Observatory, 15th August 1906.



No. 33.1

KADDAH, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1910. [Page 6 page]

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORT FOR THE WEEK  
ENDING THE 13<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST 1910.

#### RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS

Districts	Rainfall in inches.			Feet in Gauge (1 to 80 inches) per Year.											
	In the week.	Up to (end of the week) (in inches)		None		1/4 in.		1/2 in.		3/4 in.		1 in.		Over 1 in.	
		(1891).	Average of 15 years.	Average of 10 years.	Last week.	This week.	Last week.	This week.	Last week.	This week.	Last week.	This week.	Last week.	This week.	
<b>Western.</b>															
Oregon ..	5.4	33.4	25.0	13.0	0.0	7.0	10.0	33.0	18.7	..	..	..	..	..	..
Washington ..	4.4	36.0	30.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Idaho ..	3.3	22.0	24.0	..	..	..	..	32.4	18.4	..	..	34.0	14.0	32.0	..
California ..	4.0	10.0	11.0	0.0	3.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	10.0	..	..	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Utah ..	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	34.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Wyoming ..	7.7	14.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	..	10.0	34.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
<b>Central.</b>															
Nebraska ..	0.0	9.0	13.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	..	10.0	10.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Kansas ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colorado ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Southern.</b>															
Florida ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Alabama ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mississippi ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Louisiana ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Eastern.</b>															
Delaware ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maryland ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Carolina ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Carolina ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Florida ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Western.</b>															
California ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Idaho ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Montana ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wyoming ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Utah ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Central.</b>															
Nebraska ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kansas ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colorado ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Southern.</b>															
Florida ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Alabama ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mississippi ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Louisiana ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Eastern.</b>															
Delaware ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maryland ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Carolina ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Carolina ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Florida ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Western.</b>															
California ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Idaho ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Montana ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wyoming ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Utah ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Central.</b>															
Nebraska ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kansas ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colorado ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Southern.</b>															
Florida ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Alabama ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mississippi ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Louisiana ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Eastern.</b>															
Delaware ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maryland ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Carolina ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Carolina ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Florida ..	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

*In the Appendix*

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— *Ann. Entomol.*

## References

## DISTRICT REPORTS.

## QANJAM.

Water-supply sufficient. Barada reservoir 57.5 feet deep; Bhantikonda reservoir not reported. Transplanting of paddy and sugi in progress. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested paddy, gingelly, ragi, and chowli; cotton, poor to fair. Pasture and fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 16.9 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

## TIZADAPATAN.

Water-supply sufficient. Transplanting of paddy in progress. Standing crops suffering in parts from excessive rain. Harvested ragi, gingelly, paddy and idligi; cotton fair. Pasture and fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 19.6 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

## GODAVARI.

Water-supply sufficient. Gohatem 7.4 feet above the ariket. Ploughing, weeding and transplanting in progress. Standing crops generally good. Harvested cotton; cotton fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder insufficient in those taluks and two divisions. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 9.2 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

## KOTNA.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Khatra 11.5 feet above the ariket. Ploughing, sowing, preparing of seed beds, weeding and transplanting in progress in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Pasture and fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 10 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

## GUNTUR.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts arid. Ploughing, sowing of chulam, sunba, dry paddy, and cotton, weeding and transplanting of wet paddy in progress in parts. Standing crops generally fair, but require rain urgently in parts of three taluks. Pasture available; fodder generally sufficient except in parts of 19c taluks. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 1.3 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

## KURNOOL.

Water-supply sufficient except under a few tanks. Tirugahadra 2.85 feet above the ariket. Sowing of paddy, korn, arika, ragi, cotton, chulam, sunba and cotton, weeding and transplanting in progress in parts. Standing crops good. Pasture generally available; fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle fair to good.

## BANGAMPALLE.

Water-supply sufficient. Preparing of lands for cultivation and sowing of korn, sunba and cotton in progress in parts. Pasture available; fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

## BELLARY.

Water-supply insufficient except in two taluks and under river channels; tanks in four taluks have received some injury. Sowing of yellow chulam, pulwa, cotton, korn, groundnut and paddy, weeding and transplanting of chillies and sugi in progress in parts. Standing crops fair to good, but damaged by insects in parts of two taluks. Harvested paddy in parts of one taluk and ragi in parts of another; cotton fair. Pasture available except in one taluk; fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

## SANDUR.

Water-supply improving. Weeding in progress. Standing crops generally good. Pasture available; fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle very fair.

## ASANTAPUR.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing, sowing of paddy, cotton, chowli, korn, cotton, arika, sunba, groundnut, pulses and ragi, transplanting of ragi and gram, weeding of ragi and preparing of lands for sowing karnegum in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Pasture and fodder generally available. Condition of cattle good. Rainfall of the district 1.2 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

## CUDAPAH.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Ploughing, sowing, preparing of paddy, arika, groundnut, korn, sunba, cotton, cotton, chulam, karnegum and ragi, transplanting of paddy and ragi and weeding of sunba, paddy, ragi and idligi in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, idligi, but fodder dear in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 1.9 inches above the average of the last 35 years.



# WELLING

Water-supply generally insufficient except in parts. 6-1 and 0-25 ton of water over the Wellam and Sargam outlets respectively. Ploughing for paddy, maize, gingelly, choleam, cotton, oilseeds, arhar and castor; sowing of paddy, maize, choleam, arhar, cotton, cotton and oilseeds in progress in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Pasture generally sufficient and fodder sufficient except in parts. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 37 inch above the average of the last 35 years.

# CHINGLEPUT.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Ploughing, sowing of paddy, groundnut, maize and rice, transplanting of paddy and ragi and weeding of ragi and groundnut in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested gingelly, cotton fair. Pasture and fodder generally available. Condition of cattle generally good.

# MADRAS.

Pasture sufficient.

# SOUTH ARCOT.

Water-supply insufficient in parts. Ploughing, manuring, sowing of maize, groundnut, paddy, arhar, maize and choleam, weeding of ragi, paddy, cotton, groundnut and millet and transplanting of paddy and ragi in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, maize, groundnut, ragi, choleam, maize and gingelly in parts; cotton fair. Pasture scanty in one taluk, but fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 12 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

# NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply insufficient except in parts. Ploughing, sowing and transplanting and weeding of paddy and ragi in progress. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested paddy and ragi; cotton fair. Pasture available, but fodder scanty in parts. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 40 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

# SALEM.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts. Ploughing, sowing of paddy, ragi, choleam, maize, groundnut, oilseeds and horsegram, transplanting of paddy and ragi and weeding of dry crops in progress in parts. Standing crops fair to good, but paddy in parts needs rain. Harvested paddy in parts, cotton bumper; ragi, choleam and maize, fair to good; gingelly, fair to bumper. Pasture and fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 44 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

# COIMBATORE.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of three taluks. Slight trouble in some of the rivers. Ploughing, sowing of paddy, ragi, choleam and maize and transplanting of paddy and ragi in progress in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested choleam and maize; cotton fair to bumper. Pasture sufficient except in parts and fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Rainfall of the district 22 inches above the average of the last 35 years.

# TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply sufficient except in rainfall taluks. Flow over the grand outlet 2-8 feet. Sowing of paddy, choleam, maize and rice in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested choleam, ragi and cotton; cotton fair. Pasture and fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair. Rainfall of the district 22 inch above the average of the last 35 years.

# TANJORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Flow over the grand outlet 2-5 feet. Sowing of paddy seedlings, transplanting of paddy and ragi and sowing of maize, maize, groundnut and ragi in progress in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Pasture generally sufficient and fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good.

# PUDUCHCOTTAI.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts. Ploughing and sowing of paddy, maize, redgram and choleam in progress in parts. Standing crops good. Harvested ragi and maize; cotton fair. Pasture and fodder sufficient in most parts. Condition of cattle good.

# MADURA.

Water-supply generally insufficient except in the Perigar tracts. The discharge from the Perigar was 301 cusecs. Ploughing of dry lands, sowing of ragi, choleam and maize and transplanting of paddy in progress in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, choleam and maize; cotton fair. Pasture generally sufficient and fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good.

# RAMNAD.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Ploughing of dry and wet lands and sowing of paddy and ragi in progress in parts. Standing crops good. Pasture sufficient in about one-third of the district and fodder available. Condition of cattle good.

## TIRUNELVELLY.

Water-supply generally sufficient. No flow over the Irinakkulam anicut. Ploughing, sowing of paddy and rearing, transplanting of paddy and sugarcane, and weeding in progress in parts. Standing crops good. Harvested rice, cottons poor to fair, choleas and coconuts, oilseeds poor. Pastures generally sufficient and fodder generally available. Condition of cattle generally good.

## MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing, sowing and transplanting of paddy in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Pastures sufficient and fodder available. Condition of cattle generally fair.

## SOUTH CANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing, sowing and transplanting of first rice crop in progress in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Pastures sufficient and fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good.

## TRAVANCORE.

Water-supply sufficient. Pastures sufficient. Harvest commenced. Condition of cattle good.

## COCHIN.

Water-supply sufficient. Cultivation of paddy in progress. Standing crops fair. Pastures and fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

## THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Pruning, weeding, manuring and transplanting of main crops in progress. Standing crops generally good. Harvested tea; cottons fair. Pastures sufficient. Condition of cattle good. Rainfall of the district 8.5 inches above the average of the last 25 years.

### SEASON TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, SIMLA.

Wind rising 13th August 1910.—Rainfall very heavy Malabar, South Canara; heavy Vinnagadam agency; good Ganjam, Vinnagadam littoral, Godavari, Nalgonda; all Tinnevely; light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies sufficient in Ganjam, Vinnagadam, Godavari, Krishna, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Tanjore, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Canara, Nilgiris; insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting in progress in parts. Standing crops generally fair, but some in parts Vinnagadam affected by excessive rain, some in parts Bellary damaged by insects and some in parts Guntur require rain urgently. Harvests continue in parts; outturn poor to normal. Pastures insufficient in parts Bellary, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Ramanad; fodder scanty in parts Godavari, Nellore, North Arcot. Condition of cattle generally good. Price of rice stationary 15 districts, fallen 2, risen 1, rice stationary 17 districts, fallen 3, risen 2; oilseeds stationary 7 districts, fallen 7, risen 1; pulses stationary 8 districts, fallen 3, risen 3. Public health generally good. Prospects generally fair. Condition of labouring classes generally satisfactory and employment readily available. Grain stocks generally sufficient.

DRY. OF R.S., SEC., LAND RES. AND AGRI.,  
BOARD OF REVENUE, MADRAS,  
16th August 1910.

I. D. SWAMIKANNU,  
Secretary.



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 14.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1909. [Price, 2 ann. 8 p.

## Part XXX.—Proceedings of the Imperial Legislature.

### CONTENTS.

	Page
Bill No. 14 of 1909.—The Indian Army Bill, with Statement of Objects and Reasons	478
Act No. 23 of 1909.—An Act to consolidate and amend various Acts relating to Ordinances; and Reports of the Select Committee on the Ordinances (Amendment) Bill	485
Act No. 24 of 1909.—An Act to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of the Census; and Report of the Select Committee on the Indian Census Bill	490

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making  
Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the  
Council, and Bills published under Rule 23.

The following Bill was introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose  
of making Laws and Regulations on the 9th August 1909:

No. 12 of 1909.

### THE INDIAN ARMY BILL.

COURTESY.

### CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

#### CLAUSE.

1. Short title and commencement.

*Application of Act.*

2. Powers subject to Act.

3. Special provisions as to rank in certain cases.

4. Commanding officer of province subject to ordinary law under section 2, clause (y).

5. Powers to apply Act to certain forces under the Government of India.

6. Officers to exercise powers in case of foreign service.

*Definition.*

7. Definition.

111-4

## CHAPTER II.

## ENLISTMENT AND ATTENDANCE.

*Enlistment.*

## CLASSES.

8. Procedure before enrolling office.
9. Enlistment.
10. Transumption of enlistment in certain cases.

*Discharges.*

11. Persons to be attested.
12. Mode of attestation.

## CHAPTER III.

## DISCIPLINE AND DISCIPLINE.

13. Dismissal or discharge by Governor General in Council and Commander-in-Chief in India.
14. Dismissal or discharge by officer commanding army, division, brigade, etc.
15. Dismissal of recruits.
16. Dismissal and discharge by officer commanding corps or department.
17. Discharge by officer commanding mounted corps to one of bad riding.
18. Certificate to person dismissed or discharged.
19. Discharge, etc., out of India.

## CHAPTER IV.

## SUMMARY REGULATION AND PENALTIES WHEREVER THEY ARE ORDERED BY GOVERNMENT.

20. Regulation of non-commissioned officers.
21. Minor punishments.
22. Collective fines.
23. Punishment of various Native followers.

*Prison and Jail.*

24. Appointment.
25. Prison and jail.

## CHAPTER V.

## DISCIPLINE.

*Offences in respect of Military Service.*

26. Offences punishable with death.
27. Offences not punishable with death.

*Military and Discharge.*

28. Offences punishable with death.
29. Offences not punishable with death.

*Discharge, Punishment Dismissal and Absence without Leave.*

30. Discharge.
31. Harboring deserters, absence without leave, etc.

*Disgraceful Conduct.*

32. Disgraceful conduct.

*Intoxication.*

33. Intoxication.

*Offences in relation to Persons in Custody.*

34. Offences punishable with death.
35. Offences not punishable with death.

*Offences in relation to Property.*

36. Offences in relation to property.

*Offences in relation to False Documents and Statements.*

37. False statements and offences in relation to documents.
38. False returns on accounts.

*Offences in relation to Court-martial.*

39. Offences in relation to court-martial.

*Miscellaneous Military Offences.*

40. Miscellaneous military offences.

CHARGES.

41. *Abuse of power.*

*Attachment.*

Civil Officer.

42. Civil officers committed crimes British India or on active service in British India.  
43. Certain civil offences triable by military law.

CHAPTER VI.

PUNISHMENTS.

44. Flogging.  
45. Lower punishments.  
46. Corporal punishment.  
47. Position of sentenced prisoners in jails.  
48. Combination of punishments.  
49. Military confinement.  
50. Reduction of non-commissioned officers to ranks.

CHAPTER VII.

PRIVILEGES.

51. Deductions from pay and allowances.  
52. Deductions from public money other than pay.  
53. Penalties of delinquency.

CHAPTER VIII.

COURT-MARTIAL.

*Composition and Jurisdiction of Courts-martial.*

54. Courts-martial and the kinds thereof.  
55. Power to convene general courts-martial.  
56. Power to convene district courts-martial.  
57. Contents of warrant issued under section 55 or section 56.  
58. Composition of general courts-martial.  
59. Composition of district courts-martial.  
60. Convening order to state if larger number of officers is not available.  
61. Composition of general or district courts-martial.  
62. Cases to trial by British officers.  
63. Convening of summary general courts-martial.  
64. Composition of summary general courts-martial.  
65. Summary courts-martial.  
66. Duration of courts.

*Jurisdiction of Courts-martial.*

67. Restrictions of court-martial.  
68. Jurisdiction of trial.  
69. Place of trial.

*Adjournment of the jurisdiction of Courts-martial and Criminal Courts.*

70. Order in case of concurrent jurisdiction.  
71. Power of criminal court to require delivery of offenders.  
72. Trial by court-martial no bar to subsequent trial by criminal court.

*Power of Courts-martial.*

73. Powers of general and summary general courts-martial.  
74. Powers of district courts-martial.  
75. Offences triable by summary courts-martial.  
76. Powers triable by summary courts-martial.  
77. Evidence admissible by summary courts-martial.

*Procedure of Trials by Courts-martial.*

78. President.  
79. Judge Advocate.  
80. Superintending officers.  
81. Challenges.  
82. Voting of members.  
83. Duties of president and members.  
84. Oaths of witnesses.  
85. Summoning witnesses and production of documents.  
86. Oath-taking.  
87. Conviction of one officer permissible on charge of another.  
88. Majority requisite to sentence of death.

*Articles before Court-martial.*

## CLASSES.

85. General rules as to evidence.
86. Judicial robes.
87. Testification as to signatures.
88. Excluded papers.
89. References by request to Government officers.
90. Evidence of previous convictions and general character.

*Confirmation and Revision of Findings and Sentences.*

91. Finding and sentence invalid without confirmation.
92. Power to confirm finding and sentence of general court-martial.
93. Power to confirm finding and sentence of District court-martial.
94. Contents of warrant issued under section 96 or section 97.
95. Confirmation of finding and sentence of summary general court-martial.
96. Power of confirming officer to mitigate, reach or rescind sentence.
97. Revision of finding or sentence.
98. Finding and sentence of a summary court-martial.
99. Transmission of proceedings of summary court-martial.
100. Substitution of nihil for invalid sentence.

## CHAPTER IX.

## EXECUTION OF SENTENCES.

101. Term of sentence of death.
102. Imprisonment to be in military custody.
103. Execution of sentence of transportation or imprisonment.
104. Execution of sentence of imprisonment in special cases.
105. Commutation of certain sentences to civil prison sentence.
106. Limit of military confinement.
107. Instrument of corporal punishment.

## CHAPTER X.

## PARDONS AND REMISSIONS.

108. Pardon and remission.

## CHAPTER XI.

## RULES.

109. Power to make rules.

## CHAPTER XII.

## PROPERTY OF DECEASED PERSONS, DEPORTATION AND LIVERY.

110. Property of deceased persons and deserters.
111. Meaning of deserter.
112. Disposal of certain property without production of probate, etc.
113. Application of section 114 to livery.

## CHAPTER XIII.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

*Military Privileges.*

114. Complaints against officers.
115. Privileges of persons attending court-martial.
116. Exemption from arrest for debt.
117. Property exempted from attachment.
118. Application of the last two foregoing sections to constables.
119. Priority of hearing by courts of cases in which troops officers and soldiers are concerned.
120. Capture of deserters.
121. Action by military authorities.
122. Award by civil authorities.
123. Inquiry as to absence of persons subject to Act.

*Deserters and Military Offences.**Report.*

124. Report.

## THE SCHEDULE.

## TABLE OF EXEMPTIONS.

*A Bill to Give effect to certain of the law relating to the government of His Majesty's Native Indian Forces.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the government of the Native officers, soldiers and other persons in His Majesty's Indian Army: It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PREFATORY.

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be cited the Indian Army Act, 1910.

(2) It shall come into force on the day of 1910.

Application of Act.

Persons subject to Act.

5. (1) The following persons shall be subject to this Act, namely:—

[Part I (a)]

(a) Native officers and warrant officers;

(b) persons enrolled under this Act;

(c) persons not otherwise subject to military law, who, as reserve soldiers, in company with the mugh, or any other person specified by the Governor General in Council by notification in this behalf, are employed by, or are in the service of, or are followers of, or accompany any person of, His Majesty's Indian Forces:

Provided that if any person claims to belong to a class to which the Army Act is, and this Act is not applicable, the burden of proving that he belongs to that class shall be upon him.

[A. 2. 10 (1)]

(2) Every person subject to this Act under sub-section (1), clause (a) or (1), shall remain so subject until duly discharged or dismissed.

6. (1) The Governor General in Council may, by notification, direct that any person or class of persons subject to this Act shall, for the purposes of all or any of the provisions of this Act, be deemed to be Native officers, warrant officers or non-commissioned officers.

[Sub. 1 (2)]

(2) All persons subject to this Act other than officers, warrant officers and non-commissioned officers shall, if they are not persons in respect of whom a notification or direction under sub-section (1) is in force, be deemed to be of a rank inferior to that of a non-commissioned officer.

[Sub. 1 (3)]

7. Every person subject to this Act under section 5, sub-section (1), clause (a), shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be under the commanding officer of the corps, department or detachment (if any) to which he is attached, and if he is not attached to any corps, department or detachment, under the command of any officer who may for the time being be named as his commanding officer by the officer commanding the force with which such person may for the time being be serving, or of any other prescribed officer, or, if no such officer is named or prescribed, under the command of the next commanding officer.

[Sub. 1 (4)]

Provided that an officer commanding a force shall not place a person under the command of an officer of official rank inferior to that of such person if there is present at the place where such person is any officer of higher rank under whose command he can be placed.

[Sub. 1 (5)]

8. (1) The Governor General in Council may, by notification, apply all or any of the provisions of this Act to any force raised and maintained in India under the authority of the Governor General in Council.

[Sub. 1 (6)]

(2) While any of the provisions of this Act apply to any such force, the Governor General in Council may, by notification, direct by what authority any jurisdiction, power or duties incident to the operation of those provisions shall be exercised or performed in respect of that force.

9. (1) Whenever persons subject to this Act are serving out of India, under an officer not subject to the authority of the Governor General in Council, the Governor General in Council may prescribe the officer by whom the power which, under this Act, may be exercised by officers commanding armies, divisions and brigades, shall, in regard to such persons, be exercised.

[Sub. 1 (7)]

(2) The Governor General in Council may order such persons either absolutely, or subject to such restrictions, reservations, exceptions and conditions as he may think fit.

Definitions.

10. In this Act, unless there is something repugnant to the subject or context,—

(1) "British officer" means a person holding a commission in His Majesty's land forces;

(2) "Native officer" means a person commissioned, granted or in pay as an officer holding a Native rank in His Majesty's Indian Forces;

(3) "warrant officer" means a person appointed, granted or in pay as a Native warrant officer in His Majesty's Indian Forces;

(4) "non-commissioned officer" means a non-commissioned holding a Native non-commissioned rank in His Majesty's Indian Forces, and includes an acting non-commissioned officer;

[New]

(5) "officer" means a British officer or Native officer, but does not include a warrant officer or non-commissioned officer;

[New]

(6) "commanding officer", when used in any provision of this Act with reference to any separate portion of His Majesty's forces or to any detachment, means the British officer whose duty it is under the regulations of the army, or, in the absence of any such regulation, by the custom of the service, to be responsible for the conduct of the force or that detachment the functions of commanding officer in regard to matters of the description referred to in that provision.

- (7) "superior officer", when used in relation to a person subject to this Act, includes a warrant officer and a non-commissioned officer; and, as regards persons placed under his orders, a warrant officer or non-commissioned officer subject to the Army Act.
- (8) "company", "division" and "brigade" mean respectively an *company*, *division* or *brigade* which is under the command of an officer subject to the authority of the Governor or Commander in Council.
- (9) "troop" means a unit of command, such as a regiment of cavalry, a regiment or battalion of infantry, a battery of artillery, and any other separate body of troops which is denoted by the Governor General in Council, by general or special order to be a corps for the purposes of all or any of the provisions of this Act, and includes an army, hospital corps and a transport corps.
- (10) "independent brigade" means a brigade which does not form part of a division.
- (11) "detachment" includes any division or branch of a regiment.
- (12) "squad" includes all squad companies, squad regiments, squad regiments and platoons.
- (13) "active service", as applied to a person subject to this Act, means the time during which such person is attached to, or forms part of, a force which is engaged in operations against an enemy, or is engaged in military operations in, or is on the line of march to, a country or place wholly or partly occupied by an enemy, or is in military occupation of any foreign country.
- (14) "military custody" means the arrest or confinement of a person according to the usage of the service.
- (15) "military reward" includes any gratuity or bounty for long service or good conduct, any good conduct pay, good conduct pay or pension, and any other military pecuniary reward.
- (16) "court-martial" means a court-martial held under this Act.
- (17) "criminal court" means a court of ordinary criminal justice in British India, or established elsewhere by the authority of the Governor General in Council.
- (18) "civil offence" means an offence which, if committed in British India, would be triable by a criminal court.
- (19) "offence" means any act or omission punishable under this Act, and includes a civil offence as hereinafter defined.
- (20) "notification" means a notification published in the *Gazette of India*.
- (21) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act; and
- (22) all words and expressions used herein and defined in the Indian Penal Code and not hereinafter defined shall be deemed to have the meanings respectively attributed to them by that Code.

## CHAPTER II.

## ENLISTMENT AND ATTENDANCE.

## Enlistment.

- (1) Upon the appearance before the prescribed enrolling officer of any person desirous of being enrolled, the enrolling officer shall read and explain to him, or cause to be read and explained to him in his presence, the conditions of the service for which he is to be enrolled; and shall put to him the questions set forth in the prescribed form of enlistment, and shall, after having satisfied him that if he makes a false answer to any question he will be liable to punishment under this Act, record his answer in such manner.
- (2) If, after complying with the provisions of section 1, the enrolling officer is satisfied that the person desirous of being enrolled fully understands the questions put to him and signs the enlistment paper, and the person shall then be deemed to have been enrolled.
- (3) Every person who has for the space of six months been in the receipt of military pay and been borne on the rolls of any corps or detachment (of which the last pay statement, if produced, shall be evidence) shall be deemed to have been duly enrolled, and shall not be entitled to claim his discharge on the ground of illegality or irregularity in his enlistment.

## Attestation.

- (1) The following persons shall be attested, namely—
- (a) all persons enrolled as combatants;
- (b) all enrolled persons other than combatants when the Governor General in Council may, by rules made in this behalf, order to be attested.
- (2) When a person who is to be attested is reported fit for duty, or has completed the prescribed period of probation, or such shall be administered to him in the prescribed form by the commanding officer or first aid officer of the corps or such person thereof or such member of the department as may be present or by any other person named.
- (3) The form of such prescribed attestation shall contain a promise that the person to be attested will be faithful to His Majesty, His laws and possessions, and that he will serve in His Majesty's Indian Forces and go wherever he is ordered by land or sea, and that he will obey all orders.
- (4) The form of such attestation shall also contain a promise that the person to be attested shall be contented on his enlistment paper, and substantiated by the signature of the officer administering the oath.

## CHAPTER III.

## DISCHARGE AND DISCHARGE.

- (1) The Governor General in Council or the Commander-in-Chief in India may grant or discharge from the service any person subject to this Act.



Dismissal or discharge by officer commanding corps, division, brigade, etc.

17. An officer commanding an army, division or brigade, or any prescribed officer, may dismiss or discharge from the service any person, subordinate to him other than a Native officer. [17] (1)

Dismissal or discharge by officer commanding corps or department.

18. Every person sentenced by any court-martial or by any criminal court to imprisonment or to any other imprisonment for any term exceeding three months, shall be dismissed from the service by his commanding officer. [18] (2)

Dismissal or discharge by officer commanding corps or department.

19. An officer commanding a corps or department may—

(a) dismiss from the service any person of or below the rank of non-commissioned officer serving in such corps or department who has been previously dismissed or discharged from the service and has re-entered the service without an order of such authority stating the fact of his previous dismissal or discharge, or showing his certificate of dismissal or discharge; [19] (a)

(b) discharge from the service any convicted person other than a person who has been sentenced under section 12; [19] (b)

(c) discharge from the service any person entitled other than the conditions of his commission or under the regulations of this Army to be so discharged. [19] (c)

Discharge by officer commanding corps or division.

20. An officer commanding a mounted corps may discharge from the service any person entitled to a commission who has served in such corps for less than three years if in his opinion such person is not a good rider. [20] (1)

Certificate of person dismissed or discharged.

21. Every entitled person who is dismissed or discharged from the service shall be furnished by his commanding officer with a certificate, in the English language and in the mother tongue of such person, when his mother tongue is not English, setting forth— [21] (1)

- (a) the authority dismissing or discharging him;
- (b) the cause of his dismissal or discharge;
- (c) the full period of his service in the Army.

Discharge, etc., of persons.

22. Any person entitled under this Act who is entitled under the conditions of his commission to be discharged, or whose discharge is ordered by competent authority, and who, when he is so entitled or ordered to be discharged, is serving out of India, and requests to be sent to India, shall, before being discharged, be sent to India with all equipment issued. [22] (1)

(2) Any person entitled under this Act who is dismissed from the service and who, when he is so dismissed, is serving out of India, shall be sent to India with all equipment issued.

(3) If any such person has been sentenced by court-martial to any punishment, such punishment may be inflicted before he is sent to India.

#### CHAPTER IV.

##### SUMMARY DISCIPLINE AND PUNISHMENTS STEERING THEM BY ORDER OF COMMODORE.

Dismissal or discharge of non-commissioned officers.

23. The Commodore-in-Chief in India, or, officers commanding an army, division or brigade, or any prescribed officer, may dismiss or discharge from the service any non-commissioned officer under his command. [23] (1)

Minor punishments.

24. (1) The Commodore-in-Chief in India may, subject to the control of the Governor-General in Council, specify the minor punishments to which persons subject to this Act shall be liable without the intervention of a court-martial, and the officer or officers by whom, and the subject to which, such minor punishments may be awarded. [24] (1)

(2) Imprisonment in military custody may be specified as such a minor punishment, provided that—

- (a) the term of such imprisonment shall not exceed more than 14 days; and
- (b) it shall not be awarded to any person, or to above the rank of non-commissioned officer, or to who, when he is awarded the offence in respect of which it is awarded, was of or above such rank.

25. Whenever any weapon forming part of the equipment of a company is lost or stolen, the officer commanding the army, division or independent brigade in which such company belongs may impose a collective fine upon the Native officers, non-commissioned officers and men of such company, or upon so many of them as, in his judgment, should be held responsible for such loss or theft.

Explanation.—In this section, "company" includes a half squadron, a battery, or any other similar unit, and "weapon" includes a part of a weapon.

26. (1) For any offence in breach of good order, the commanding officer of any corps or detachment, in camp, or at any further post specified by the Governor-General in Council, by notification in this behalf at which troops are stationed, may punish any Native follower of such corps or detachment who is subject to this Act under section 2, sub-section (1), thus— [26] (1)

- (a) if such follower is not a martial servant, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to thirty days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees;
- (b) if such follower is a martial servant, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven days, or, if on active service, with corporal punishment not exceeding twelve strokes of a rattan.

(7) Imprisonment awarded under this section may be carried out in a military guard, or in a jail, ordered by the said commanding officer; and the officer in charge of any jail shall, on the delivery to him of the person of the offender, with a warrant, under the hand of the said commanding officer, detain the offender according to the exigency of the warrant or till he is discharged by the court of law.

#### *Præsent-Marchals.*

24. For the prompt and instant execution of regulations and orders, committed in the field or on the line of march, present-marchals may be appointed by the Commanding Officer in India or an officer commanding an army, division or independent brigade or an officer commanding the forces in the field; and the powers and duties of such present-marchals shall be regulated according to the established custom of war and the rules of the service.

25. (1) The duties of a present-marchal so appointed are to take charge of prisoners, certified for peace and power, of offences of a general description, to preserve good order and discipline, and to prevent breaches of the same by persons belonging or attached to the army.

(2) The present-marchal may punish, separately, then and there, any person subject to this Act below the rank of non-commissioned officer who, on active service and in his view or in the view of any of his assistants, commits any breach of good order and military discipline.

Provided that such punishment shall be limited to the necessity of the case, and shall accord with the orders which the present-marchal may from time to time receive from the officer commanding the troops, and shall be entered with the regulations set.

Provided also that the orders of the said commanding officer shall in no case authorize such corporal punishment in excess of that allowable by custom of a non-commissioned.

(3) If the offender is not on active service or if the actual commission of the offence is not witnessed by the present-marchal or any of his assistants, but sufficient proof can be obtained of the offender's guilt, he shall report the case to the officer commanding the troops, who shall deal with the case as he may deem most conducive to the maintenance of good order and military discipline.

### CHAPTER V.

#### *Offences.*

##### *Offence in respect of Military Service.*

26. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, shall be liable to any—

- (a) abscondingly abscond or deliver up any person, substance, post or goods connected to his charge, or which it is his duty to defend; or
- (b) in presence of an enemy, abscondingly make away his arms or ammunition, or intentionally give words or any other means to induce any person subject to military law to take part from acting against the enemy, or to discourage such person from acting against the enemy, or who otherwise misbehaves; or
- (c) directly or indirectly hold correspondence with, or communication intelligence to, the enemy, or any person in arms against the State, or who, contrary to the knowledge of any such correspondence or communication, assists to discover it immediately to his commanding officer or other superior officer; or
- (d) intentionally makes known the whereabouts in any person not entitled to receive it according to the rules and discipline of war; or
- (e) directly or indirectly assist or relieve in any manner, with money, victuals or ammunition, or knowingly harbours or protects, any enemy or person in arms against the State; or
- (f) at time of war, or during any military operation, intentionally commits a false alarm in action, camp, garrison or quarters, or spreads reports calculated to create alarm or despondency; or
- (g) being a sentry in time of war or alarm, or any State prisoner, treasure, magazine or stockyard, sleeps upon his post, or quits it without being regularly relieved or without leave; or
- (h) in time of action, without authority, leaves his commanding officer or his post or station or quits to go in search of plunder; or
- (i) in time of war, quits his guard, post, party or patrol without being regularly relieved or without leave; or
- (j) in time of war or during any military operation, uses criminal force to, or commits an assault on, any person bringing provisions or other necessaries to the camp or quarters of any of His Majesty's forces, or forces a soldier, or breaks into any house or any other place for plunder, or plunders, seizes or destroys any field, garden or other property of any kind;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with death, or with such less punishment as in this Act is mentioned.

*Explanation*—In clause (f) of this section "enemy" includes any person in arms against whom it is the duty of a person subject to military law to act.

27. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, shall be liable to any—

- (a) strikes, or forces or attempts to force, any sentry; or
- (b) in time of peace, intentionally commits a false alarm in camp, garrison or outpostment; or
- (c) being a sentry, or on guard, plunders or wilfully destroys or injures any property placed under his charge or under charge of his guard; or
- (d) being a sentry, in time of peace, sleeps upon his post, or quits it without being regularly relieved or without leave;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as in this Act is mentioned.

*Mutiny and Insurrection.*

Offences punishable with death.

28. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, that is to say,—

- (a) begins, instigates, incites or joins in any mutiny; or
- (b) being present at any mutiny, does not use his utmost endeavours to suppress the same; or
- (c) knowing or having reason to believe in the existence of any mutiny, or of any intention to mutiny, or of any conspiracy against the State, does not, without delay, give information thereof to his commanding or other superior officer; or
- (d) uses or attempts to use violence to his superior officer; or
- (e) whether on or off duty, knowing or having reason to believe him to be such; or
- (f) disobeys the lawful command of his superior officer;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with death, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

Offences not punishable with death.

29. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, that is to say,—

- (a) is guilty of misdemeanours incident to his superior officer in the execution of his office; or
- (b) refuses to superintend or assist in the making of any field-work or other military work of any description ordered to be made either in quarters or in the field; or
- (c) imposes a punishment or an excessive punishment, or any other or non-commensured officer or other person lawfully exercising authority under such behalf of a punishment, or, when called on, refuses to assist, in the execution of his duty, the proper control, maintain punishment; or any such officer, non-commensured officer or other person;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

*Desertion, Absentment, Absence without Leave.*

30. Any person subject to this Act who deserts or attempts to desert the service shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with death, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

Desertion.

Harboring deserters without leave.

31. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, that is to say,—

- (a) knowingly harbours any deserter, or who, knowing, or having reason to believe, that any deserter has been harboured by any other person, does not immediately give notice to his own or some other superior officer, or to his nearest commanding officer to be apprehended; or
- (b) knowing, or having reason to believe, that a person is a deserter, procures or attempts to procure the absconding of such person; or
- (c) without having been appointed a regular discharge from the corps or department to which he belongs, absconds himself in any other corps or department; or
- (d) absconds himself without leave, or without sufficient cause according to leave granted to him; or
- (e) being on leave of absence and having received information from proper authority that his corps or department has been ordered on active service, fails, without sufficient cause, to rejoin without delay; or
- (f) without sufficient cause fails to appear at the time fixed at the parade or place appointed for exercise or duty; or
- (g) when on parade, or on the march, without sufficient cause or without leave from his superior officer quits the parade or line of march; or
- (h) on leave of peace, quits his guard, post, or patrol without being regularly relieved or without leave; or
- (i) without proper authority is absent from his post or from camp; or
- (j) without proper authority is absent from his post or from camp after being relieved or from camp after being relieved;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

*Disrespectful Conduct.*

32. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, that is to say,—

- (a) dishonestly misappropriates or converts to his own use any money, provisions, baggage, arms, clothing, ammunition, tools, instruments, equipments or military stores of any kind, the property of Government, entrusted to him; or
- (b) dishonestly converts to his own use any property in respect of which an offence under clause (a) has been committed, knowing or having reason to believe the same to have been dishonestly misappropriated or converted; or
- (c) wilfully destroys or injures any property of Government entrusted to him as the public account, or for any military purpose; or
- (d) commits theft or receipt of any property of Government, or of any military store, tool or instrument, or of any person subject to military law, or serving with, or attached to, the army; or

- [184] (c) dishonestly receives or retains any such property as is specified in clause (b) knowing or having reason to believe it to be stolen; or
- [185] (d) does any other thing with intent to defraud, or to cause wrongful gain to any person or wrongful loss to another person; or
- [186] (e) endangers or feigns to produce disease or infirmity in himself, or intentionally delays his cure or aggravates his disease or infirmity; or
- [187] (f) with intent to render himself or any other person unfit for service, voluntarily causes harm to himself or any other person; or
- [188] (g) commits any offence of a cruel, indecent or immoral kind, or attempts to commit any such offence and does any act towards the commission;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

#### *Intoxication*

- [189] 39. Any person subject to this Act who is in a state of intoxication, whether on duty or not on duty, shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

#### *Offence in relation to Escape in Custody.*

- [190] 40. Any person subject to this Act who, without proper authority, releases any State prisoner, enemy or person taken in arms against the State, placed under his charge, or who negligently suffers any such prisoner, enemy or person to escape, shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with death, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

Offence not punishable with death.

- [191] 41. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, that is to say,—
- [192] (a) being in command of a guard, picket or post, releases or receives any prisoner or person duly committed to his charge; or
- [193] (b) without proper authority releases any prisoner or person placed under his charge, or negligently suffers any such prisoner or person to escape; or
- [194] (c) being under arrest or in confinement, leaves his arrest or confinement before he is set at liberty by proper authority;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

#### *Offence in relation to Property.*

Offence in relation to property. 42. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences that is to say,—

- [195] (a) commits extortion, or without proper authority exacts from any person carrying a postbag or postbox, or
- [196] (b) in time of peace, commits house-breaking for the purpose of plundering, or thefts, damages or damages any field, garden or other property; or
- [197] (c) designedly or through neglect kills, injures, maims any with, ill-treats or leaves his home or any vessel used in the public service; or
- [198] (d) dishonestly or fraudulently issues, conveys or delivers to any person, or designedly or through neglect injures or loses, his arms, clothes, tools, personal or corporal ornaments, regalia, accoutrements, accoutrements or regimental accoutrements, or any such articles entrusted to him or belonging to any other person; or
- [199] (e) with power, designs or delivers any vessel or document granted to him;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

#### *Offence in relation to False Documents and Statements.*

False statements and offence in relation to documents. 43. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, that is to say,—

- [200] (a) makes a false statement, against any person subject to military law, knowing such statement to be false; or
- [201] (b) in making any document under section 117, knowingly makes any false statement affecting the character of any person subject to military law, or knowingly and wilfully suppresses any material fact; or
- [202] (c) obtains or attempts to obtain for himself, or for any other person, any pension, allowance or other advantage or privilege by a statement which is false, and which he writes knowing or believing to be false or does not believe to be true, or by making or using a false entry in any book or record, or by making any document containing a false statement, or by causing to make a true entry or document containing a false statement; or
- [203] (d) knowingly furnishes a false return or report of the number or state of any man, under his command or charge, or of any money, arms, accoutrements, clothing, equipment, stores or other property in his charge, whether belonging to such man as is Government or to any person in or attached to the army, or who, through design or culpable neglect, omits or refuses to make or send any return or report of the matters aforesaid;

shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

- [204] 44. Any person having become subject to this Act who is discovered to have made a wilfully false answer to any question set forth in the prescribed form of statement which has been put to him by the commanding officer before whom he appears for the purpose of being enrolled, shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

*Offence in relation to sports-martial.*

- Offence in relation to sports-martial. 35. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, that is to say,—
- (a) when duly summoned to attend as a witness before a sports-martial, intentionally fails to attend, or refuses to be sworn or to answer any question, or to produce or deliver up any book or document which he may have been duly sworn and called upon to produce or deliver up; or
  - (b) intentionally offers any insult or causes any interruption or disturbance to, or uses any insulting or disrespectful word, sign or gesture, or is disrespectful or violent to the presence of, a sports-martial while sitting; or
  - (c) having been duly sworn before any sports-martial or other military court competent to administer an oath, makes any statement which is false, and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true;
- shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

*Miscellaneous Military Offences.*

- Miscellaneous military offences. 36. Any person subject to this Act who commits any of the following offences, that is to say,—
- (a) being an officer or warrant officer, behaves in a manner unbecoming his position and character; or
  - (b) abuses or otherwise ill-treats any person subject to this Act being his subordinate in rank or position; or
  - (c) being in command of any post or at the mouth, and receiving a complaint that any one under his command has been or otherwise maltreated or oppressed any person, or has distributed any fair or market, or committed any riot or disorder, fails to take due representation made to the injured person or to report the case to the proper authority; or
  - (d) by selling any place of worship, or otherwise, intentionally insults the religion or values the religious feelings of any person; or
  - (e) attempts to commit suicide and does any act towards the execution of such offence; or
  - (f) being below the rank of warrant officer, when off duty, appears, without proper authority, in or about camp or encampments, or in or about, or while going to or returning from, any town or village, carrying a sword, bludgeon or other offensive weapon; or
  - (g) directly or indirectly, accepts or obtains, or agrees to accept or attempts to obtain, for himself or for any other person, any gratification or reward or reward for procuring the enrolment of any person, or level of officers, promotion or any other advantage or indulgence for any person in the service; or
  - (h) neglects to obey any summons or other orders; or
  - (i) is guilty of any act or omission which, though not specified in this Act, is prejudicial to good order and military discipline;
- shall, on conviction by court-martial, be punished with imprisonment, or with such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned.

*Abolition.*

- Abolition. 41. Every person subject to this Act who abets any offence punishable under this Act may be punished with the punishment provided in this Act for such offence.

*Civil Offence.*

42. Every person subject to this Act, who at any place beyond British India, or when on active service in British India, commits any civil offence shall be deemed to be guilty of an offence against military law, and, if charged, thereupon under this section, shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be liable to be tried for the same by court-martial at any place, whether within or beyond British India, and on conviction to be punished as follows, that is to say,—
- (a) if the offence is one which would be punishable under the law of British India with death or with transportation, he shall be liable to suffer any punishment assigned for the offence by the law of British India; and
  - (b) in other cases, he shall be liable to suffer any punishment assigned for the offence by the law of British India, or with punishment as might be assigned to him in punishment of this Act in respect of an act prejudicial to good order and military discipline.

187 of 1880.

43. Every person subject to this Act who, whether within or beyond British India, commits or attempts to commit or abets the commission of an offence punishable under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, or any of the following offences against any person subject to military law, that is to say, murder, culpable homicide or any offence punishable under any of the sections 302 to 305 (both inclusive), or sedition, shall, if charged under this section with any such offence, shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be liable to be tried by court-martial at any place, whether within or without British India, and on conviction shall be liable to suffer any punishment assigned for the offence by the said Code.

CHAPTER VI.

PUNISHMENTS.

44. Punishment may be inflicted in respect of offences committed by persons subject to this Act, and convicted by court-martial, according to the scale following, that is to say,—
- (a) death;
  - (b) transportation for life or for any period not less than seven years;
  - (c) imprisonment (with or without military enforcement) for any term not exceeding fourteen years;

- (b) *discharged from the service* ;  
 (c) *in the case of officers and warrant officers, suspension from rank, pay and allowances for any stated period* ;  
 (d) *reduction, in the case of a warrant officer, to a lower grade or class in his department, or, in the case of a non-commissioned officer, to a lower grade or to the ranks* ;  
 (e) *in the case of officers, warrant officers and non-commissioned officers, forfeiture of seniority of rank* ;  
 (f) *forfeiture and stoppage as follows namely* :—  
 (i) *forfeiture of service for the purpose of promotion, increased pay, pension, or any other privileged position* ;  
 (ii) *forfeiture of any military decoration or military award* ;  
 (iii) *forfeiture, in the case of a person sentenced, to dismissal from the service or whose sentence involves such dismissal, of all claims of pay and allowances and other public money due to him at the time of such dismissal* ;  
 (iv) *stoppage of pay and allowances until, any period, loss or damage occasioned by the offence of which he is convicted is made good*.
- [Dist. 19, 42 Where in respect of any offence under this Act there is specified a particular punishment or lower punishment as in this Act mentioned, there may be awarded in respect of that offence instead of such particular punishment (but subject to the other provisions of this Act as to punishments and regard being had to the nature and degree of the offence) any one punishment lower in the above scale than the particular punishment.]
- [Dist. 20, 43 Where any person is subject to this Act and under the rank of warrant officer—  
 (a) an entire soldier is guilty of any offence ; or  
 (b) at any time is guilty of the offence specified in clause (c) of section 32 ; or  
 (c) at any time is guilty of a civil offence which would be punishable with whipping under the law of British India, and is liable by court-martial under this Act,  
 it shall be lawful for a court-martial to award for that offence corporal punishment not exceeding fifty lashes.]
- [Dist. 21, 44 Corporal punishment shall, for the purpose of accumulation, be deemed to stand in the scale of punishments next below dismissal.]
- [Dist. 22, 45 A sentence of a court-martial may award, in addition to or without any one other punishment, any one or more of the penal punishments specified in clause (f), (g) and (h) of section 44.]
- [Act XIV, 46 Whenever any person is sentenced to rigorous imprisonment, the court may, by its sentence, Sec. 10, order that the offender shall be kept in solitary confinement for any portion or portions of the imprisonment to which he is sentenced, not exceeding three months in the whole, according to the following scale, that is to say—  
 (a) a time not exceeding one month if the term of imprisonment does not exceed six months ;  
 (b) a time not exceeding two months if the term of imprisonment exceeds six months and does not exceed one year ;  
 (c) a time not exceeding three months if the term of imprisonment exceeds one year.]
- [Off. 106, 47 A non-commissioned officer sentenced by court-martial to transportation, imprisonment, suspension, corporal punishment or dismissal from the service, shall be deemed to be reduced to the ranks.]

## CHAPTER VII.

## PENAL DEDUCTIONS.

- [Dist. 23, 48 Deductions from pay and allowances of a person subject to this Act, that is to say,—  
 (a) all pay and allowances for every day of absence either on desertion or without leave, or on a prisoner of war, and for every day of imprisonment awarded by a criminal court, a court-martial, or an officer exercising authority under section 21 ;  
 (b) all pay and allowances for every day whilst he is in custody on a charge for an offence of which he is afterwards convicted by a criminal court or court-martial, or on a charge of absence without leave for which he is afterwards awarded imprisonment by an officer exercising authority under section 21 ;  
 (c) all pay and allowances for every day on which he is in hospital on account of sickness certified by the proper medical officer attending as him at the hospital to have been caused by an offence under this Act committed by him ;  
 (d) all pay and allowances ordered by a court-martial to be suspended or forfeited under section 44 ;  
 (e) any sum ordered by a court-martial to be stopped under section 44 ;  
 (f) any sum required to make good such compensation for any expenses caused by him, or for any loss of or damage or destruction done by him to any arms, accoutrements, equipment, clothing, instruments, regulated accoutrements or military decorations, or to any buildings or property, as may be awarded by the commanding officer ;  
 (g) any sum required to pay a fine awarded by a criminal court, a court-martial exercising jurisdiction under section 45 or section 46, or an officer exercising authority under section 21 or section 22.]

Provided that the total deductions from the pay and allowances of a person subject to this Act in any one month shall not exceed (except in the case of a person sentenced to dismissal or whose sentence involves dismissal), exceed in any one month one-half of his pay and allowances for that month.

*Explanation.*—For the purpose of clauses (c) and (d)—

(1) absence or custody for six consecutive days or upwards, whether wholly in one day or partly in one day and partly in another, may be reckoned as absence or custody for a day;

(2) absence or custody for twelve consecutive hours or upwards may be reckoned as absence or custody for the whole of such day during any portion of which the person was absent or in custody; and

(3) any absence or custody for less than a day may be reckoned as absence or custody for a day if such absence or custody prevented the absence from fulfilling any ordinary duty which was thereby thrown upon some other person.

*Debitum from public money.* 32. Any man authorized by this Act to be deducted from the pay and allowances of any person may, without prejudice to any other mode of recovering the same, be deducted from any public money due to him other than a pension. [A. A. 160.]

*Recovery of deduction.* 33. Any deduction from pay and allowances authorized by this Act may be omitted in such manner and by such authority as may from time to time be prescribed. [A. A. 160.]

# CHAPTER VIII.

## COURT-MARTIAL.

### Classification and Distribution of Court-martial.

*Court-martial and its kinds.* 34. For the purpose of this Act there shall be four kinds of court-martial, [Doct. 14.] that is to say,—

- (1) general court-martial;
- (2) district court-martial;
- (3) summary general court-martial; and
- (4) summary court-martial.

*Power to convene general court-martial.* 35. A general court-martial may be convened by the Commander-in-Chief in India, or by any officer empowered in this behalf by warrant of the Commander-in-Chief in India.

*Power to convene district court-martial.* 36. A district court-martial may be convened by any officer having power to convene a general court-martial, or by any officer empowered in this behalf by warrant of any such officer.

*Composition of general court-martial.* 37. A general court-martial shall consist of not less than seven officers, unless that number, due regard being had to the public service, is not available, in which case the court may consist of not less than five officers.

*Composition of district court-martial.* 38. A district court-martial shall consist of not less than five officers, unless that number, due regard being had to the public service, is not available, in which case the court may consist of not less than three officers. [14.]

*Composition of summary general court-martial.* 39. Whenever a general or district court-martial is ordered to be convened of the smaller number of officers specified in section 36 or section 38, the order convening the court shall state that the larger number of officers is not available, and that the court may consist of not less than three officers.

*Composition of summary court-martial.* 40. The officers composing a general or district court-martial shall, at the discretion of the convening officer, but subject to the provision of section 31, officers be British or Native officers, but shall not be partly British and partly Native officers. [14.]

*Composition of general court-martial.* 41. The officers composing a general court-martial shall, at the discretion of the convening officer, but subject to the provision of section 31, officers be British or Native officers, but shall not be partly British and partly Native officers. [14.]

*Claim to trial by British officers.* 42. (1) Any person subject to this Act who is under orders for trial by general or district court-martial may claim to be tried by British officers. [14.]

(2) In all cases the right of making such a claim shall, before the court is convened, be explained to the person under orders for trial by the commanding officer, or some officer deputed by him in this behalf, and, when such a claim is made, the court shall be constituted accordingly.

*Convening of summary general court-martial.* 43. The following authorities shall have power to convene a summary general court-martial, namely,— [14.]

(a) an officer empowered in this behalf by an order of the Governor General in Council or of the Commander-in-Chief in India;

(b) an officer commanding the force in the field, or any officer empowered by him in this behalf;

(c) an officer commanding any detached portion of His Majesty's troops upon active service when, in his opinion, it is not practicable, with due regard to discipline and the exigencies of the service, that an officer should be tried by an ordinary general court-martial.

*Composition of summary general court-martial.* 44. A summary general court-martial shall consist of not less than three officers. [14.]

*Composition of summary court-martial.* 45. (1) A summary court-martial may be held— [14.]

(a) by the commanding officer, being a commissioned officer, of any corps or department of His Majesty's Indian forces, or of any detachment of those forces;

(b) by the commanding officer, being a commissioned officer, of any British troops or detachment to which details subject to this Act are attached.

- (1) At every summary court-martial the officer holding the trial shall alone constitute the court but the proceedings shall be attended throughout by two other officers who shall act, as such, as assessors.
- (2) When a court-martial after the commencement of a trial is returned before the meeting of the next session of the court of which it is by this Act required to consist, it shall be deemed to be dissolved.
- (3) If, on account of the illness of the accused before the finding, it is impossible to continue the trial, a continuance shall be granted.
- (4) Where a court-martial is dissolved under this section, the accused may be tried again.

#### *Jurisdiction of Court-martial.*

67. When any person subject to this Act has been acquitted or convicted of an offence by a court-martial or by a criminal court, or has been summarily tried and punished for an offence under section 21 or section 22, he shall not be liable to be tried again for the same offence by a court-martial or dealt with summarily in respect of it under either of the said sections.
68. No person subject to this Act shall be tried or punished by a court-martial for any offence after the expiration of three years from the date of such offence, unless the offender, by reason of absence or of some other material impediment, could not be arrested or confined and brought to trial within that period; in which case he shall be liable to be tried at any time not exceeding two years after 1885 legislation has ceased.
69. Any person subject to this Act who commits any offence against it may be tried and punished for such offence in any place or places.

#### *Adjustment of the jurisdiction of Court-martial and Criminal Courts.*

70. Where a criminal court and a court-martial have each jurisdiction in respect of an offence, it shall be in the discretion of the presiding military authority in which of the two courts the proceedings shall be instituted, and, if that authority decides that they shall be instituted before a court-martial, it shall not be necessary that the accused person shall be detained in military custody.

71. (1) When a criminal court having jurisdiction is of opinion that proceedings ought to be instituted before itself in respect of any alleged offence, it may, by written notice, require the prescribed military authority at its option either to deliver over the offender to the nearest magistrate to be proceeded against according to law, or to postpone proceedings pending a reference to the Governor General in Council.

- (2) In every such case the said authority shall either deliver over the offender in compliance with the requirement or shall forthwith refer the question as to the court before which the proceedings are to be instituted for the determination of the Governor General in Council, whose order upon such reference shall be final.

72. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 38 of the General Criminal Act, 1877, or in section 403 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1885, a person sentenced or required by a court-martial to be afterwards tried by a criminal court for the same offence or on the same facts

- (2) If a person sentenced by a court-martial in pursuance of this Act to punishment for an offence is afterwards tried by a criminal court for the same offence or on the same facts, that court shall, in awarding punishment, have regard to the military punishment he may already have undergone.

#### *Power of Court-martial.*

73. A general or summary general court-martial shall have power to try all persons subject to this Act for any offence made punishable therein, and to pass any sentence authorized by this Act.

74. A district court-martial shall have power to try all persons subject to this Act other than officers for any offence made punishable therein, and to pass any sentence authorized by this Act other than a sentence of death, or transportation, or imprisonment for a term exceeding two years.

75. A summary court-martial may try any offence punishable under any of the provisions of this Act.

Provided that when there is no grave reason for immediate action, and reference can be sent to a court of appeal to be made by the officer empowered to convene a district court-martial for the trial of the alleged offender, an officer holding a summary court-martial shall not try without such reference any of the following offences, namely:—

- (a) any offence punishable under sections 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, or 44 of the General Criminal Act, 1877, or (b) any offence against the officer holding the court.

76. A summary court-martial may try any person subject to this Act and under the command of the officer holding the court, except an officer or warrant officer, and, if so authorized by the officer commanding the division, brigade or station to which the alleged offender belongs, may try any member of an army hospital corps or of an army band corps.

77. (1) A summary court-martial held by the commanding officer of a corps or department may pass any sentence which can be passed under this Act, except a sentence of death or transportation, or of imprisonment for a term exceeding two years.

(2) A summary court-martial held by any other officer may pass any sentence which can be passed under this Act, except a sentence of death or transportation, or of imprisonment for a term exceeding six months.



*Provisions as to trials by Court-martial.*

- President.** 70. At every general, district or summary general court-martial the senior member shall sit as president. [18]
- Judge-advocate.** 71. Every general court-martial shall, and every district court-martial may, be attended by a judge-advocate, who shall be an officer belonging to the department of the Judge-Advocate General in India, or, if no such officer is available, a person approved by the commanding officer. [19]
- Magistrate.** 80. A British officer of not less than four years' service, hereinafter called the superintending officer, shall be appointed to superintend the proceedings of every court-martial composed of Native officers who is not attended by a judge-advocate. [20-61]
- Challenges.** 81. (1) At all trials by general, district or summary general court-martial, as soon as the court is assembled, the names of the president and members shall be read over to the accused, who shall thereupon be asked whether he objects to being tried by any officer sitting on the court. [20-7]
- (2) If the accused objects to any such officer, his objection, and also the reply thereto of the officer objected to, shall be heard and recorded, and the remaining officers of the court shall, in the absence of the challenged officer, decide as the objection. [20-8]
- (3) If the objection is allowed by one-half or more of the votes of the officers entitled to vote, the objection shall be allowed, and the member objected to shall retire, and his vacancy may be filled in the prescribed manner by another officer, subject to the same right of the accused to object. [20-9]
- (4) When no challenge is made, or when challenge has been made and disallowed, or the plea of every officer successfully challenged has been filed by another officer to whom an objection is made or allowed, the court shall proceed with the trial. [20-10]
- Verdict of members.** 82. (1) Every decision of a court-martial shall be passed by an absolute majority of votes; and where there is an equality of votes, as to either finding or sentence, the decision shall be in favour of the accused. [20-11]
- (2) If the members other than a challenge or the finding or sentence, the president shall have a casting vote. [20-12]
- Quals of president and members.** 83. As with in the prescribed form shall be submitted to every member of every court-martial and to the judge-advocate or superintending officer before the commencement of the trial. [20-13]
- Quals of witnesses.** 84. Every person giving evidence at a court-martial shall be examined on oath, and shall do duly swear in the prescribed form. [20-14]
- Summoning witnesses and production of documents.** 85. (1) The commanding officer, the president of the court, the judge-advocate, or the commanding officer of the armed power, may, by summons under his hand, require the attendance before the court, at a time and place to be mentioned in the summons, of any person either to give evidence or to produce any document or other thing. [20-15]
- (2) In the case of a witness amenable to military authority, the summons shall be sent to the officer commanding the corps, department or detachment to which he belongs, and such officer shall serve it upon him accordingly. [20-16]
- (3) In the case of any other witness, the summons shall be sent to the magistrate within whose jurisdiction he may be or reside, and such magistrate shall give effect to the summons as if the witness were required in the name of such magistrate. [20-17]
- (4) When a witness is required to produce any particular document or other thing in his possession or power, the summons shall describe it with sufficient certainty. [20-18]
- (5) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, sections 123 and 126, or to apply to any letter, postcard, telegram or other document in the custody of the post- or telegraph authorities. [20-19]
- (6) If any document in such custody is, in the opinion of any district magistrate, chief postmaster magistrate high court or court of session, wanted for the purpose of any court-martial, such magistrate or court may require the post- or telegraph authorities, in the case may be, to deliver such document to such person as such magistrate or court may direct. [20-20]
- (7) If any such document is, in the opinion of any other magistrate or of any commissioner of police or district magistrate of police, wanted for any such purpose, he may require the post- or telegraph authorities, in the case may be, to cause search to be made for and to deliver such document producing the orders of any such district magistrate, chief postmaster magistrate or court. [20-21]
- Examination.** 86. (1) Whenever, in the course of a trial by court-martial, it appears to the court that the examination of a witness is necessary for the ends of justice, and that the attendance of such witness cannot be procured without an amount of delay, expense or inconvenience which, in the circumstances of the case, would be unreasonable, such court may address the Judge-Advocate General in order that a commission be taken the evidence of such witness may be heard. [20-22]
- (2) The Judge-Advocate General may then, if he thinks necessary, issue a commission to any district magistrate or magistrate of the first class, within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such witness resides, to take the evidence of such witness. [20-23]
- (3) When the witness resides in the territories of any prince or chief in India in which there is an officer representing the British Indian Government, the commission may be issued to such officer. [20-24]
- (4) The magistrate or officer to whom the commission is issued, or, if he is a district magistrate, he or such magistrate of the first class or he appoints or calls himself, shall proceed to the place where the witness is or shall examine the witness before him and shall take down his evidence in the same manner, and may for this purpose exercise the same powers, as in trials of witnesses under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898. [20-25]

(4) Where the commission is issued to such officer as is mentioned in sub-section (3), he may *depute* his power and duties under the commission to any officer subordinate to him whose powers are not less than those of a magistrate of the first class in British India.

(5) When the witness resides out of India, the commission may be issued to any British *magistrate* officer, British *magistrate* or other British official competent to administer an oath in the place where such witness resides.

(6) The prosecutor and the accused person in any case in which a commission is issued may *presently forward* any interrogatories in writing which the court may think relevant to the case, and the *magistrate* or officer to whom the commission is issued shall examine the witness upon such interrogatories.

(7) The prosecutor and the accused person may *appear* before such *magistrate* or officer by *pleader* or *counsel* in the case of an accused person in custody, in person, and may examine, cross-examine and re-examine (as the case may be) the said witness.

(8) After any commission issued under this section has been duly executed it shall be returned, together with the deposition of the witness examined thereunder, to the Judge Advocate General.

(9) On receipt of a commission and deposition returned under sub-section (8), the Judge Advocate General shall forward the same to the court of which instance the commission was issued or, if such court has been dissolved, to any other court summoned for the trial of the accused person; and the commission, the return thereon and the deposition shall be open to the inspection of the prosecutor and the accused person, and may, subject to all just exceptions, be read in evidence in like case by either the prosecutor or the accused, and shall form part of the proceedings of the court.

(10) In every case in which a commission is issued under this section the trial may be adjourned for a specified time reasonably sufficient for the execution and return of the commission.

*Expenses.*—In this section, the expressions "Judge Advocate General" mean the Judge Advocate General in India, and includes a Deputy Judge Advocate General.

[104.] *Commission of one officer possible in case of attempt to desert or of being absent without leave.* 65. (1) A person charged before a court-martial with attempting to desert may be found guilty of attempt to desert.

(2) A person charged before a court-martial with attempting to desert may be found guilty of desertion or of being absent without leave.

(3) A person charged before a court-martial with any of the following offences specified in section 57, that is to say, theft, dishonest misappropriation or conversion to his own use of property entrusted to him, or dishonestly receiving or retaining property in respect of which any of the aforesaid offences has been committed knowing or having reason to believe it to have been stolen or dishonestly misappropriated or converted, may be found guilty of any other of those offences with which he might have been charged.

(4) A person charged before a court-martial with any other offence under this Act may, as evidence of proof of an offence having been committed in circumstances involving a more severe punishment, be found guilty of the same offence as having been committed in circumstances involving a less severe punishment.

[105.] *Majority requisite in sentence of death.* 66. No sentence of death shall be passed by any court-martial without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the court.

#### Articles before Court-martial.

[106 A.] *General rule as to evidence.* 67. The Indian Evidence Act, 1872, shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, apply to all proceedings before a court-martial.

[New R. of E. 10.] *Admitted notice.* 68. A court-martial may take judicial notice of any matter within the general military knowledge of the members.

[107.] *Formulation of or to signatures.* 69. In any proceeding under this Act, any application, certificate, warrant, reply or other document purporting to be signed by an officer in the civil or military service of the Government, or if it appears that the document is in the character of a petition, shall be presumed to have been duly signed, by the person and in the character by whom and in which it purports to have been signed, until the contrary is shown.

[New R. of E. 10.] *Enrolled papers.* 70. Any document purporting to be signed by an enrolled officer shall, in proceedings under this Act, be evidence of the person named having given the answers to questions which he is therein represented as having given, and of the contents of such answers.

[108.] *Witnesses by secret or confidential officers.* 71. (1) If at any trial for desertion, absence without leave, overlooking leave or not rejoining when ordered for service, the person tried states in his defence any statement or reasonable excuse for his unexplained absence, and relies in support thereof on any officer in the civil or military service of the Government, or if it appears that any such officer is likely to prove or disprove the said statement or the defence, the court shall address such officer and adjourn until his reply is received.

(2) The written reply of any officer so referred to shall, if signed by him, be received in evidence and have the same effect as if made on oath before the court.

(3) If the court is divided before the receipt of such reply, or if the court insists to comply with the provisions of this section, the commanding officer may, at his discretion, send the proceedings and order a fresh trial by the same or another court-martial.

[109.] *Examination of persons, statements and general evidence.* 72. (1) When any person subject to this Act has been convicted by a court-martial of any offence, such court-martial may require him, and receive and record evidence of, any previous convictions of such person, either by a court-martial or by a criminal court, and may further require and record the general character of such person, and such other matters as may be permitted.

(2) Evidence received under this section may be either oral, or in the shape of entries in, or certified extracts from, court-martial books or other official records; and it shall not be necessary to prove the signatures to such certified extracts, nor shall it be necessary to give notice before trial to the person tried that evidence as to his previous convictions or character will be allowed.

(5) As a summary court-martial the officer holding the trial may, if he thinks fit, record any previous convictions against the offender, his general character, and such other matters as may be pertinent to the sentence.

*Confessions and Evidence of Findings and Sentences.*

Findings and sentences of a general court-martial shall be valid.

32. No finding or sentence of a general or district court-martial shall be valid (32) except so far as it may be confirmed or provided by this Act.

Power to confirm findings and sentences of general court-martial.

36. The findings and sentences of general court-martial may be confirmed by the Commander-in-Chief in India, or by any officer empowered in this behalf by warrant of the Commander-in-Chief in India.

Power to confirm findings and sentences of district court-martial.

37. The findings and sentences of district court-martial may be confirmed by any officer having power to sentence a general court-martial, or by any officer empowered in this behalf by warrant of any such officer.

Contents of warrant issued under section 35 or section 37.

38. A warrant issued under section 35 or section 37 may contain such directions, restrictions or conditions as the officer holding it may think fit.

Confirmation of findings of court-martial.

39. (1) The finding and sentence of a summary general court-martial shall (39) require to be confirmed by the sentencing officer—

- (a) in the case of the trial of an officer,
- (b) in the case of an acquittal or a sentence of death or transportation or imprisonment for a term exceeding two years, and
- (c) in any other case if so ordered by the said officer.

(2) Save as provided in sub-section (1), a sentence passed by a summary general court-martial shall not require to be confirmed, but may be carried out forthwith.

39B Subject to such restrictions as may be contained in any warrant issued under section 35 or (39B) section 37, a confirming officer may, when confirming the sentence of a court-martial, mitigate or raise the punishment thereby awarded, or commute that punishment for any less punishment or punishments in which the offender might have been sentenced by the court-martial.

Provided that a sentence of transportation shall not be commuted for a sentence of imprisonment for a term exceeding the term of transportation awarded by the court.

Review of finding or sentence.

40. (1) Any finding or sentence of a court-martial which requires confirmation (40) may be once revised by order of the confirming officer; and as such sentence, the court, if so directed by him, may take additional evidence.

(2) The court, on revision, shall consist of the same officers as were present when the original sentence was passed, unless any of these officers are unavailably absent.

(3) In case of such unavailability the absence the cause thereof shall be duly notified in the proceedings, and the court shall proceed with the revision, provided that it still consists of the smallest number of officers of which such court is by this Act required to consist.

Findings and sentences of a summary court-martial.

41. The finding and sentence of a summary court-martial shall not require to (41) be confirmed, but may be carried out forthwith.

Provided that, if the officer holding the trial is of less than five years' service, he shall not, except on active service, carry into effect any sentence until it has received the approval of an officer commanding not less than a corps.

42. The proceedings of every summary court-martial shall without delay be forwarded to the (42) officer commanding the division or brigade within which the trial was held, or to the presiding officer, and such officer, or the Commander-in-Chief in India, or the officer commanding the army in which the trial was held, may, for reasons stated in the margin of the case, but not on any merely technical grounds, set aside the proceedings.

Transmission of proceedings of summary court-martial.

43. Where a sentence passed by a court-martial which has been confirmed, (43) or which does not require confirmation, is found for any reason to be invalid, the authority who would have had power under section 41A to commute the punishment awarded by the sentence if it had been valid may pass a valid sentence.

Provided that the punishment awarded by the sentence so passed shall not be higher in the scale of punishments than, or on a scale of, the punishment awarded by the invalid sentence.

(Power to set aside proceedings.)

CHAPTER IX.

EXECUTION OF SENTENCES.

Form of sentence of death.

44. In executing a sentence of death a court-martial shall, in the discretion, (44) direct that the offender shall suffer death by being hanged by the neck until he be dead, or shall suffer death by being shot to death.

Imprisonment to be in solitary custody.

45. Wherever any person is sentenced under this Act to simple imprisonment, such sentence shall be carried out by confinement in a solitary custody. (45)

127. Whenever any sentence of transportation or rigorous imprisonment is passed under this Act, or whenever any sentence is passed or remitted in connection with transportation or rigorous imprisonment, the commanding officer of the prison under sentence, or such other officer as may be prescribed, shall forward a warrant in the prescribed form to the officer in charge of the civil prison in which such person is to be confined, and shall forward him to such prison with the warrant.
- Provided that, in the case of a sentence of rigorous imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months, the commanding officer, or in the case of a sentence which does not require confinement, the court, may direct that the sentence shall be immediately by confinement in military custody.
128. Whenever, in the opinion of an officer commanding an army, division or independent brigade, any sentence or portion of a sentence of imprisonment cannot, for special reasons, conveniently be carried out in accordance with the provisions of section 116 or section 127, such officer may direct that such sentence or portion of sentence shall be carried out in confinement in any civil prison or other place, or warrant under which any person is confined in a civil prison, a warrant in accordance with such order shall be forwarded by the commanding officer to the officer in charge of the prison in which such person is confined.
129. In carrying out a sentence of solitary confinement, such confinement shall in no case exceed fourteen days at a time, with intervals between the periods of solitary confinement of not less duration than such periods, and, when the imprisonment awarded exceeds three months, the solitary confinement shall not exceed seven days in any part of not less duration than such periods.
130. Whenever any person is sentenced under this Act to a non-custodial or suspended punishment, such punishment shall be inflicted on the bare back with the regulation cut.

## CHAPTER X.

## PUNISHMENT AND REMEDY.

131. When any person subject to this Act has been convicted by a court-martial of any offence,—
- (a) the Governor General in Council, or
  - (b) when the person has been convicted of any offence other than a civil offence, the Commander-in-Chief in India or, in the case of a sentence which he could have awarded or which did not require confinement, the officer commanding the army, division or independent brigade in which such person, at the time of his conviction, was serving,
- may—
- (1) modify the sentence;
  - (2) substitute or vary the punishment awarded, or commute such punishment for any less punishment or punishment which he might have been sentenced by the court-martial, or, if such punishment is death or transportation for life awarded under section 42 or section 43 for the offence of murder, may for such less punishment as is in this Act mentioned;
  - (3) order the restoration to him of any rank or other advantage forfeited under his sentence; or
  - (4) re-admit him to the service when he has been dismissed therefrom.

## CHAPTER XI.

## PUNISHMENT.

132. (1) The Governor General in Council may make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.
- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—
- (a) the amount and kind of fines to be imposed under section 29;
  - (b) the amount and mode of costs of inquiry, and the administration of oaths by such courts;
  - (c) the travelling and subsistence of courts-martial;
  - (d) the adjournment, dissolution and sitting of courts-martial;
  - (e) the procedure to be observed in trial by court-martial;
  - (f) the restrictions and services of the findings and sentences of courts-martial;
  - (g) the forms of orders to be made under the provisions of this Act relating to courts-martial, transportation or imprisonment; and
  - (h) any matter in this Act directed to be provided.
- (3) All rules made under this Act shall be published in the Gazette of India, and, on such publication, shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

## CHAPTER XII.

## PROPERTY OF DISMISSED PERSONS, DISMISSED AND LAZARUS.

133. The following rules are enacted respecting the disposal of the property of every person subject to this Act who dies or deserts.

(1) The commanding officer shall secure all the movable property that is on the spot, and some inventory thereof to be made, and draw any pay and allowances due to the deceased or deceased post office savings bank, (however named) a deposit not exceeding one thousand rupees, the commandant to him forthwith notwithstanding anything in any departmental rules; and, when the payment thereof is inconsistent with such regulation, no person shall have any right in respect of the deposit except as hereinafter provided.

(2) In the case of a deceased person whose representative is on the spot and has given security for the payment of the pecuniary debts (if any) of the deceased, the commanding officer shall deliver over the property and the amount of the deposit (if any) received under clause (1) to that representative.

(3) In the case of a deceased person whose estate is not dealt with under clause (2), and in the case of any disaster, the commanding officer shall cause the property to be sold by public auction, and deceased person, the expenses of his funeral arrangements, (from the proceeds of the sale and the amount of the deposit (if any)) received under clause (2).

(4) The officer, if any, shall in the case of a deceased person be paid to his representative, if then the same shall be remitted to the prescribed person.

(5) In the case of the sale of the effects of a deceased person, the amount remaining in the hands of the commanding officer shall be forthwith remitted to the prescribed person.

*Expenses.*—A person shall be deemed to be a deceased person within the meaning of this section who has been reported of disaster, or who has without authority been absent from duty for a period of sixty days and has not subsequently surrendered or been apprehended.

115. Property deliverable out money payable to the representative of a deceased person under section 114 may, if the total value or amount thereof does not exceed one thousand rupees, and if the prescribed person (under clause 114) be deemed as paid to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it or to administer the estate of the deceased, without requiring the production of any probate, letters of administration, certificate or other such conclusive evidence of title; and such delivery as the Judge in Council from all further liability in respect of the property or money; but nothing in this section shall affect the rights of any executor or administrator or other representative, or of any creditor, of the deceased person against any person to whom such delivery or payment has been made.

*Application at* 116. The provisions of section 114 shall, so far as they can be made applicable, apply in the case of a person subject to this Act having income.

## CHAPTER VIII.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

#### *Military penalties.*

117. Any person subject to this Act who is deemed to be a soldier, or other officer, may, if not attached to a troop or company, complete to the officer under whom he is serving; and may, if attached to a troop or company, complete to the officer commanding the same.

(1) When the officer commanding is in the office to whom any complaint should, under section (1), be preferred, the aggrieved person may complete to such officer's next superior officer.

(2) Every officer receiving any such complaint shall examine into it, and, where necessary, refer it to superior authority.

(3) Every such complaint shall be preferred through such channels as may be from time to time specified by proper authority.

118. (1) No person as member of a court-martial, no judge advocate or superintending officer, or any party to any proceeding before a court-martial, or his legal representative or agent, and no witness acting in obedience to a summons to attend a court-martial, shall, while so attending in, attending on or returning from a court-martial, be liable to arrest under civil or revenue process.

(2) If any such person is arrested under any such process, he may be discharged by order of the court-martial.

119. (1) No person subject to this Act shall, as long as he belongs to this Majesty's Indian forces, be liable to be arrested for debt under any process issued by, or by the authority of, any civil or revenue court or revenue officer.

(2) The judge of any such court may examine into any complaint made by such person or his representative officer of the arrest of such person contrary to the provisions of this section, and may, by warrant under his hand, discharge the person, and award reasonable costs to the complainant, who may recover those costs in like manner as he might have recovered costs awarded to him by a decree against the person obtaining the process.

(3) For the recovery of such costs no fee shall be payable to the court by the complainant.

120. Neither the arms, clothes, equipment, accoutrements or necessaries of any person subject to this Act, nor any animal used by him for the discharge of his duty, shall be seized, and shall then be paid and allowances of any such person in any part thereof be attached, by decision of any civil or revenue court or any person-officer, in satisfaction of any decree or order enforceable against him.

- [133.] Application of the Act to a person subject to the Act. 121. Every person belonging to the Indian Reserve Forces shall, when called out for or engaged upon or receiving from training or service, be entitled to all the privileges accorded by sections 119 and 120 to a person subject to this Act.
- [134.] Priority of leave by such persons. 122. (1) On the presentation to any court by or on behalf of any person subject to this Act of a certificate, from the proper military authority, of leave of absence having been granted to or applied for by him for the purpose of prosecuting or defending any suit or other proceeding, in such court, the court shall, on the application of such person, arrange, so far as may be possible, for the hearing and final disposal of such suit or other proceeding within the period of the leave so granted or applied for.
- (2) The certificate from the proper military authority shall state the first and last day of the leave so intended leave, and set forth a description of the suit with respect to which the leave was granted or applied for.
- (3) No fee shall be payable to the court in respect of the presentation of any such certificate, or in respect of any application by or on behalf of any such person for priority for the hearing of his suit.
- (4) Where the court is unable to arrange for the hearing and final disposal of the suit or other proceeding within the period of such leave or intended leave so intended, it shall record its reasons for having been unable to do so, and shall cause a copy thereof to be furnished to such person on his application without any payment whatever by him in respect thereof, if the application for such copy or of the copy itself.
- (5) If in any case a question arises as to the proper military authority qualified to grant such certificate as aforesaid, such question shall be at once referred by the court to the nearest officer commanding a corps, whose decision shall be final.

#### Arrest and Military Offences.

- [135.] Arrest by military authority. 123. (1) Whenever any person subject to this Act deserts, the commanding officer of the corps, department or detachment to which he belongs shall give written information of the desertion to such civil authorities as, in his opinion, may be able to afford assistance in the capture of the deserter, and such authorities shall thereupon take steps for the apprehension of the said deserter in like manner as if he were a person for whose apprehension a warrant had been issued by a magistrate, and shall deliver the deserter, when apprehended, to military custody.
- (2) Any police officer may arrest without warrant any person reasonably believed to be subject to this Act and to be travelling without authority, and shall bring him, without delay before the nearest magistrate, to be dealt with according to law.
- [136.] Arrest by civil authorities. 124. (1) Any person subject to this Act who is charged with an offence may be taken into military custody.
- (2) Any such person may be confined into military custody by any superior officer.
- (3) The charge against any person taken into military custody shall, without unnecessary delay, be investigated by the proper military authority, and, as soon as may be, either proceedings shall be taken for punishing the offence, or such person shall be discharged from custody.
- [137.] Inquiry as to absence of person subject to the Act. 125. Whenever any person subject to this Act, who is second or any officer under this Act, is within the jurisdiction of any magistrate or police officer, such magistrate or officer shall send to the commanding officer and delivery to military custody of such person upon receipt of a written application to that effect signed by his commanding officer.
- [138.] Declaration of absence. 126. (1) When any person subject to this Act has been absent without the authority from his duty for a period of sixty days, a court of inquiry shall, as soon as possible, be assembled and, upon oath administered in the prescribed manner, shall inquire respecting the absence of the person, and the delinquency, if any, of property of the Government entrusted to his care, or of his arms, accoutrements, equipments, instruments, clothing or accessories; and, if satisfied of the fact of such absence without the authority or other delinquency, the court shall declare such absence and the period thereof, and the delinquency, if any; and the commanding officer of the corps or department to which the person belongs shall enter in the court-martial book of the corps or department a record of the declaration.
- (2) If the person declared absent does not afterwards surrender, or is not apprehended, he shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a deserter.
- (3) If the person declared absent surrenders or is apprehended, the record or a copy thereof, together with the signature of the officer having the custody of the court-martial book, shall, on the trial of the person for desertion, be presumptive evidence of the facts therein recorded.

#### Regulations.

- Regul. 127. The enactments mentioned in the Schedule are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof.
- Provided that all warrants issued and persons arrested or detained under the provisions of any of the said enactments shall be deemed to have been respectively issued, arrested or detained under this Act.



8. Clause 8 is new and is introduced by the arrival of Indian troops in colonies and dependencies under the Imperial Government and outside the command of the Indian Army. The powers conferred by the Bill on the commanders of regiments, divisions and brigades are in the first instance restricted to the officers holding these commands in India consequent to the Indian authorities (clause 7, definition (5)), and power is here taken to prescribe the officers who shall exercise these powers in separate Indian troops serving abroad, and also the battalions (if any) to be placed upon such separate Colonies as they may be provided for as they arise and in accordance with local circumstances without the necessity for passing a statute of each country such as Act IX of 1901 and XIII of 1904.

9. Clause 7, subsection, with some verbal alterations, the definition in the existing Articles of War. The definition of "soldier"—the interpretation of which has given a good deal of trouble in the past, and which was only useful as restricting full non-combatant rank to combatants—has been omitted, and a definition of "non-commissioned officer" inserted. In this definition the rank of non-commissioned officer in the accordance with the existing law and practice limited to combatants. It will still be open to Government to give non-combatant holding positions of authority to be "deemed to be non-commissioned officers" by notification under clause 8 of the Bill, such notification limiting their authority to a narrower extent is thought necessary. A few words have been added to the definition of "superior officer" to cover the case of persons subject to three Articles who are (as in the Supply and Transport Corps) placed under the orders of British warrant and non-commissioned officers serving under the Army Act.

#### CHAPTER II.

10. This chapter deals with the enrolment of persons under this Act and, in certain cases, their subsequent discharge. The present law on this subject is unsatisfactory and often misunderstood. It is hoped that the provisions of this chapter will put it upon a satisfactory basis. Under the Articles of War, enrolment consists simply in the entry of a person's name, with his consent, on the roll of a corps or department. It involves no liability for general service (i.e., no obligation to go wherever he may be ordered by land or by sea), which liability, attendance (the taking of the oath of military fidelity) comes with it. All enrolled persons are first enrolled, attendance following either at once or after a period of probation. Attendance was originally intended for the more strictly combatant branches of the service, while enrolment—introduced in 1858—was designed to bring under military discipline certain classes, who though not strictly speaking soldiers, it was thought proper to subject to that discipline. *Officers and Reserve, Indian Articles of War Amendment Bill, 1891, paragraphs 1 and 2.* Owing to mischievous and misleading the enrolled person liable to general service, a provision set in of enrolling all classes—even marines—when it was intended to take in soldier service. This has tended to unduly lower the estimation in which the necessity of attendance is held, and is also undesirable on other grounds. Another difficulty which has arisen under the present law is that, as attendance does not take place until after a period of probation, discipline has suffered of soldiers who, having drawn pay as an enrolled recruit for perhaps a year, have then refused to accept the additional liabilities implied by attendance. As they were within their legal rights, nothing could be done and they had to be discharged.

11. It is very desirable that all the conditions of a man's service should be understood by him and definitely accepted before he enters upon that service. This is provided for by clause 8 and 9 of the Bill, which make enrolment a definite act, recorded in a formal document (an attestation, now in), which document will constitute the agreement between the enrolled person and the State and will, as such, on behalf all the conditions of his service. Enrolment will, as a rule, be for general service, but exceptional cases can be provided for as thought necessary.

12. Attestation (Clause 11 and 12) will impose no new liabilities, but will only confer status and privileges. It is intended for combatants and such selected classes of non-combatants as are considered deserving of being treated on the footing of combatants. It is intended that, as now, it shall be earned out with some ceremony, and its conferral to the higher classes of enrolled persons should enhance its significance. No separate attestation document will be required, the fact of attestation being recorded upon the enrolment document when it takes place.

#### CHAPTER III.

13. Clause 11 and 12 correspond to articles 3 and 4 of the existing law. The changes necessitated by the reorganisation of the Army have been made and "any prescribed officer" added to the dismissing and discharging authorities under clause 13. This will admit of any special cases which may arise being provided for without the necessity for legislation. The power to dismiss or discharge a Native officer has been restricted to the Governor General in Council and the Commander-in-Chief. Native officers have their commissions from the Governor General in Council, and it is a proper right that only the highest authorities should have power to summarily deprive them of those commissions. All references to forfeiture of claim to pension have been omitted, as such matters are properly dealt with by regulations and not by statutory provisions.

14. Clause 17 and 18 deal with the powers of dismissal and discharge vested in commanding officers. Clause 17 corresponds to article 120 and provides for the dismissal of persons who receive a substantial sentence of imprisonment either from a Civil or Military Court. Sub-clause (a) of clause 17 corresponds to article 121 (1) and provides a summary means of getting rid of a person who has improperly forfeited. Sub-clause (1) will allow of a commanding officer, as at present, discharging an unnecessarily, whose retention in the service he thinks undesirable, without the intervention of the brigade command, and is the most convenient manner of carrying out the clause of discharge indicated.

15. Clause 17 confers on the commanding officers of all mounted corps the power of discharging and also which is now vested in the commanding officers of infantry corps only. The exercise of this power the Royal and Field Artillery and of mountain batteries. The exercise of this power the Indian military law is.



16. Clause IV is new and has been inserted to safeguard the interests of the soldier who, when serving abroad, becomes entitled to be discharged or is dismissed from the service. It is based on the corresponding provision of the Army Act (of Army Act, section 59).

#### CHAPTER IV

17. Clause 23 reproduces the provisions of article 161 with the necessary change consequent upon the reorganisation of the Army. "Any prescribed officer" has been added to the authorities empowered to reduce a non-commissioned officer in order that any exceptional cases may be provided for without the necessity for legislation.

18. Clause 22 is new. It will permit of collective responsibility for losses of arms being legally enforced. Experience has shown that such responsibility is the best safeguard for the security of the arms of a company, and this is especially true in "show company" regiments, i.e., in the majority of the regiments of the Indian Army.

19. Clause 27 provides for the discipline of followers in camp and at frontier posts. It is similar to the corresponding provision of the Articles of War with the exception that assigned punishment cannot be awarded under it except in active service. This is in accordance with modern views on the subject. The operation of the clause has been definitely restricted to actual followers; it has been, in position, as restricted for some time past.

20. Clauses 24 and 25 deal with the duties and powers of prison-masters. They reproduce the existing law with the exception of a similar restriction upon the infliction of corporal punishment.

#### CHAPTER V.

21. In this chapter the offences made triable by court-martial and specified in articles 7 to 71 and 171 to 173 of the Indian Articles of War have been grouped in accordance with the system observed in the Army Act. With the exceptions noticed below and a few verbal changes, the above-mentioned articles have been exactly reproduced.

22. Substantive offences have been accurately defined by a reference to Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code and transferred from the Articles dealing with the military offence of mutiny to clause 31.

23. Following the corresponding provision of the Army Act, "intoxication" is, in clause 33, made punishable whether committed on or off duty. This offence, even when committed off duty, is seriously often deserving of notice, more especially where the offenders are officers or non-commissioned officers, and the expediency of changing it under article 23 or 71 (as is now done) is self-evident. The expression "intoxication" has been preferred to "drunkenness"—the Army Act term—is more certainly covering information from the use of drugs.

24. Clause 32 (k) provides for a cost which was, apparently through an oversight, not considered when the present Articles were framed. The Army Act contains a similar provision.

25. Subsections (a) and (b) of clause 37 re-enact the law as to false certificates and complaints to that effect in the British Army, and replace the penal portion of article 142. There seems to be no reason why the Native soldier should be punishable for making a complaint which is found to be merely frivolous or groundless while an European comrade can only be similarly dealt with under the general circumstances set forth in section 21 of the Army Act. The provisions of the latter section have therefore been transferred to the present Bill.

26. Clause 38 corresponds to articles 171 and 172, but the law is simplified by making civil offences committed by persons subject to the law when on active service in British India triable by court-martial at all times instead of only after notification.

27. The maximum penalties provided in this chapter run, with three exceptions, identical with those specified under the Indian Articles of War. Two offences at present punishable with death have been removed to the category of offences punishable with imprisonment only [clauses 37 (c) and 41 (c)]. The exceptional punishment awarded under article 67 of the current offences have been retained, and these offences made punishable with imprisonment or such less punishment as is in the Act mentioned. An unnecessary multiplication in the law, and one moreover which made serious grave offences less seriously punishable than others not nearly so grave, will thus be removed.

#### CHAPTER VI

28. Clause 46 specifies, in order of severity, all the punishments actually available by court-martial, but, except in respect of corporal punishment which is dealt with separately, substantially reproduces the present law in a way which can be easily understood. In the Articles of War the powers of punishment are scattered here and there through the Act and more here the provisions differently in knowing what they are or cannot award. In the Army Act each class or group of crimes has a maximum penalty attached to it, and a corresponding section gives a list of all punishments or order of severity. A court can for an offence award the maximum penalty attached to it or any less lower in the scale. This system has been adopted in the present Bill, both because of its inherent merits and because it is the system that with which all officers are familiar in connection with trials under the Army Act. The word that with which all officers are familiar in connection with trials under the Army Act. The word "imprisonment" is used in this clause and, throughout the Bill, instead of "confinement" with or without hard labour, while "aggravated imprisonment" distinctly replaces "imprisonment with hard labour." This change the amendments adopted into accord with the used in the Indian Penal Code, indeed, though a departure from the Army Act, will be necessary in the sections passed under the Bill, when it becomes law, will generally be carried out in civil process.

29. Clause 48 allows of the infliction of corporal punishment upon persons under the rank of warrant officer, but only in exceptional cases, i.e., on active service and for crimes which are specially warranted as such. The latter crimes are the military offences of "theft from a magazine" and the punishable as such. The latter crimes are the military offences of "theft from a magazine" and the punishable as such.

five and offences which are now punishable by whipping under the ordinary criminal law of India, where such offences are triable by court-martial. Corporal punishment is at present available for all offences committed by persons under the rank of warrant officer, but is unprincipled, and the officers committed by persons under the rank of warrant officer, to be necessary and just of India, no exception can be taken to its being retained for offences similarly dealt with under law. No exception can be taken to its being retained for offences similarly dealt with under law. No exception can be taken to its being retained for offences similarly dealt with under law. No exception can be taken to its being retained for offences similarly dealt with under law.

20. Clause 25 provides for the prohibition of certain punishments. It is in accordance with the existing law, and will admit, for example, of a non-commissioned officer sentenced to imprisonment being also reduced and dismissed, or of a person whose crime has caused loss or damage to Government or others being placed under obligation to make good the loss or damage caused in addition to undergoing the imprisonment or other punishment awarded for the crime he has committed.

21. Clause 26 is new and substitutes the provisions of the Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860) regarding sentences of solitary confinement. It expresses a wish on the subject of such sentences which, if necessary under the ordinary law, is equally necessary under this Act, as those sentences are generally served out in strict prison.

22. Clause 27 corresponds to article 145 of the Indian Articles of War, under which sentences of transportation or imprisonment passed upon persons already undergoing such sentences may be postponed, has been included in the Bill. Persons sentenced to transportation or to rigorous imprisonment for a term exceeding three months *per se* are to belong to the Army and to be amenable to the jurisdiction of court-martial. The only case therefore in which a person already under sentence could incur a second sentence of transportation or imprisonment is that of a man undergoing a short sentence of imprisonment in military custody who again committed himself. When such cases have occurred and the court has ordered the second sentence to commence on the expiry of the first, difficulties have arisen regarding the continued infliction of the first term of imprisonment (which is military custody) when as a claim for the first term, the second sentence has automatically affected the discharge of the offender. It has therefore been thought better to make an exception for the postponement of such second sentences, which will therefore take effect from the day on which they are signed and which the unoccupied portion of the former sentence. This is the practice as regards sentences under the Army Act, which is another reason for its adoption in the present Bill. The unoccupied portion of the former sentence can only be a matter of a few weeks, or even days, and the court passing the second sentence can allow for it when estimating the term to be awarded by it.

#### CHAPTER VII.

23. The provisions of the existing law as to penal deductions from the pay of persons subject to Indian military law being inadequate, the opportunity has been taken to provide fully for such deductions in the present Bill.

24. Clause 28 follows, with moderate, the corresponding section (138) of the Army Act and will include all such penal deductions as are now made under regulations. It also includes the few exceptional cases in which such deductions are now provided for in the Indian Articles of War. As in the corresponding section of the Army Act, a wide range of deductions which may be made is indicated. The exact deductions which, within these limits, shall be enforced are in both cases left to regulations. The process is based upon the existing provision as to the extent to which court-martial sentences can be enforced (Indian Articles of War, 138). One-half of a person's pay and allowances is considered to be the sum necessary to enable him to support himself and to efficiently perform his military duties. There appears to be no reason why a person in such a position should lose at the end of a year if the injured party is not yet fully compensated, and this provision of article 138 has accordingly been copied. The date of the day contained in the explanation to the clause is in accordance with existing regulations and practice.

25. Clause 29 is based upon section 144 (1) of the Army Act and will allow of such amounts being recovered from any public money which may become due to the person, for instance, from a gratuity or from prize-money to which he may become entitled.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

26. This chapter substantially reproduces the present law as to court-martial (except regulated courts-martial), but shows dealing with such branch of the subject having been collected together for to be so necessary for their continuance. The summary court-martial takes three places, as regards the trial of all military cases, and the only case of such courts for which that court is available—offences against the commanding officer personally—can be appropriately dealt with by general or district court-martial. Regulated court-martial have therefore been omitted from the list of tribunals provided for in the Bill. The provisions as to court-martial tribunals have been ascribed to those of the Army Act, as in force in India. This will be an administrative convenience.

27. Clause 31 apparently introduces a change in the law as to the power to order courts to meet at British or Native places as at present only allowed by officers empowered to do so by warrant. In general and district court-martial. It has been thought better to recognize this, and to confer the power on all governing officers by virtue of their position as such.

28. It shows 32 the power to authorize an officer to convene a summary general court-martial in time of peace has been extended to the Governor-General in Council and the Commander-in-Chief, as it is considered that such an exceptional power should only be exercised by the highest authorities.

38. In clause 55 (2) (b) the power to hold summary courts-martial is extended to officers commanding British corps in which any details subject to Indian military law are attached. The present restriction of this power to officers commanding such corps as have attached details attached to them has caused inconvenience. Many British corps have had an non-commissioned details attached to them, as gages, transport drivers, etc., for whose discipline provision must be made.

39. Clause 56 brings the law into accordance with the Army Act by providing that trial by court-martial shall be as far as a reference held by a commandant on the same facts, but require the latter court, if it awards a sentence, to take into account the punishment already inflicted by the military court.

40. Clause 57 corresponds to article 94 of the Indian Articles of War, but the category of offences triable by summary court-martial without reference to superior authority has been considerably enlarged. This will expedite the disposal of a large class of cases (theft, petty crimes, and military offences) the reference of which to superior authority was only a formality, but one which caused unnecessary delay in the administration of military justice. The "superior authority" to whom reference should be made is now definitely indicated, as the vague terms of article 94 have caused inconvenience.

41. Various matters of procedure have, for the reasons indicated in paragraph 4 above, been relegated to notes. Among these are the forms of oath and affirmation to be administered, under clauses 53 and 54, to members and officers of courts-martial and to witnesses giving evidence before such courts. The appointment of interpreters is also (as in the Army Act) left to be provided for, when necessary, by such rules.

42. Clause 55 is in accordance with the existing law, but certain permanent authorities have been added to the list of those empowered to sentence witnesses, which now corresponds to the list of persons empowered to do so as regards courts under the Army Act. The extension of such permanent authorities from the present article has frequently caused inconvenience.

43. Clause 55 is new but makes no court-martial a power now exercised by criminal courts in India. It is not expected, or intended, that this power shall be frequently exercised, but its non-existence has caused inconvenience and unnecessary expense both to the State and to persons under trial. The restriction of the power to those commissions to the Judge Advocate General in India and his Deputies will ensure its not being abused.

44. Clause 56 is based on section 245 of the Army Act and will facilitate proof of a person's guilt and the sentence then given by him.

45. Clause 57 restricts reference to those courts which require confirmation. This is in accordance with the law as at present understood, but the words of article 130 are open to misinterpretation and have therefore not been reproduced. All sentences which do not require confirmation are carried out forthwith, reasonably for removal of sentence, even if possible, does not seem desirable, and would, in the case of a summary court-martial, tend to weaken the authority of the commanding officer.

46. Clause 58 is new and allows the authority empowered to sentence the sentence of a court-martial to substitute a valid sentence for an invalid one. This is in accordance with the practice as in practice under the Army Act (see Rule of Procedure, 46 (d)). As power to authority can exercise this power as regards sentences under Indian military law, and the result is that, when such cases arise, the sentence has to be set aside leaving only the conviction recorded against the offender.

#### CHAPTER IX

47. This chapter, which deals with the execution of sentences to be passed under the Bill when in breach of law, is considerably shorter than the corresponding provisions of the Articles of War. The addition of the Prisoners Act (III of 1900) to the Indian law has counted of this, as all that the present Bill need arrange for (except in certain special cases) is the transmission of military prisoners and prisoners to civil prisons, after which the above-mentioned Act provides for their discipline and, when necessary, their transfer to other such prisons or to suitable establishments.

48. Clause 59 allows the military authorities to transfer prisoners in special cases from military to civil custody, or to imprison them in any fit place. In certain cases they have a power (now conferred by article 133 of the Indian Articles of War) which might be of use in an emergency such as an epidemic. It also will admit of emergency prisoners being made liable for the execution of a sentence of death. It also will admit of emergency prisoners when it is, for any reason, inconvenient or inadvisable that the offender should be sent to India to undergo his sentence.

#### CHAPTERS X, XI, XII, XIII.

49. These chapters substantially reproduce the existing law on the subjects dealt with therein. In order to reserve details a power of commutation has been inserted among those exercisable by the authorities empowered under clause 112 to deal with sentences passed by courts-martial.

50. In clause 113 power is taken to authorize a Court of Inquiry to review evidence on oath. This will assist the procedure as to prisoners of war being sentenced to that under the Army Act, where the cases of such prisoners are in the first instance investigated by Courts of Inquiry. The second and the third of the collection lines to be imposed under clause 55 are included among the subjects to be dealt with in rules framed under the above.

G. M. CREAGH.

The 16th August 1910.

B. SHREYSHANKAR,  
Off. Secy to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

(Republished by order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.)

L. M. WITCH,  
As. Secretary to Government, Legislative Dept.

Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 6th August 1910, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XV of 1910

THE CANTONMENTS ACT, 1910.

CONTENTS.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

SCHEDULE.

1. Short title and extent.
2. Interpretation.

CHAPTER II.

CANTONMENTS AND CANTONMENT AUTHORITIES, COURTS AND POLICE.

Cantonments.

3. Definition of Cantonments.

*Cantonment Authorities and Magistrate.*

4. Cantonment authority and Magistrate.
5. Cantonment authority.
6. Cantonment Magistrate.

*Cantonment Court of Small Causes.*

7. Appointment of Cantonment Magistrate as Judge of Cantonment Court of Small Causes.
8. Appointment of Additional Judge of Cantonment Court of Small Causes.
9. Continuance of jurisdiction of Cantonment Court of Small Causes in certain cases notwithstanding reduction of jurisdiction of Judge.

*Cantonment Police.*

10. Police.

CHAPTER III.

SPRITUOUS LIQUORS AND INTOXICATING DRUGS.

11. Unauthorized sale of spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug.
12. Unauthorized possession of spirituous liquor.
13. Arrest of persons and seizure and confiscation of things for offences against the two last foregoing sections.
14. Buying of articles sold or supplied for medicinal purposes.

## CHAPTER IV.

## TAXATION AND CANTONMENT FUND.

*Taxation.*

## Sections.

15. General power of taxation.
16. Extension of Act XX of 1856 to certain cantonments.
17. Restriction of power of taxation in cantonments in which Act XX of 1856 is in force.
18. Power to prohibit or exempt from taxation.

*Cantonment Fund.*

19. Cantonment fund.
20. Custody of cantonment fund.
21. Vesting and management of cantonment fund.
22. Acquisition of immovable property at cost of cantonment fund.

## CHAPTER V.

## SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS.

23. Extension of enactments to cantonments.
24. Matters respecting which rules may be made.
25. Supplemental provisions respecting rules.
26. Extension of certain enactments and rules to places beyond cantonments.
27. Cantonments in presidency-towns.
28. Protection of Cantonment authority, Magistrates and Commanding officer.
29. Registration.
30. Limitation of the operation of this Act.

## CHAPTER VI.

## REFORMS AND SAVINGS.

31. Repeals.
32. Savings.

## THE SCHEDULE.—ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

*An Act to consolidate and amend certain Acts relating to Cantonments.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend certain Acts relating to cantonments; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

## CHAPTER I.

## PRELIMINARY.

*Short title and extent.*

1. (1) This Act may be called the Cantonments Act, 1930.

- (2) It extends to the whole of British India.

*Interpretation.*

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "officer" means—

- (i) a person who, being an officer within the meaning of the Army Act, is commissioned and in pay as an officer doing military duty with His Majesty's regular forces as defined in that Act or as an officer doing such duty in any arm, branch or part of those forces; and

- (ii) a person doing military duty as a warrant officer with those forces or with any arm, branch or part thereof, whether he is or is not an officer within the meaning of the Army Act;
- (b) "soldier" means a person who is a soldier of His Majesty's regular forces within the meaning of the Army Act, and is not an officer within the meaning of this Act;
- (c) "spirited liquor" means any fermented liquor, any wine, any alcoholic liquid obtained by distillation, and the sap of any kind of palm-tree, and includes any other liquid consisting of or containing alcohol which the Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare to be a spirited liquor for the purposes of this Act;
- (d) "intoxicating drug" means opium, ganja, bang, charas and every preparation and admixture thereof, and includes any other intoxicating substance or liquid which the Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare to be an intoxicating drug for the purposes of this Act; and
- (e) "owner" includes the person who is residing or entitled to receive the rent of any building or land, whether on his own account or on behalf of himself and others or as an agent or trustee, or who would so receive the rent or be entitled to receive it if the building or land were let to a tenant.

## CHAPTER II.

## CONTAINMENT AND CONTAINMENT AUTHORITIES, COCKETS AND POLICE.

## Containment.

3. (1) The Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare any place in which any of His Majesty's regular forces are quartered within the territories administered by such Government to be a containment for the purposes of this Act and of all other enactments for the time being in force.

(2) The Local Government, with the like sanction, may also, by a like notification, define the limits of any containment for the like purposes.

## Containment Authorities and Magistrates.

4. For every containment beyond the limits of a presidency-town there shall be a containment authority and a Containment Magistrate.

5. (1) The expression "containment authority" as used in this Act means a containment committee or, where a containment committee has not been constituted or has in pursuance of an order of the Local Government ceased to exist, or for any reason cannot be convened, then, subject to any rules made under section 24, clause (5), the commanding officer of the containment.

(2) The Local Government shall determine, with respect to every containment in which troops are for the time being quartered, whether or not a containment committee is to be constituted.

(3) The containment authority shall be deemed to be a local authority as defined in the Cattle Traction Act, 1871, the Local Authorities Loan Act, 1878, the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885, and the General Clauses Act, 1897.

6. The Containment Magistrate shall be a Magistrate appointed by the Local Government under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1893, and, as such, subordinate to the District Magistrate or to the District Magistrate and the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, as the case may be, under section 17 of that Code.

## Cantonment Court of Small Causes.

7. (1) When the Local Government appoints the Cantonment Magistrate to be the Judge of a Court of Small Causes established within a cantonment under the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1857, it shall, in its order appointing him to be such Judge, declare, and may by notification in the official Gazette vary, within a limit of five hundred rupees, the value of the suits which are to be cognizable by him under that Act.

(2) The provisions of section 15, sub-section (3), of the said Act shall not apply to a Court of Small Causes of which a Cantonment Magistrate is the Judge.

8. When the Local Government appoints an Additional Judge of a Court of Small Causes, of which a Cantonment Magistrate is the Judge, it shall, in its order appointing him to be such Additional Judge, declare, and may by notification in the official Gazette vary, within a limit of five rupees, the value of the suits with respect to which the functions of the Judge of the Court may be assigned to, and discharged by, the Additional Judge under section 5 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1857.

9. A Cantonment Magistrate as Judge of a Court of Small Causes may, whatever may be the value of the suits cognizable by him as such Judge, dispose of any suit which was within the pecuniary limits of the jurisdiction of the Judge presiding over the Court at the time of the institution of the suit, and may entertain and dispose of any proceeding after decree in any such suit.

## Cantonment Police.

10. (1) The police-force employed in a cantonment beyond the limits of a presidency-town shall, for the purposes of the Madras District Police Act, 1859, or the Police Act, 1861, or the Bombay District Police Act, 1862, as the case may be, be deemed to be part of the general police-establishment under the superintendence of the Local Government in whose territories the cantonment is situated.

(2) The area comprised within the limits of a cantonment shall be deemed to be a town for the purposes of section 51 of the Police Act, 1861.

## CHAPTER III.

## SPERMATORIA LITIGIOSA AND INFORMATIONAL DETECT.

11. If within a cantonment, or within such limits around a cantonment as the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe in this behalf, any person not subject to military law or any person subject to military law otherwise than as an officer or soldier knowingly barter, sell or supply, or offers or attempts to barter, sell or supply, any opium, liquor or intoxicating drug to or for the use of any soldier or follower or soldier's wife, without the written permission of the commanding officer of the cantonment or of some person authorized by the commanding officer to grant such permission, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with both.

12. If within a cantonment, or within such limits around a cantonment as the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe in this behalf,—

(a) any person subject to military law otherwise than as an officer or soldier, or

(b) the wife or servant of any such person or of a soldier,

has in his or her possession except on behalf of the Government or for the private use of an officer more than one ounce of any opium, liquor or intoxicating drug without the written permission of the commanding officer of the cantonment or of some person authorized by the commanding officer to grant such

permission, he or she shall be punishable in the case of a first offence against this section with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and in the case of a subsequent offence against this section with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months.

13. (1) Any police-officer or excise-officer may, without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest any person whom he finds committing an offence against section 11 or section 12, and may seize and detain any spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug in respect of which such an offence has been committed, and any vessels or coverings in which the liquor or drug is contained.

(2) Where a person accused of an offence against section 11 has been previously convicted of an offence against that section, an officer in charge of a police-station may, with the written permission of a Magistrate, seize and detain any spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug within the enclosure, or within the limits prescribed under section 13, which at the time of the alleged commission of the subsequent offence belonged to, or was in the possession of, the person.

(3) The Court convicting a person of an offence against section 11 or section 12 may order the confiscation of the whole or any part of anything seized under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2).

(4) Subject to the provisions of Chapter XLIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, anything seized under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) and not confiscated under sub-section (3) shall be restored to the person from whom it was taken.

Seizure of articles sold or supplied for medicinal purposes.

14. The foregoing provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the sale or supply of any article for medicinal purposes by a medical practitioner, chemist or druggist.

## CHAPTER IV.

### TAXATION AND CUSTOMS DUTY.

#### Taxation.

15. (1) With the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette,—

(a) impose in any cantonment which is not included in a municipality any tax which, under any enactment in force at the date of the notification, can be imposed in any municipality within the territories administered by such Government; and

(b) abolish or modify any tax so imposed.

(2) When any tax is leviable in a cantonment in pursuance of a notification under sub-section (1), the Local Government, subject to the like sanction, may, by a like notification, apply or adapt to the cantonment the provisions of any enactment or rules in force at the date of the notification in any municipality within the territories administered by such Government relating to—

(a) the assessment, collection or recovery of any tax;

(b) the refund or revision of, or exemption from, any such tax; and

(c) the punishment of any breach of such enactment or rules.

16. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, extend the provisions of the Bengal Chankidari Act, 1894, to any cantonment which is not included in a municipality and which is situated in any part of British India in which that Act is in force, and the Customs Magistrate may exercise all the powers of the Magistrate under that Act, subject only to the control of the District Magistrate and the Local Government.

(2) The Local Government may order that a cantonment to which the provisions of the Bengal Chankidari Act, 1894, have been extended shall be divided into any number of cantonment divisions, and may determine the nature of the tax to be levied in each such division according to section 10 of that Act.



17. While a tax assessed according to the circumstances, and the property to be protected, of the persons liable therein, or according to the assessed value of houses and grounds, is levied under the Bengal Chukkidari Act, 1856, in a cantonment, a tax on persons professing any profession or art or carrying on any trade or calling or a tax on buildings and lands, as the case may be, shall not be leviable in the cantonment in pursuance of a notification under section 15 of this Act. XX of 1861

18. (1) Notwithstanding anything in any enactment for the time being in force, the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, prohibit the levy of the whole or any part of any tax imposed in a cantonment, or exempt any person by name or in virtue of his office or any class of persons, or any property or any class of property, from the operation of any such tax. XX of 1861

(2) Where the area subject to the authority of a municipal committee as defined in section 2 of the Municipal Taxation Act, 1851, includes the whole or part of a cantonment, nothing in section 4 or section 5 of that Act or in any other like enactment for the time being in force shall apply to so much of that area as is comprised in the cantonment. XX of 1861

#### Cantonment Fund.

19. (1) There shall be formed for every cantonment which is not included in a municipality a cantonment fund, and there shall be placed to the credit thereof, among other sums, the following, namely:— XX of 1861

- (a) subject to deductions under section 545 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or under any other enactment for the time being in force or under any order of the Local Government, all fines recovered from persons convicted of offences committed within the cantonment against this Act or against any enactment extended or made thereunder, or against the provisions of section 54 of the Police Act, 1861, or the corresponding enactment for the time being in force in the territories administered by the Governor of Fort St. George in Council or by the Governor of Bombay in Council, or against the provisions of Chapter XIII or Chapter XIV of the Indian Penal Code or of section 156 of the Army Act; XX of 1861
- (b) the proceeds of taxes imposed under section 15 or levied under the Bengal Chukkidari Act, 1856, in the cantonment; and XX of 1861
- (c) rents and profits accruing from property placed by the Government under the management of the cantonment authority. XX of 1861

(2) Notwithstanding anything in any enactment as to the purposes to which the proceeds of a tax are to be appropriated, the cantonment fund shall be applicable, subject to the rules under this Act, to the maintenance of the police-force employed in the cantonment and to the other purposes of this Act within the cantonment and, with the general or special sanction of the Local Government, to like objects, within or without British India, beyond the limits of the cantonment in cases in which, in the opinion of the Local Government, the application of the fund beyond those limits is for the benefit of the inhabitants of the cantonment or of any military force ordinarily quartered therein or of any detachment of any such force.

20. (1) Where, in or near a cantonment, there is a Government treasury or sub-treasury or a bank in which the Government treasury business has been made over, the cantonment fund shall be kept in the treasury, sub-treasury or bank. XX of 1861

(2) Where there is no such treasury, sub-treasury or bank, the cantonment fund may be deposited with any banker or person, acting as a banker, who has given such security for the safe custody and repayment on demand of the fund as deposited as the District Magistrate may in each case think sufficient.

21. The cantonment fund shall be vested in His Majesty, and, subject to the provisions of this Act and of the rules thereunder and to the control of the Local Government, the management of the fund shall be entrusted to the cantonment authority. XX of 1861

22. The cantonment fund shall be deemed to be "public revenues" within the meaning of the proviso to section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, and any property acquired at the cost of the cantonment fund shall vest in His Majesty.

# CHAPTER V.

## SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS.

23. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, extend to all cantonments or to any cantonment or to any part of any cantonment any enactment for the time being in force in any municipality in British India, and declare its extension to be subject to such restrictions and modifications, if any, as he thinks fit.

24. The Governor General in Council may make rules consistent with this Act to provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

- (1) the manner in which, and the authority to which, application for permission to occupy land belonging to the Government in a cantonment is to be made;
- (2) the conditions to be annexed to every such permission given in pursuance of such an application;
- (3) the preparation and maintenance of registers of immovable property in cantonments;
- (4) the constitution of cantonment committees, the functions to be discharged by them, the conduct of, and the control to be exercised over, their proceedings, and the division of duties among the members of such committees;
- (5) the functions to be discharged by the commanding officer of a cantonment where a cantonment committee has not been constituted, or has in pursuance of an order of the Local Government ceased to exist, or for any reason cannot be convened;
- (6) the executive duties of the Cantonment Magistrate and his position in relation to the commanding officer of the cantonment;
- (7) the purposes to which the cantonment fund may be applied;
- (8) the authority on which money may be paid from the cantonment fund;
- (9) the investment of any balances of that fund;
- (10) the execution of contracts by, or on behalf of, the cantonment authority;
- (11) the accounts to be kept by the cantonment authority, and the manner in which these accounts are to be audited and published;
- (12) the definition and abatement of nuisances for which sufficient provision has not, in the opinion of the Governor-General in Council, been made under section 22;
- (13) the requisitions which may be made on persons having the control of sewers, drains, latrines or other things creating, or likely to create, nuisances, and the mode of enforcing such requisitions;
- (14) the prevention of the overcrowding of buildings and places in a cantonment;
- (15) the construction and maintenance, to the satisfaction of the cantonment authority, of buildings and of boundary walls, hedges and other fences;
- (16) the regulation of the practice of agriculture and irrigation in a cantonment, the keeping of lands therein in proper order, and the felling, topping and trimming of trees on such lands;
- (17) the regulation of encamping-grounds, serais, markets and slaughter-houses, of traffic on roads and across unenclosed spaces under the control of the cantonment authority, and of processions and public assemblies;

- (14) the use and management of burial and burning grounds;
- (15) the supervision and the regulation of the use of public wells, tanks, rivers, streams, springs or other sources from which water is or may be made available for public use, and of the lands in the vicinity thereof;
- (16) the parts of a cantonment in which persons practising any profession or carrying on any trade, calling or occupation may be required to reside for the purpose of practising the profession or carrying on the trade, calling or occupation, and the conditions, if any, to be observed by such persons;
- (17) the prevention of the spread of infectious or contagious diseases within a cantonment, and the appointment and regulation of hospitals or other places within or without a cantonment for the reception and treatment of persons suffering from any disease;
- (18) the segregation in, or the removal and exclusion from, a cantonment, or the destruction of animals suffering or supposed to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease;
- (19) the suppression of mendicancy and of loitering or importuning for the purpose of prostitution, and the removal and exclusion from a cantonment of disorderly persons, of persons who have been convicted of any offence against Chapter XVII of the Indian Penal Code, or section 168 of the Army Act, or have been ordered under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1893, to execute a bond for their good behaviour, and of persons whom the commanding officer deems it expedient to exclude from the cantonment with or without assigning any reason for excluding them therefrom;
- (20) the prevention of cruelty to animals and the care of animals while grazing;
- (21) the prevention and extinction of fires;
- (22) the registration of births and deaths;
- (23) the appointment by owners of buildings and lands in cantonments, who are absent from cantonments, of persons residing within or near cantonments, to act as their agents for all or any of the purposes of this Act or any enactment extended or rule made thereunder;
- (24) the powers of inspection, entry and search which may be exercised in carrying out any of those purposes, and the cases in which branches of enactments extended or rules made under this Act are to be cognisable offences;
- (25) the mode in which summonses, notices, requisitions and other documents are to be served on the persons to whom they are addressed;
- (26) the cases, authorities and conditions in, to and on which executive orders passed under this Act or any enactment extended or rule made thereunder may be appealed from; and
- (27) generally, the carrying out of the purposes of this Act.

25. (1) The power to make rules under section 24 is subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication and of their not taking effect until they have been published in the Gazette of India and in such other manner as the Governor General

in Council prescribes.

(2) A rule under section 24 may be general for all cantonments in British India or for all cantonments not expressly excepted from its operation, or may be special for the whole or any part of any one or more than one cantonment, as the Governor General in Council directs.

(3) A copy of the rules for the time being in force in a cantonment shall be kept open to inspection free of charge at all reasonable times in the office of the Cantonment Magistrate.

(4) In making any rule under clause (12) or any of the following clauses of section 24, the Governor General in Council may direct that a breach of it shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, or with imprisonment for a

(1) and (2) of s. 24, n. 22.

XV

XVI

term which may extend to eight days, and, when the breach is a continuing breach, with fine which, in addition to such fine or imprisonment as aforesaid, may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

26. The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, and subject to any conditions as to compensation or otherwise which it may see fit to impose, extend to any area beyond the cantonment and in the vicinity thereof—

(a) any enactment which, with or without alteration or modification, has been extended to the cantonment or any part thereof under section 23; or

(b) any rule in force in the cantonment or any part thereof under clause (12) or any of the following clauses of section 24, as well as any direction there in force under sub-section (4) of section 25;

and the enactment, rule or direction specified in the notification shall, so long as the notification remains unrevoked, apply to that area as if the area were included in the cantonment.

27. Where a cantonment is situated within the limits of a presidency-town, the functions assigned to any authority by this Act or any enactment extended or rule made thereunder shall, subject to the provisions of any enactment for the time being in force, be discharged by such authority as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

28. A writ or procession shall not be entertained in any Court against any cantonment authority, authority appointed under section 27, Cantonment Magistrate or commanding, medical or other officer for anything in good faith done or purporting to be done in pursuance of powers conferred by or under this Act on such authority, Magistrate or officer, whether the thing done was or was not authorized by the powers so conferred.

IV of 1901.

29. (2) Section 54, paragraphs 2 and 3, and sections, 59, 107 and 125 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, with respect to the transfer of property by registered instrument, shall, on and from the commencement of this Act, extend to every cantonment in British India.

XVI of 1905.

(3) Where a cantonment has not been constituted a sub-district or district for the purposes of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, under section 9 of that Act, the Registrar of the district in which the cantonment is situated shall cause a copy of such entries in Indexes Nos. I and II as relate to immovable property within the limits of the cantonment to be forwarded to the Cantonment Magistrate annually or at such shorter intervals as the Local Government may prescribe.

Extension of the operation of this Act.

30. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, exclude from the operation of the whole or any part of this Act the whole or any part of any cantonment.

## CHAPTER VI.

### REPEALS AND SAVINGS.

Repeals.

31. The enactments mentioned in the Schedule are repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof.

XXI of 1907.

Savings.

32. All Houses and permits given under the Cantonments Act, 1889, or under any enactment repealed by that Act, and in force at the commencement of this Act, shall be deemed to have been given under this Act.

**THE SCHEDULE.**  
**REPEALS REPEALED.**  
(See Section 31.)

Year.	Number.	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
1890	XVII	The Customs Act, 1890 ..	As much as has not been repealed.
1891	I	The Customs Act, 1891 ..	Section II.
		Amendment Act, 1891 ..	
	XII	The Amending Act, 1891 ..	As much of Part I of the General Customs Act, 1891, as relates to the Customs Act, 1891.
1892	XII	The Excise Act, 1892 ..	As much of the Schedule as relates to the Customs Act, 1892.
1897	XV	The Customs Act, 1897 ..	The whole.
1898	9	The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	As much of Schedule I as relates to the Customs Act, 1898.
1899	I	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1899.	As much of Part II of the General Customs Act, 1899, as relates to the Customs Act, 1899.
1900	7	The Amending (Amalgam) Act, 1900.	As much of the Schedule as relates to the Customs Act, 1900.

**LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.**

We, the undersigned, members of the Select Committee to which the Bill further to amend the Customs Act, 1899, was referred, have considered the Bill and have now the honour to submit this our Report with a consolidating Bill proposed by us for adoption in place of the original amending Bill annexed thereto.

2. The principal Act has already been subject to eight partial repeals and amendments. Portions of it, moreover, are either spent or have been rendered obsolete by subsequent enactments; and certain of the Acts to which reference is made in it have been repealed and replaced by later Acts. The present occasion, therefore, has been deemed advantageous for the consolidation of the principal and amending Acts. We have accordingly proposed a consolidating Bill which repeals the Customs Act, 1899, with its amending enactments, and reproduces the law as contained therein with the amendments proposed in the Bill as introduced.

3. The alterations which we suggest in the existing Act are as follows. They make no change in the law:

Section 2 (3).—Omitted as superfluous. The Bill, if passed, will come into force at once.

Section 2.—Reproduced by clauses 34 and 35 in a shortened form, regard being had to sections 8 and 24 of the General Customs Act, 1897.

Section 3 (2).—Omitted, being provided for by section 22 of the General Customs Act, 1897.

Section 4 (1).—The concluding words have been omitted, being provided for by section 21 of the General Customs Act, 1897.

Section 21.—Omitted, as spent.

Section 28 (5) and the concluding words of Section 30 (1).—Omitted, being provided for by section 21 of the General Customs Act, 1897.

Section 29.—Omitted, being provided for by section 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

We have corrected references to Acts now repealed, and references to "His Majesty"; and have followed previous practice in referring to Acts by their statutory short titles, and in the use of certain drafting expressions now in common use in place of equivalent expressions which are contained in the Act.

4. The publication required by the rules has been made in English in the Gazette of India dated the 2-10 July 1910.

5. We think that the Bill has not been so altered as to require re-publication, and we recommend that the consolidating Bill proposed by us be passed.

O'M. CREAGH.  
S. P. SINHA.  
R. I. SCALLON.  
E. D. MACLAGAN.  
PARTAB SINGH.  
ZULFIKAR ALI KHAN.  
UMAR HYAT KHAN.

The 29th July 1910.

H. SHREENIVASAN,  
Offy. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.  
(Repealed by order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.)

L. N. WYNCH,  
Asy. Secretary to Government, Legislative Dept.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 5th August 1910, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XVI of 1910.

*An Act to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of the Census.*

WHEREAS it has been determined to take a census of British India during the year 1911, and it is expedient to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of such census; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

*Short title and extent.* 1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Census Act, 1910.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, inclusive of British Baluchistan, the Santhal Parganas and the Feroza of Sikkim.

*Appointment of census officers.* 2. (1) The Local Government may appoint any person to take, or aid in or supervise the taking of, the census within any specified local area.

(2) Persons so appointed shall be called census-officers.

(3) The Local Government may delegate to such authority as it thinks fit the power of appointing census-officers which is conferred by this section.

*Proof of appointment of census-officers, and their evidence as public servants.* 3. (1) A declaration in writing, signed by any officer authorised by the Local Government in this behalf, that any person has been duly appointed a census-officer for any local area shall be conclusive proof of such appointment.

(2) All census-officers shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

*Duties of duties of census-officers in certain cases.* 4. (1) (a) Every officer in command of any body of men belonging to His Majesty's military or naval forces or to His Majesty's Indian Marine Service or of any vessel of war,

(b) every person (except a pilot or harbourmaster) having charge or control of a vessel,

(c) every person in charge of a lunatic asylum, hospital, workhouse, prison, reformatory or lockup, or of any public, charitable, religious or educational institution,

(d) every keeper, secretary or manager of any asyl, hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, emigration-depot or alsh, and

(e) every occupant of immovable property and every manager or officer of a railway or other commercial or industrial enterprise who has at the time of the taking of the census not less than twenty persons employed under him, or living on or in such property,

shall, if so required by the District Magistrate or by such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, perform such of the duties of a census-officer in relation to the persons who at the time of the taking of the census are under his command or charge, or inmates of his house or present on or in such immovable property as such Magistrate or officer may, by written order, direct.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to census-officers shall apply, so far as they can be made applicable, to all persons while performing such duties under this section, and any person refusing or neglecting to perform any duty which he is directed under this section to perform shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section 187 of the Indian Penal Code.

5. (f) The District Magistrate, or such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf for any local area, may, by written order, which shall have effect throughout the limits of his district or of such local area, as the case may be, call upon—

- (a) all owners and occupiers of land, leaseholders, farmers, assignees of land-revenue and lessees of fisheries under the Burma Fisheries Act, 1895, or the Upper Burma Land and Revenue Regulation, 1889, or their agents, Sec. 21 of 1895, III of 1889.
- (b) all village-officers and servants in service as defined in the Madras Proportary Estates' Village Service Act, 1894 (Madras), and Stat. 11 of 1894.
- (c) all members of panchayats appointed under the Village Chankidiari Act, 1870 (Bengal), or the Sylhet and Chokhar Rural Police Regulation, 1863, all ghatswals and all circle-shielders appointed under the Chota Nagpur Rural Police Act, 1887 (Bengal), and all village-headmen in the Khasia division of the United Provinces, Sec. 75 of 1870, I of 1863, Sec. 7 of 1887.

to give each assistance as he needs towards the taking of a census of the persons who are at the time of the taking of the census on the lands of such owners, occupiers, holders, farmers and assignees, or within the limits of such fisheries or in the village or other areas for which such village-officers and servants, panchayats, ghatswals, circle-shielders or village-headmen are appointed, as the case may be.

(f) Such order shall specify the nature of the assistance required, and such owners, occupiers, holders, farmers, assignees, lessees or their agents, and such village-officers and servants, the members of such panchayats and such ghatswals, circle-shielders and village-headmen shall be bound to obey it.

6. Every census-officer may ask all such questions of all persons within the limits of the local area for which he is appointed as, by instructions issued in this behalf by the Local Government and published in the official Gazette, he may be directed to ask.

7. Every person of whom any question is asked under the last foregoing section shall be legally bound to answer such question to the best of his knowledge or belief:

Provided that no person shall be bound to state the name of any female member of his household, and that no woman shall be bound to state the name of her husband or deceased husband or of any other person whose name she is forbidden by custom to mention.

8. Every person occupying any house, enclosure, vessel or other place shall allow census-officers such access thereto as they may require for the purpose of the census, and as, having regard to the customs of the country, may be reasonable, and shall allow them to paint on or affix to the place such letters, marks or numbers as may be necessary for the purposes of the census.

9. (f) Subject to such orders as the Local Government may issue in this behalf, any census-officer may leave, or cause to be left,—

- (a) at any dwelling-house within the local area for which he is appointed, or
- (b) with any manager or officer of any commercial or industrial enterprise who has at the time of the taking of the census not less than twenty persons employed under him,

a schedule for the purpose of its being filled up by the occupier of such house or part of any specified part thereof or by such manager or officer with such particulars as the Local Government may direct regarding the inmates of such house or part or the persons employed under such manager or officer at the time of the taking of the census.

(g) When any such schedule has been so left, the occupier of the house or part to which it relates or the manager or officer with whom it is left shall fill it up, or cause it to be filled up, to the best of his knowledge or belief, so far as regards the inmates of such house or part, as the case may be, or the persons employed under

him at the time aforesaid, and shall sign his name thereto, and, when so required, shall deliver the schedule so filled up and signed to the census-officer or to such person as he may direct.

Penalty.

10. In any of the following cases, namely:—

- (a) if a census-officer or a person appointed to be a census-officer or a person lawfully required to give assistance towards the taking of a census refuses or neglects to use reasonable diligence in performing any duty imposed upon him or in obeying any order issued to him in accordance with this Act, or with any rule duly made thereunder,
- (b) if a census-officer intentionally puts any offensive or improper question or knowingly makes any false return,
- (c) if any person refuses to answer to the best of his knowledge or belief any question asked of him by a census-officer which he is legally bound by section 7 so to answer,
- (d) if any person occupying any house, enclosure, vessel, or other place refuses to allow a census-officer such reasonable access thereto as he is required by section 8 to allow,
- (e) if any person removes, obliterated, alters or injures before the thirty-first day of March 1911, any letters, marks or numbers which have been painted or affixed for the purposes of the census,
- (f) if any occupier of a dwelling-house or part thereof or any person with whom a schedule is left under section 9 knowingly and without sufficient cause fails to comply with the provisions of section 9 or makes any false return under that section,

he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

11. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare before what classes of Magistrates prosecutions under this Act may be instituted.

(2) Unless and until a notification is published under sub-section (1), all prosecutions under this Act shall, in the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, be instituted before a Presidency Magistrate, and elsewhere before the District Magistrate.

(3) No prosecution under this Act shall be instituted except with the previous sanction of the Local Government, or with the previous sanction of some officer authorised by the Local Government in this behalf.

12. No person shall have a right to inspect any book, register or record made by a census-officer in the discharge of his duty as such officer or any schedule delivered under section 9, and, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, no entry in any such book, register, record or schedule shall be admissible as evidence in any civil proceeding or any proceeding under Chapter XII or Chapter XXXVI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

13. Notwithstanding anything in any enactment or rule with respect to the mode in which a census is to be taken in any municipality, the municipal authority may, at the time appointed for the taking of the census of British India during the year 1911, cause the census of the municipality to be taken wholly or in part by any method authorised by this Act.

14. Notwithstanding anything in any enactment or rule, in regard to municipal, local or village funds, the Local Government may direct that the whole or any part of any expenses incurred for anything done in accordance with this Act, may be charged to any municipal, local or village fund constituted for, and on behalf of, the area within which such expenses were incurred.

Power to make rules.

15. (1) The Governor General in Council may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.



(f) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Governor General in Council may make rules providing—

- (a) for the appointment of census-officers and of persons to perform any of the duties of census-officers or to give assistance towards the taking of a census and for the general instructions to be issued to such officers and persons;
- (b) for the enumeration of persons employed on railways and their families and of other classes of the population for whom it may be necessary or expedient to make special provision;
- (c) for the enumeration of persons travelling on the night when a census is taken.

(3) The Governor General in Council may, by general or special order, direct that all or any of the powers conferred upon him by this section may also be exercised by any Local Government with respect to the territories administered by it.

#### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

We, the undersigned, Members of the Select Committee to which the Bill to

provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of the Census was referred, have considered the Bill and the papers noted as the margin, and have now the honour to submit this our Report, with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

2. We have included emigration-depots in clause 4 (1) (d), following a suggestion made by the Government of Bengal.

3. We have substituted "twenty" for "fifty" in clause 4 (1) (e), the limit of twenty being recognised by section 20 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, and by clause 47 of the Indian Factories Bill which is now before the Council.

4. We have made a necessary verbal amendment in clause 5 (1) (c).

5. We have recast clause 9 so as to make provision for obtaining the information necessary for the preparation of a special schedule for factories, mills, mines and similar industrial concerns, and have made a consequential addition to clause 10 (f).

6. The publication ordered by the Council has been made as follows:—

Gazette	In English.	Date
Gazette of India	...	25th January 1910
Port St. George Gazette	...	5th February 1910
Bombay Government Gazette	...	2nd February 1910
Calcutta Gazette	...	2nd February 1910
United Provinces Gazette	...	11th February 1910
Punjab Government Gazette	...	11th February 1910
Burma Gazette	...	12th February 1910
Central Provinces Gazette	...	12th February 1910
Eastern Bengal and Assam Gazette	...	11th February 1910
Coorg District Gazette	...	9th February 1910
North Orissa Gazette	...	1st March 1910
		24th February 1910.

In the Vernacular.			
Particulars	Language		Date
Madras	Tamil	...	15th February 1910.
	Telugu	...	
	Hindustani	...	
	Kannada	...	
	Malayalam	...	
Bombay	Urdu	...	22nd February 1910.
	Marathi	...	
	Gujarathi	...	
Bengal	Kannada	...	24th February 1910.
	Bengali	...	
	Hindi	...	
	Urdu	...	
United Provinces Gazette	Urdu	...	15th February 1910.
Burma	Urdu	...	8th February 1910.
Eastern Bengal and Assam	Urdu	...	19th February 1910.
Cooch	Urdu	...	24th February 1910.
Sindh	Urdu	...	12th February 1910.
	Bengali	...	22nd February 1910.
	Kannada	...	1st March 1910.
	Sindhi	...	2nd February 1910.

7. We think that the Bill has not been so altered as to require re-presentation, and we recommend that it be passed as now amended.

J. L. JENKINS.  
S. P. SINHA.  
A. EARLE  
ZULFIKAR ALI KHAN.  
UMAR HYAT KHAN.  
M. M. MALAVIYA.  
PARTAB SINGH.

The 27th July 1910.

B. SHEEPSSHANKI,  
Off. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

(Republished by order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.)

L. M. WYNNE,  
As. Secretary to Government, Legislative Dept.